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THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

John Van Buren's Speech at Albany Last Evening.

He Takes President Johnson in His Arms, and Pets Him and Praises Him.

He Speaks a Few Words About the Colored Gentlemen.

And Talks a Little About the Democrats in the War.

He Says a Great Many More Things Touching the Situation.

A Few Words by Major-General Slocum.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Thursday, Oct. 5.

The Democrats of Albany County held a grand ratification meeting this evening, in the Capitol Park. A copious rain dampened the ground and rendered the atmospheric and other surroundings as unpleasant as they could well be. Gen. SLOCUM and Gen. PATRICK arrived by the 5 o'clock train and were greeted with enthusiasm.

Great exertions had been made to secure a grand turn-out, but the cold, driving wind and the spiteful showers which continued throughout the afternoon and evening, rendered all attempts at popular effect utterly futile. Roman candles were liberally distributed among the crowd, with these directions: "Now, you fellers, don't yer fire these yere till SLOCUM comes up, and then let 'em rip."

Ex-Sheriff CRANDALL called the meeting to order, and nominated GEO. H. THATCHER as President. JOHN TRACY presented a long list of Vice-Presidents and Secretaries. Gen. SLOCUM then came upon the platform, but not being known to the people, was in no way recognized. He sat quietly and entirely uninitiated, while a committee of seventeen eminent people, headed by AMASA J. PARKER, retired to prepare a set of resolutions, printed copies of which were liberally scattered upon the platform an hour beforehand.

Judge PARKER made a brief address, eulogizing President JOHNSON and the Democracy, and referring to the soldiers of the Union. He then presented Major-Gen. SLOCUM, who was greeted with cheers and a perfect shower of Roman candles, which burned everybody on the platform, and refused to be put out until they had done their worst toward scattering the people in a hundred ways.

SPEECH OF GEN. SLOCUM.

Gen. SLOCUM spoke substantially as follows:

I did not come here to make a speech. I am used to a different kind of a campaign; but, notwithstanding that, I am still engaged in the same great cause—the restoration of the Union and the equality of the States. We and all our soldiers fought for but one object—the Union. It was for that we fought in war; it is for that we fight in peace. The only issue before us is the support of the President's policy, and this issue will soon be decided in favor of those who stand by him. When this is settled, we can return to the consideration of other matters, such as the restoration of a gold-paying currency and the reduction of the fearful burdens which now bear so heavily upon all. If, by my exertions this Fall, I can hasten these results, I shall feel compensated by what I have done, regardless of the motives that may be attributed to me.

As Gen. SLOCUM approached the conclusion of his remarks several ward delegations filed into the Park, and the people, in their eagerness to welcome their brethren, ignored the speaker, who somewhat abruptly closed.

Judge PARKER then read the following

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That we accept and approve the platform of principles adopted by the Democratic State Convention; it is sound enough for all Democrats; it is broad enough for all parties; it meets the living issues of the day and sustains and strengthens the President of the United States, ANDREW JOHNSON, in his great and patriotic work of restoring the Union.

Resolved, That we approve of the nominations made by the convention, and pledge to them our unanimous support. That we recognize in the gallant soldiers SLOCUM, PATRICK and MCNETT, men who deserve the people's gratitude for services in the field, and in ROBINSON, VAN BUREN, ARMSTRONG, SWEET, GROVER, BROWN and PERRINE, men who, in civil life, have won the confidence of the masses.

Resolved, That as the American people, when war was brought upon them, showed themselves capable of the utmost devotion, filled with mutual spirit, resolute and brave, so now when peace has been conquered they demand that it shall be a thorough peace, founded on the concord of States, fraternal feeling, the mutual recognition of rights, and tending to unite the masses of all sections in a common sentiment of nationality; and, in coöperation and combination, to renew that career of prosperity which is destined to place us in the front rank of civilization and progress.

Resolved, That the vast proportions which our national debt has reached, the present exacting burdens being insufficient to pay the interest thereon, and the current expenses of government render the question of the proper mode of taxing of vital importance to the people, we, therefore, declare that the burdens as well as the blessings of government should be fairly and equally distributed, and that any system of taxation is oppressive to the people and obnoxious to every American principle which does not equally include all classes of people and of property; and that we regard the exemption of government securities, being equal to nearly one-fourth of the whole property of the country from taxation, is a most unjust discrimination against the rights of the masses of the people, tending to create a monied aristocracy in our midst—"to make the rich richer, and the poor poorer," and to weaken the obligations of public faith; and we pledge ourselves to increasing efforts to secure such a change of national and State laws as will insure equal taxation upon all, including government securities without any exemption whatever.

Resolved, That as the declaration of ANDREW JACKSON the "Union must and shall be preserved," endeared him to the people and commended him to posterity, so the declaration of ANDREW JOHNSON "the Union must and shall be restored," has won him the confidence of the masses, and will serve to place him alongside of his great example in the estimation of history.

Resolved, That we repel the libels which a partisan press has cast upon our Generals and the soldiers identified with the Democratic cause. They are an insult to the people and a disgrace to them and theirs—a grateful people will cherish the reputations of our heroes and stigmatize with enduring infamy these slanderers.

Resolved, That we intend to elect the Democrat ticket in spite of all the devices and impediments which our opponents have placed in the way of free white suffrage, and that we only ask a fair field and an honest count to insure a Democratic victory.

SPEECH OF MR. JOHN VAN BUREN.

JOHN VAN BUREN was then introduced, and said, substantially:

It gives me pleasure to speak to you to-night. It is, as you may well suppose, never difficult or unpleasant to meet the people of Albany. From this place I have so often spoken, that I feel as if holding a familiar conversation with my friends and acquaintances. We have passed through a fearful struggle. A rebellion has for some years existed, and I congratulate you that it has been put down. The first hope of all good men is to avoid an angry political contest. We passed through such a one last Autumn. We were defeated, and the Democracy submitted to the result. Providence was pleased to remove the President, and the Vice-President succeeded him. The rebellion was closed by the successful exertions of GRANT and SHERMAN, and SHERIDAN and SLOCUM. [Cheers.] It was then our duty to reduce the burthens of a war protracted unnecessarily by the incompetency of our rulers. A convention of Democrats met here, and finding a President in office whom they respected they sustained him. They nominated men here who are highly respected by the Republicans. The *Evening Post*, in speaking of our nominations, said, on the 18th of September, that "Gen. SLOCUM is a Union man, yet we do not see that he is an enemy to President JOHNSON, nor do we believe the President will see it." In the judgment, then, of the Republican party, Gen. SLOCUM was most acceptable so late as the 18th September. The *Tribune* of the 8th of September said that Mr. ROBINSON is to-day what he always was. [Mr. VAN BUREN read from an article in the *Tribune* predicting the nomination of Mr. ROBINSON at Syracuse. This was greeted with great laughter.] The *Tribune* was nearer the truth on this occasion than it usually is. We had also Judge BROWN, and in regard to him Mr. FULLERTON, one of the ablest lawyers on the Republican side, said "he is a good Union man, and has been throughout the war, and has done great service to the families of soldiers. He is able and honest, and is sincere in his convictions." Judge GROVER was elected by the Republicans, and now holds the office. I do not allude to the individual who addresses you. I never heard that any Republican ever proposed to vote for me, and I trust never may. For twenty years I have held no office and never received a vote in any nominating convention. For one, I never have been troubled with nominations. It was notorious to these Republicans that I did not want this office. Had they nominated Mr. COCHRANE, I should have supported him. Why were we called upon to go into this contest? Why were the friends of JOHNSON compelled to divide at this time? It was said we had surrendered; why didn't they accept us? We knew they wouldn't let the South surrender, but they might have taken us. Why nominate another ticket? Mr. DEPEW told me the Republicans intended to nominate a clean ticket, and have a square stand-up fight; DEPEW, probably, not thinking he would be the first one killed. He said they wouldn't nominate military men, because they had none of sufficient strength to oppose Gen. SLOCUM. I suggested Gen. BARLOW, but he thought he was not sufficiently known. Their ticket was made—their convention was controlled by WEED, RAYMOND and SEWARD. They didn't want to support JOHNSON nor JOHNSON'S platform. They passed a resolution in regard to the reconstruction of the Southern States. It is evident they did not intend to permit the return of any State until it allowed all the colored people to vote.

Resolved, That we approve as eminently wise and just the sentiments of kindness and confidence which President JOHNSON has evinced toward those of the communities and individuals lately in rebellion, who accept the perpetuation of the Union and the perpetual prohibition of slavery as the legitimate and irrevocable results of the war; that we approve the initial steps which he has taken toward relaxing the bonds of military authority in the Southern States, and in restoring to their people full and complete control over their local affairs just as soon as may be found compatible with the preservation of order, the maintenance of peace, the exclusion of slavery, and the fulfillment of the constitutional obligations of the national authority to guarantee to every State a republican form of government; and that we confidently look forward under his wise and patriotic administration to the establishment of more cordial relations, of greater mutual respect, and of a stronger interest in each other's welfare between the Northern and Southern sections of the Union than have hitherto prevailed; and that in all the measures he may adopt tending to the attainment of these just and beneficent ends, we pledge him our cordial and hearty support.

Now, the theory of these people is that, unless the colored people can vote, they do not have a republican form of government. They tell us in the next resolution what a republican form of government is. They state that no State is republican unless all men have the rights of citizenship extended them. No man could have drawn that resolution but the little gentleman of the TIMES. He made this platform with this negro in it, hoping that the people of the State *wouldn't see it*, while those of the West would. It was small, to be sure, but by 1868, when SEWARD is to be trotted out, it would be quite considerably grown; for know that Mr. SEWARD has committed himself against the Monroe doctrine, and so it became necessary to get under or over it, and this was the way they did it:

Resolved, That we have entire confidence in the direction, under President JOHNSON, of our intercourse with foreign nations, in his prompt enforcement against them of all just demands in securing redress for national insults and wrongs, and in maintaining the fixed policy of our government, by which the interference of foreign Powers with the institutions of this continent is regarded as hostile to our peace and menacing to our independence.

They won't do anything about it under SEWARD. When Congress attempted to interfere with MAXIMILIAN, SEWARD wrote to the Emperor allaying his fears and modifying all that Congress has said or done. Then comes the only resolution which speaks of a man, and that man is W. H. SEWARD, who is thus brought out in opposition to the Johnson resolution of the other platform. No matter what had been the declaration of a few men in this State, the leaders are CHASE and BEECHER, and GREELEY and SUMNER, and no matter what others may say, the Republicans are committed to this policy. The ostrich of SEWARD may hide its little head, but the tail and feathers and legs of CHASE and SUMNER and BEECHER stick out, and disclose the nature of the animal. We have a race of 800,000 adults, ignorant, without marital relations, and we have to take care of them. What do the Democrats and JOHNSON say? "You must take care of your children and support yourselves." This, one would think, was sufficient for them to do all of a sudden. But no. This Seward party say, you must be taught to read and write, and study the constitution and vote. These men are determined to keep the Union divided. Confusion and anarchy like this will require a standing army as large as that we have just disbanded. The Republicans propose to keep out the States until the negroes can vote, and members from New-York propose to go to Washington and compel these States to do what New-York has refused to do. Connecticut is in the same boat. This means civil war and nothing else. People assume to doubt whether we are sincere in our support of the President. They did not doubt us when in opposition, why now? Its the same old question—we have no right to interfere with other States. SEWARD and his party have always been interfering with the domestic institutions of the South. What caused the war but the interference with slavery? Our members used to go to Washington and blackguard men because they owned slaves. WASHINGTON held slaves, and JACKSON held slaves. President JOHNSON says this must be stopped; you must mind your own business. Slavery is abolished, and under JOHNSON can't be revived. Let the Southern people manage the question. They know the colored people, and we don't. The President's policy is sound, and humane, and one which the Democracy instantly seized. All over the country it was said: "This is right. I'll sustain it;" and just so the Republicans so soon as a Democratic and State Right proposition is announced they oppose it. The Seward party is organizing in the South. They can't have any white men in it. The mean whites are not men enough to join, and I doubt if even the negroes would. If the Southern negroes join the Republican party, it would consist of the white men of the North and the black men of the South. The Democratic party of the South ceased to exist in 1860. When BRECKINRIDGE was made the candidate of the South, the party there was broken. The name was never used at the South. The leaders there have forfeited the confidence of all, North and South. They were abominably stupid not to know that a contest such as they started could have but one result. JEFF. DAVIS, of all men, should have known better. He was educated at West Point, and had had abundant opportunity to know that courage was an element of the American people. He was told by DICKINSON and CUSHING and BEN BUTLER that the North would go with them; but he should have known better. He should have known that a creature like BUTLER, who voted fifty-two times for DAVIS, would have been the first to jump upon them when they were down. Still there are Democrats at the South, and they will soon be found at the head of their State and local governments. There are Gov. PERRY and Mr. ORR, of South Carolina, for example. What can the Republicans do in Congress? They can exclude the Southern Representatives. What's the consequence? Its an injury to the representatives and to the States. But if JOHNSON says to some Southern man, "I tender you a place in my Cabinet!" Suppose he says to Gov. AIKEN, "I will accept the resignation of Secretary STANTON, who is anxious to retire; I make you Secretary of War." He has then a Southerner at the Capitol to represent the interests of the South. At the next Presidential election the Southern States vote, and I rather suppose that JOHNSON would see that their votes will be counted, and they won't be likely to be cast for any leading Republican. Many are afraid, or averse to say anything many years in advance about the candidates before a Presidential Convention. It is said in regard to JOHNSON, he may die. I answer, that if he is a Democrat he won't die. It is remarkable, that all the Federalists who have been elected have died in office, and the Vice-Presidents who succeeded them have been good Democrats. HARRISON, TAYLOR and LINCOLN died, and good Democrats succeeded them. Do you not see the finger of Providence? Who, then, shall we nominate? If I should speak the sentiments of many Democrats, I should say Gen. MCCLELLAN; but it is to be remembered that we require the wisest and most experienced of statesmen than of soldiers. There are other military chieftains. GRANT has many supporters throughout the country. I have no idea he would care for the office, and I should not support him if he did. The President had to disavow Gen. SHERMAN'S action, and GRANT allowed SHERMAN to make the arrangement even after he had been sent to correct him. We have our own Gen. SLOCUM, and many men in the navy—FARRAGUT and others. But I doubt if the people will call a soldier to this office. A different course is needed, and a statesman must be selected. We have here in the State of New-York a statesman whose ability and courtesy might induce us to present his name. But in my judgment our next candidate must be a Southern man. It has been our custom to alternate in this way with the North. In my humble judgment ANDREW JOHNSON ought to be elected President of the country at the close of his present term. I am often told I am inconsistent; well, SEWARD and WEED are consistent, and consistency is shown by always voting the same ticket, and I never in all my life voted the same ticket with W. H. SEWARD unless THURLOW WEED voted *for* SEYMOUR in 1862, which he stoutly denies. I would like to know whether SEWARD will support JOHNSON or Chief-Justice CHASE. The latter has been at work organizing a party in the South, talking to blacks—a Chief-Justice of the United States! I think it hard we poor whites cannot have a Chief-Justice to speak to us. I'm hopelessly white, and can't reach the Federal tint, and I object to this distinction of mere color. Will these people dare announce their intention for 1868? I don't want SEWARD, or CHASE, or the TIMES, or the *Tribune* to say they will support him if he is the Republican candidate, for they will see that he is no such thing. JOHNSON has always been a Democrat, and he has risen from the humblest ranks to the highest position in the country. I resent the attacks upon his personal character as slander. I had an interview with the President some four weeks since, and a full conversation upon his policy of restoring the country, and even JACKSON himself could not have given a more satisfactory announcement of his determination faithfully and honestly to serve the people of the country. The men who stood by JEFFERSON when JAY and HAMILTON led the Republicans; the men who stood by JACKSON when WEBSTER, CALHOUN and CLAY opposed him, and have now to meet these Lilliputs must want to turn from these contests as unwilling to fight, unless they meet a fellow of their size, and his will be an easy contest, I say. I don't know what PRESTON KING'S course will be. In our last contest the Collector of New-York was against us; fifteen thousand officers were against us; contractors and the government were against us; and a couple of Democratic Major-Generals sent soldiers from their ranks and exposing their flanks, and yet we gave 35,000 majority for GEO. B. MCCLELLAN. We can do it again, and I say to Mr. KING that if we do do it, and his chief's head rolls in the basket, he mustn't complain if we ask him to keep company. I want to speak to the black voters of New-York. No one is less prejudiced than I. I do not wish to see them excluded from the cars. I have always employed them as servants, because I think a white man can find something better to do. I have employed them as barbers. I think they ought to be allowed to testify in the Southern courts, and the State which don't let them does not abolish slavery nor sustain the policy of the President. But these Republicans don't care for the blacks here, because here they can get along without their vote. They need their votes at the South, so they urge the suffrage question. The Seward mode of befriending a measure is its sure destruction. They are the friends of the anti-renters, and the canals and the temperance party. The anti-renters are in jail, the canals embarrassed, the famous law of the temperance people is pronounced unconstitutional. A war of races is inevitable between the whites and blacks. A letter from a lady at the South, dated Sept. 6, says: "Everything is quiet here, owing to the removal of the negro troops. None of the blacks will take a word of reproof from anybody without resenting. They are quiet now, but I fear we are sleeping over a volcano which must break forth before the 1st of January." Another letter says: "The blacks are idle lazy devils, defiant, doing exactly as they choose, and assuming the airs of ladies and gentlemen." This shows the feeling of the whites. Let this excitement go on; let the blacks be told they must vote, and vote, too, against those who formerly owned them, and a war must come. If it comes it will be a war to the knife, and it's well enough for them to know that the white people of the North and East will stand by the whites of the South, and the extermination of the blacks is as certain as fate. They will be assisted by Gen. H. WARD BEECHER and by Gen. WENDELL PHILLIPS, and by Col. HENRY WILSON, and if these gentlemen are as slow in getting into that war as they were into the last, the poor blacks will be killed before their reinforcements get up. If this government is to be destroyed, it will be by corruption of those in office. I look upon stealing in office as worse than stealing out of office. I think all the candidates on our ticket are the best that could be had, and worthy of the confidence of the public. The time of the administration of such men as WRIGHT has returned if we elect our candidates. We have nothing to do but vote. If we vote our full vote, we shall have enough, and 50,000 to spare above the demands of the ticket. The last election we did not owing to the insufficiency of the polling accommodations get in anything like our full strength. In the Cities of Brooklyn and New-York we shall be able to roll up tremendous majorities, and I consider the result safe,—the conclusion, a glorious victory for the Democracy of the State.

Mr. VAN BUREN closed by exhorting the voters to stand by the ticket, and requested three hearty cheers for the Democracy and ANDREW JOHNSON. The attendance had continued numerically unchanged, it was believed that Gov. SEYMOUR was to follow VAN BUREN, and when that gentleman closed loud calls were made for SEYMOUR. The announcement that that gentleman was in Philadelphia, in attendance upon the Episcopal Convention, did not meet the approval of the faithful; and as the meeting broke up universal dissatisfaction bade fair to counteract the argument of the distinguished gentleman who had talked himself hoarse, bareheaded in the drizzle.

More About the Cotton Business—Gen. Slocum's Action.

From the Chicago Republican.

VICKSBURGH, Monday, Sept. 25.

Since my letter of yesterday I have obtained a copy of an order of Maj.-Gen. SHERMAN, transmitted by Gen. MCPHERSON, Gen. SLOCUM'S immediate commander, which shows that, in delivering to W. S. GRANT six hundred bales of cotton, on the pretence that it was an equivalent for that quantity captured by the United States forces from the rebel planter JOSEPH NOLAND, SLOCUM was not only committing a grievous wrong, but was wilfully violating the instructions of his superior officers:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT AND ARMY OF THE TENNESSEE, ACKWORTH, Ga., June 9, 1864.

Maj.-Gen. W. H. Slocum Commanding District Mississippi:

GENERAL: Inclosed please find official copy of a letter from ROBERTSON TOPP, Esq., of Memphis, in relation to some cotton taken by our forces up the Yazoo River, with Maj.-Gen. W. T. SHERMAN'S decision in the case, which will guide you in settling all similar claims.

Yours, truly, JAS. B. MCPHERSON, Maj.-Gen.

MEMPHIS, May 25, 1864.

Major-Gen. McPherson:

DEAR SIR: When the Federal army was last up the Yazoo, they seized 170 bales of cotton belonging to Mr. WM. L. VANCE, of Kentucky, and myself, at the plantation of Mrs. MARY ANNA BUTLER.

Mrs. BUTLER informed them, (I think Col. COATES was in charge of the command,) when they commenced taking the cotton, that it was ours—that she had been paid for it, &c. Since then—before some court, Provost-Marshal, or military authority—we have established by witnesses our claim to the same. Those who had charge of the business informed my son that he had made all the proof necessary to establish our claim, but that it had to be referred to your approval.

If you can find time in the midst of your multifarious and urgent business to look into the matter, and you shall find that our claim is sustained, I will be obliged if you will order the lot of cotton purchased from Mrs. BUTLER to be delivered to us. I mention this, as a great quantity was seized, and we want that which belongs to us.

Please excuse what may seem an untimed intrusion.

Very respectfully, ROBERTSON TOPP.

Indorsed as follows by Major-Gen. SHERMAN:

HEADQUARTERS MILITARY DIVISION OF THE MISSISSIPPI, ACWORTH, June 6, 1864.

The general subject of reclamation of cotton or other property within the lines of the public enemy having been referred to me, my decision is:

That all property in cotton, horses, mules or any movable thing within the lines of the public enemy is lost, as much so as in case of shipwreck or conflagration or other cause beyond the control of government.

Any private individual, recovering and rescuing such property, is clearly entitled to salvage in proportion to the danger and risk in such rescue.

When the army, at the cost of the United States, rescues such property, it is as much a prize as if taken on a blockade-runner on the high seas. The army not being entitled to salvage, the property is vested in the United States absolutely. Nor is there any hardship, for on the Yaloo the cotton is lost to the owner, and its rescue gives absolute title to the United States.

With my consent no property thus recovered from the enemy shall ever be restored to the reputed owner, especially as in this case, the reputed owners have made no efforts to recover it, when it was in the enemy's hands, and have not even taken up arms to assist the United States in establishing an authority sufficient to revive property in the hostile country.

W. T. SHERMAN,
Major-General Commanding.

Official: SAM'L. L. TAGGART, A. A. G., D. and W. Tenn.

This paper was received by Gen. SLOCUM in regular course, in the first fortnight of June, and was most probably the last communication which he received from Gen. MCPHERSON upon the subject, for that officer was killed at Atlanta on July 22. And it is very improbable that MCPHERSON, who was personally aware of NOLAND'S character and antecedents, would never have restored cotton to him in contempt of this general order of SHERMAN'S. Nevertheless, SLOCUM, in his order of Aug. 8, turning over the six hundred bales of cotton to GRANT as assignee of NOLAND, attempts to throw the responsibility of his act upon MCPHERSON! He does not say, however, that MCPHERSON ordered him to send a confidential staff officer of his own to New-Orleans with this cotton to see that everything about it was "right."

I learn that the paper of Gen. SHERMAN, above copied, was not submitted to Col. HOWE'S commission, whose report I gave in my former letter, nor is it certain that Gen. MARCY had a copy of it, though it evidently forms an important part of the case.

This document would seem to leave no gap in the evidence, and I am reluctantly compelled to conclude that *Gen. Slocum was not a mere tool in this great swindle, by which the United States was plundered of four hundred thousand dollars.* But is there anything difficult in the transition from a public robber to a Copperhead candidate? If there is, I am unable to see it.

A FRIEND TO HONESTY.

The Mississippi Election—Gen. Humphreys Probably Chosen Governor.

JACKSON, Miss., Wednesday, Oct. 4.

Further returns of the late election indicate that Gen. HUMPHREYS has been chosen over Judge FISHER for Governor. If he is elected Gov. SHARKEY will use every endeavor to have his application for pardon, now lying at Washington, granted. HUMPHREYS' success is considered unfortunate by the best Union men here.

WEST is elected to Congress from this (Fourth) District. He is a good Union man. C. E. WALKER is doubtless elected Attorney-General of the State. He is an eminent lawyer.

THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Proceedings in Philadelphia.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, Oct. 4, 1865.

The Twenty-eighth General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, began its session in this city at 10 o'clock this morning, at St. Luke's Church, in Thirteenth-street, near Spruce. The proceedings opened with the usual religious exercises, embracing the administering of the communion, and a sermon by Right Rev. FRANCIS FULFORD, D. D., Lord Bishop of Montreal, and Metropolitan of Canada.

The Bishop of Montreal was invited to preach the opening sermon by Bishop WHITTINGHAM, of Maryland, who, being unable to attend, chose the Canadian Prelate as his substitute. The Bishop of Montreal attends the convention as the representative of the Bishops of the Province of Canada, and is accompanied by his Chaplain, Archdeacon LEACH, and his Private Secretary, Rev. Mr. FULFORD. The Prolocuter of the Provisional Synod, Rev. Dr. BEAVEN, comes with the delegation, as the representative of the Lower House of Convocation.

OPENING THE CONVENTION.

At 10 o'clock precisely the Bishops entered by the main door, and proceeded up the centre aisle to the chancel, the voluntary being performed on the organ. The church was fearfully crowded long before the hour fixed for the opening, and the ladies present outnumbered the sterner sex.

The services were commenced by the Chaplain, the officiating Bishop reading prayer. Rev. Dr. HOBART then repeated the 37th Psalm. The Secretary of the House of Bishops next read the 35th chapter of Isaiah and the 17th chapter of Luke. After the Litany was read by Rev. Dr. CLARKSON, of Chicago, Bishop MCILVAINE, of Ohio, commenced the ante-communion service, and read the Ten Commandments.

The customary notices of future movements of the convention were then made, when Bishop FULFORD, of Montreal, ascended to the pulpit and preached

THE TRIENNIAL SERMON.

He chose for his text the 9th chapter and 22d verse of the First Epistle of St. Paul to the Corinthians: "I am made all things to all men, that I might by all means save some." The distinguished prelate called attention to the fact that the latter portion of the Nineteenth Century is teeming with incidents that must attract the attention of all who are interested in the religious progress of the human race. He then reviewed the character of the Apostle at length. In speaking of the relations of the two sister churches, Bishop FULFORD said:

"I was the first Bishop of the Anglican Church that ever joined with your own Bishops in laying hands on any Presbyter about to be raised to the Episcopal office among you, which I did in the case of the late lamented Bishop WAINWRIGHT, on which occasion I received a letter from one of your Bishops, present here this day, saying: 'I esteem it no ordinary privilege to have been a participator in the first action by which the daughter and mother churches have reinosculated their succession; and that our Episcopacy receives a fresh communication of the Apostolic grace from the present channel.' On this, on every ground then, I feel the deepest interest in all that can promote the peace and the strength of your communion. Your lot is cast in a nation of immense resources and influence; you yourselves occupy in that nation a very foremost position. Whatever you do will be felt far and wide. My earnest prayer is that you may go forth again with your well-ordered company of God's sacramental host, in all its full entirety, to labor as His witness before men, to leaven the masses with principles of Christian truth and love, to be 'made all things to all men, that you may by all means save some.' And beyond the borders of even your own great nation you may be a powerful connecting link with the Old World, and by your influence and character do much to remove prejudices, soften heart-burnings and promote that peace and good will which we all must long to see flourish and abound. But if such results are ever to be accomplished—if ever the work of evangelizing the world is ever really to make way, it must be by largely exhibiting that spirit of Christian love which animated the great apostle, and which he has himself so fully described in his Epistle to the Corinthians—a spirit which 'suffereth long, and is kind—is not easily provoked, thinketh no evil, beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth all things, endureth all things.' Yes, power may force submission—but love, love alone will win the heart and insure the continuance of amity and peace. 'Peace I leave with you,' says Christ; 'my peace I give unto you; not as the world giveth give I unto you.' And if this peace be disturbed, we know it is through the passions and infirmities of poor humanity, and the venerable and good HOOKER exclaimed on his dying bed: 'I have lived to see that the world is full of perturbations,' and he longed for the peace and rest of those that depart hence in the Lord, and we who are still called to our work in it must all too sadly reëcho his words. But, 'O Lord, thou wilt keep him in perfect peace, whose mind is stayed on Thee; because he trusteth in Thee.' And oh, if at peace with God, and in our own conscience, then may we hope to 'be at peace among ourselves.' And these, indeed, are days when they that really fear the Lord have need to speak often one to another, and to endeavor to preserve the unity of the Spirit, in the bond of peace. And though we may never see it in this life, yet all may be assured that a day is coming when 'a King shall reign in righteousness; and the work of righteousness shall be peace, and the effect of righteousness, quietness and assurance forever.'"

The communion was then commenced by Bishop EASTBURN, of Massachusetts. The post communion service was read by Bishop POTTER, of New-York, the "Gloria in Excelsis" being sung in magnificent style by the whole congregation. The effect was thrilling and harmonious. The apostolic benediction was pronounced by Bishop HOPKINS, and the service was at an end.

Bishop STEVENS announced that the two houses of the convention would organize immediately after the service, and that the future sessions of the convention would be held at St. Andrew's Church. The Southern portion of the church was represented by Bishop ATKINSON, of North Carolina, and others. They did not, however, participate in the services, but took their seats in the body of the church. After the prayer for the church militant, however, the Secretary of the House of Bishops was directed to bring Bishop ATKINSON into the chancel, where he was cordially received and welcomed by the assembled Bishops, many of whom were affected to tears. This first practical reunion of the two sections of the church produced a marked effect upon the congregation.

THE HOUSE OF BISHOPS

hold their services in the hall below the church, and is composed of the following prelates. I give them in the order of consecration:

Bishop Hopkins	Vermont	consecrated 1832
Bishop B. Smith	Kentucky	consecrated 1832
Bishop McIlvaine	Ohio	consecrated 1832
Bishop Kemper	Wisconsin	consecrated 1835
Bishop McCroskry	Michigan	consecrated 1836
Bishop Whittingham	Maryland	consecrated 1840
Bishop Elliott	Georgia	consecrated 1841
Bishop Lee	Delaware	consecrated 1841
Bishop Johns	Virginia	consecrated 1842
Bishop Eastburn	Massachusetts	consecrated 1842
Bishop Chase	N. Hampshire	consecrated 1844
Bishop Hawks	Missouri	consecrated 1844
Bishop Southgate	(No See)	consecrated 1844
Bishop Burgess	Maine	consecrated 1847
Bishop Upfold	Indiana	consecrated 1849
Bishop Green	Mississippi	consecrated 1850
Bishop Payne	C. Pamas, Af.	consecrated 1851
Bishop Rutledge	Florida	consecrated 1851
Bishop Williams	Connecticut	consecrated 1851
Bishop Whitehouse	Illinois	consecrated 1851
Bishop Davis	South Carolina	consecrated 1853
Bishop Atkinson	North Carolina	consecrated 1853
Bishop Kipp	California	consecrated 1853
Bishop Scott	Oregon	consecrated 1854
Bishop Potter	New-York	consecrated 1854
Bishop Gregg	Texas	consecrated 1859
Bishop Odenheimer	New-Jersey	consecrated 1859
Bishop Bedell	Ohio	consecrated 1859
Bishop Whipple	Minnesota	consecrated 1859
Bishop Lay	Arkansas	consecrated 1859
Bishop Talbot	Northwest	consecrated 1859
Bishop Stevens	Pennsylvania	consecrated 1862
Bishop Wilmer	Alabama	consecrated 1862
Bishop Vail	Kansas	consecrated 1864
Bishop Coxe	W. New-York	consecrated 1865

It will be thus seen that the House of Bishops is composed of thirty-five prelates. The war, however, prevented the Southern bishops being present at the last Triennial Convention.

The House of Lay and Clerical Deputies is composed of nearly three hundred members, who are sent to represent each diocese. The desire for unity among the New-York churchmen is amply shown in the selection of Gov. SEYMOUR as a delegate.

To-morrow the convention will be held in St. Andrew's Church, in Eighth-street, and the proceedings will be full of interest.

G. F. W.

The General Convention of the Episcopal Church.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 5.

The General Convention of the Episcopal Church reassembled in St. Andrew's Church at 10 o'clock this morning.

When the roll was called, a delegation from the Diocese of North Carolina answed to their names.

A delegation from the diocese of Texas was admitted yesterday.

Thus two Southern dioceses are represented—Texas and North Carolina.

A resolution was offered by Dr. MEADE, that during the season of the convention a day be set apart as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God for the restoration of peace and the preservation of the Union.

Mr. HOWE, of Philadelphia, offered a substitute, declaring that gratitude was due to the Almighty for the restoration of the authority of the government over the whole territory of the United States, and for the abolition of slavery.

Both resolutions were withdrawn, it being understood that a resolution of a similar character would be presented by the House of Bishops.

Rev. CHAS. BRECK, of Delaware, offered resolutions relative to the death of Rear Admiral S. F. DUPONT, who was a delegate from the diocese of Delaware to the convention.

Rev. Dr. MAHAN, of Maryland, offered a resolution relative to the death of Rev. WM. P. WYATT, of Maryland.

Resolutions were adopted relative to the deaths of ROBERT HOWELL GARDNER, lay delegate from Maine to the last convention, and Rev. WM. CREIGHTON, of New-York.

Hon. SAMUEL B. RUGGLES, of New-York, offered a resolution of the Convention of the Diocese of New-York, asking that the provincial system for the division of the dioceses of the Church in the United States be established.

Mr. RUGGLES said that the object of the resolution was to increase the number of the dioceses in the country.

The resolution was made the special order for Friday at 1 o'clock.

Dr. HARE stated that the delegation of the diocese of Pennsylvania had been instructed to offer resolutions of similar character, relative to the provincial system of dividing dioceses, and would do so at a future time.

Rev. Dr. HOWE, from the committee appointed to prepare an additional body of hymns, offered a resolution for the printing of five hundred copies of the additional hymns prepared by the committee, for the use of the convention.

The convention resolved to meet daily, at 10 o'clock in the morning, and to adjourn at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

The resignation of HERMAN COPE as Treasurer was received, but not acted on.

It was stated that for the first time in fifteen years the convention commenced with a balance of $200.

Rev. Dr. VINTON offered a resolution that the Committee on Canons report an amendment to the canon disposing of the commission of alms, providing that on Easter Day the alms contributed be deposited with the Bishop of the diocese for his distribution. This resolution was referred.

Some discussion arose as to the proper pointing of certain portions of the creed, and the Committee on the Prayer Book were instructed to report what is really the proper pointing of the creed in the article: "The holy Catholic Church the communion of saints."

Judge CHURCHILL, of Kentucky, offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Canons to inquire into the expediency of amending the canons of the church so as to prohibit any clergyman or candidate for holy orders from entering the army or navy except in the capacity of a chaplain. Adjourned.

VIRGINIA.

Great Anxiety About the Oath of Loyalty—Impossibility of Understanding It.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, Oct. 5.

Richmond papers of to-day contain a letter from Gov. PEIRPOINT, [answering the interrogatories of J. W. LEWELLEN touching the eligibility of candidates. The Governor says:

It is peculiarly painful at this time, in the disturbed condition of the State, when there are so many petitions for pardon on file at Washington, and meetings are being held in a large number of counties in the State, passing resolutions declaring the loyalty of the people to the Federal and State Governments, that there should be reason for raising these questions. Congress acting under a provision of the Constitution of the United States, which is in these words, to wit:

"Each House shall be the judge of the election returns and qualifications of its own members," has passed a joint resolution declaring that all its members shall take the oath to which you refer. That resolution prescribing the oath will have to be repealed before any member who cannot conscientiously subscribe to it can take his seat. It is not expected that Congress will repeal that resolution in order to give seats to members who cannot take the oath. He concludes as follows:

"But has it not the appearance of persistent and continued rebellion for men to run for Congress who by the law of Congress cannot take their seats? If this class of men are sent to Congress, the members of Congress will conclude that the representative is a type of the people and will be likely to reject them."

NORTH CAROLINA.

Debate on the Ordinance Repealing the Ordinance of Secession—The Convention Talking Long, and Doing Nothing.

RALEIGH, Thursday, Oct. 5.

The report of the Committee on Secession, entitled an ordinance declaring null and void the ordinance of May 20, 1861, came up in the convention to-day, when a substitute was offered, proposing to repeal the ordinance of secession of May 20, 1861, and a discussion sprung up which lasted to the hour of adjournment. No vote was taken, and nothing has been matured. This is the fourth day of the convention, and nothing has been done. The outside feeling is one of disappointment and dissatisfaction. It is hoped a vote may be had to-morrow.

From Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Thursday, Oct. 5.

Brig.-Gen. PARKHURST, Provost-Marshal-General of the Department of Tennessee, has been mustered out of service. His office will be filled by Brig.-Gen. P. W. JOHNSON, formerly District Commander of Murfreesboro.

The trial of Col. JOSEPH C. CRANE by court-martial will be resumed to-morrow.

Return of Troops.

BOSTON, Thursday, Oct. 5.

The Third Massachusetts Cavalry, 400 strong, last from Kansas, arrived here to-day, and proceeded to Galloupes Island, where the men will be paid and mustered out.

Political.

OSWEGO, Thursday, Oct. 5.

At the Democratic Convention held to-day at Mexico, Hon. AVERY SKINNER was nominated for State Senator to represent the Twenty-first District.

TROY, N. Y., Thursday, Oct. 5.

At the Union Convention here to-day, Hon. JAMES GIBSON, of Washington, was unanimously nominated for Senator from the Twelfth District.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Thursday, Oct. 5.

The Republicans yesterday afternoon nominated D. S. BENNETT for State Senator, to represent this (the Thirty-first) District.

Launch of a Large Steam Frigate.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 5.

The steam frigate *Neshaming*, the largest vessel ever launched in Philadelphia, was launched this afternoon.

BILLIARDS.

The Carme-Kavanagh Match—An Exceedingly Brilliant Contest—Carme Wins by 26 Points.

Over twelve hundred persons assembled at GALLAHER'S room, in Twenty-fourth-street, last evening, to witness the first match, of a series of three, between Messrs. PIERRE CARME and the heretofore invincible DUDLEY KAVANAGH. It will be remembered that soon after his arrival in this city, M. CARME gave exhibitions at the Cooper Institute, and on his first appearance he challenged any player in America to play him one match each, in the French carom game—the four-ball American game—pushed barred—and the full American game, as played for the championship. These challenges, with some modifications, were accepted by KAVANAGH, and since they were definitely determined on have created a great excitement in billiard circles throughout the United States. Indeed, among the spectators last evening were many prominent billiard men from all sections of the country, including John Deery, champion of America; Melvin Foster and Michael Geery, of Washington; R. T. Ryall, James Palmer and Chris. Bird, of Philadelphia; Wm. Goldthwait, of New-Hampshire; John McDevitt, of Illinois; and all the prominent players of this city.

Long before the time announced for opening the doors, anxious spectators began to arrive, and half an hour before the time of playing, the crowd became so dense that the sale of tickets was stopped. About this time M. CARME entered the room and was greeted with slight applause; when KAVANAGH came in some fifteen minutes later the cheers were almost deafening. Contrary to general expectation, a referee was readily chosen, and the game commenced promptly at the specified time. Although there had been a large amount of betting before entering the room, it was observable that not a single bet was offered as the game was about commencing, yet there never was a match where each party had more sanguine friends.

KAVANAGH won the choice of balls, and first shot, and lead off with a score of one, to which CARME responded with a like success. It was clearly observable that the latter was greatly excited; while the former exhibited his usual calmness and iron nerve. By some of the most exact and brilliant execution ever witnessed on a billiard table, he gradually led the van, and for a time continued to gain, until he was nearly thirty points ahead; fortune favored him in every way; the balls appeared completely under his subjection, and on more than one occasion, when he failed to give them the right direction, a lucky kiss would scratch the count for him. His temporary success gave great pleasure to his numerous friends, who loudly expressed their approbation at almost every shot; but finding that Mr. CARMES' friends were adopting the same course of tactics; finally better order was observed.

As the score, which we publish in full, presents such a capital idea of the progress of the game, we refer to it for full particulars. It will be observed that on the seventy-sixth innings the score of each party stood at 83.

THE SCORE.

	Kavanagh.		Carme.	
1	4	0	0	0
2	2	6	1	2
3	2	8	0	2
4	2	10	3	5
5	0	10	2	7
6	6	16	0	7
7	0	16	4	11
8	12	28	0	11
9	7	35	2	13
10	0	35	3	16
11	3	38	18	34
12	7	45	1	35
13	4	49	3	38
14	2	51	1	39
15	0	51	6	45
16	0	51	0	45
17	0	51	0	45
18	0	51	0	45
19	1	52	1	46
20	0	52	0	46
21	1	53	0	46
22	0	53	0	46
23	0	53	0	46
24	15	68	3	49
25	2	70	3	52
26	5	75	0	52
27	1	76	4	56
28	1	77	1	57
29	10	87	0	57
30	1	88	1	58
31	0	88	0	58
32	0	88	0	58
33	0	88	4	62
34	6	94	4	66
35	0	94	0	66
36	0	94	9	75
37	7	101	0	75
38	1	102	0	75
39	7	109	3	78
40	2	111	3	81
41	1	112	6	87
42	0	112	5	92
43	0	112	0	92
44	1	113	0	92
45	2	115	11	103
46	3	118	0	103
47	0	118	0	103
48	0	118	2	105
49	0	118	2	107
50	8	126	0	107
51	0	126	1	108
52	1	127	2	110
53	0	127	3	113
54	0	127	0	113
55	4	131	2	115
56	0	131	7	122
57	4	135	0	122
58	0	135	0	122
59	0	135	12	134
60	12	147	0	134
61	3	150	0	134
62	9	159	2	136
63	0	159	0	136
64	2	161	1	138
65	4	165	1	138
66	5	170	7	145
67	1	171	7	152
68	1	172	2	154
69	0	172	1	155
70	1	173	3	158
71	0	173	0	158
72	3	176	0	158
73	1	177	14	172
74	0	177	0	172
75	4	181	11	183
76	2	183	0	183
77	1	184	0	183
78	4	188	0	183
79	3	197	3	186
80	0	191	0	186
81	1	192	0	186
82	2	194	0	186
83	6	200	3	189
84	0	200	0	189
85	7	207	1	190
86	1	208	19	209
87	3	211	11	220
88	0	211	4	224
89	0	211	0	224
90	1	212	2	226
91	0	212	1	227
92	0	212	1	228
93	0	212	0	228
94	0	212	3	231
95	8	220	0	231
96	1	221	1	232
97	2	223	1	233
98	0	223	0	233
99	0	223	0	233
100	0	223	4	237
101	1	224	13	250

SUMMARY.

On Thursday evening, Oct. 5, at GALLAHER'S rooms, Twenty-fourth-street, New-York City, PIERRE CARME and DUDLEY KAVANAGH 250 points up, French carom game, with 2 5-16 inch balls, on a second sized Phelan & Collender carom table, for one thousand dollars a side. Score: CARME, 250; KAVANAGH, 224. Innings—101 each. Average—CARME, 2½, KAVANAGH, 2½. Highest run—CARME, 18; KAVANAGH, 15. Time—3 hours, 8 minutes. Umpires—For CARME, GEORGE H. HOWE, Esq., of Boston; for KAVANAGH, Capt. J. C. BOYLE, of New-York. Referee—JAMES PALMER, of Philadelphia. Marker—MAURICE DAILEY.

Gen. Grant in Regard to Mexico.

PHILADELPHIA, Thursday, Oct. 5.

The statement in regard to Gen. GRANT last night was made on the authority of Mr. H. H. SMITH, editor of the Chicago *Tribune*, who received it from Justice CATON, of Illinois, who had the conversation with Gen. GRANT on a special train from Cincinnati.

Gen. Banks Proposed for Congress.

BOSTON, Thursday, Oct. 5.

A meeting of Republicans, held at Lawrence last night, elected delegates to the Sixth Congressional District Convention, who are favorable to the choice of Gen. BANKS, in that district, for Congress.

Secretary Seward and Son.

TRENTON, N. J., Thursday, Oct. 5.

Hon. WILLIAM H. SEWARD and son and suite are the guests of Judge FIELDS at Princeton to-night.

Buffalo Markets.

BUFFALO, Thursday, Oct. 5.

FLOUR firm; Extra State, $8; Amber Extra, $10 25; Western Spring, baker's, $9 25; White Wheat XX., $10 25@$11. WHEAT firm; No. 1 Milwaukee Spring at $1 60. CORN—Hot, 70c.; slightly warm, 73c.@74c.; blown No. 1, 77c. OATS, BARLEY and RYE quiet. WHISKY nominal at $2 23. MESS PORK, $36. LARD, 30c. ℔ lb. CANAL FREIGHTS to New-York—Wheat, 17c.; Corn, 15c.; Oats, 9½c.

BROOKLYN CITY POLITICS.—The National Democratic City and Senatorial Conventions met yesterday afternoon and nominated Mr. THOMAS H. FARON for Comptroller, and JOHN SHEARON, present Supervisor of the Second Ward, for Auditor. WILLIAM B. LEWIS, late State Comptroller, was nominated for Senator by the Second District Convention of Kings County.

The Union party held their primaries last evening, and everything passed off quietly. The conventions will be held next week for the purpose of nominating candidates for the city and county offices, and for Senators and Assemblymen.

THE MURDER OF POLICEMAN WALKER.—On Wednesday night, Policeman LINDEN, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, apprehended EDWARD DONOHUE, a person who is alleged to have been one of JOHN WARD'S companions in a carpenter's shop in Seventeenth-street, near Seventh-avenue, at the time of the shooting of Policeman THOMAS WALKER. The accused was taken into custody while on a visit to his wife, in Fifteenth-street, near Seventh-avenue. Coroner COLLIN committed him for examination.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

A Request for a New Post-office—The Death of Capt. C. H. Marshall—Presentation of John Bright's Portrait—Letter from Mrs. Richard Cobden.

The regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday, at 1 o'clock, President A. A. Low in the chair. After reading the minutes of the last meeting, the following-named gentlemen were recommended by the Executive Committee as candidates for election to the Chamber of Commerce, and were unanimously elected accordingly:

Christopher C. Baldwin, Henry W. Banks, William H. Banks, Thomas T. Barr, George W. Beale, Samuel S. Beard, George H. Bend, William B. Bend, Henry A. Bowerman, William D. Bowerman, John Boyd, Jr., Herman H. Brunjes, Joshua Buffum, Samuel C. Burdick, Henry S. Burger, Reuben Burkhalter, Richard Butler, Oliver S. Carter, Lucius E. Cary, Joseph S. Case, Menzies R. Case, Zina Case, Nathan Chandler, John V. Clarke, Philip Dater, Christy Davis, John D. Dix, James G. Dolbeare, Roland S. Doty, Eugene R. Durkee, John Elliott, George Ellis, Charles H. Fellows, Samuel W. Gillespie, Wright Gillies, Robert O. Glover, Arthur B. Graves, Volney Green, John A. Hardenbergh, Walter T. Hatch, Henry E. Hawley, William Hegeman, Daniel T. Hoag, William O. Hoffman, Francis Howland, Benjamin H. Howell, Charles Howell, Seymour L. Husted, Charles Jenkins, Eugene Kelly, George L. Kent, Charles Lanier, Saml. Lawrence, William Lottimer, Charles Luling, James W. Macauley, Charles R. Marvin, Francis S. Miner, James Montgomery, Jr., John R. Montgomery, Benjamin C. Morris, Jr., William H. Morris, Robert Lindley Murray, Warren Newcomb, Alexander Oakley, Ald. F. Ockershausen, George P. Ockershausen, Henry J. Ockershausen, John H. Ockershausen, John Olendorf, John H. Ormsbee, John M. Pendleton, William H. Phillips, William H. Philips, Ephraim B. Place, Thomas E. Porter, John F. Pupke, Winthrop G. Ray, John S. Sauzade, John F. Seymour, Robert W. Seymour, C. S. Stevenson, Swante M. Swenson, Peter O. Strang, Charles Taylor, Herman D. Tellkampf, Anthony J. Thomas, Edward S. Vail, Joseph Wales, James H. Wheatley, William A. Wiechers, Leonidas P. Williams, Samuel Q. Brown, George B. Douglas, Caleb B. Knevals, Charles K. Wagner, James S. White.

Ex-Mayor OPDYKE, on behalf of the Executive Committee, offered the following resolutions, which, after some discussion by Mr. F. A. CONGDON and Mr. STURGESS, the latter gentleman thinking that Congress ought not to be asked to spend unnecessary money just now, were carried:

Whereas, To the City of New-York, with respect to population, wealth and the vast commercial interests centered here, justly belongs the title of the Metropolis of the United States of America; and,

Whereas, The buildings used in such a city for the transaction of public business should be, both as to exterior appearance and interior convenience and adaptation, on a scale corresponding with its greatness; and,

Whereas, The postal business in this city requires for its proper performance, as well as for the accommodation of the public (especially the large portion engaged in commercial pursuits,) buildings thoroughly adapted to this purpose; and,

Whereas, The present Post-office, owing to the great increase within a few years of the postal business centering here, and in view of the prospective increase in that business, which will probably, in the future, be more rapid even than in the past, is entirely inadequate to the wants of this community, as regards size and accommodations in general; therefore,

Resolved, That in the opinion of this body, the City of New-York is entitled to a Post-office which shall be, not only as to its outward appearance, an ornament to our city, in contrast to the present office, but shall also be, as to its dimensions, accessibility by the public, the use of machinery necessary to an economical and proper saving of time and labor, and, in short, its universal adaptability to the purpose for which it would be used, a model institution of its kind, and a credit to the Government of the United States.

Resolved, That the President of the United States and the Postmaster-General are hereby respectfully requested to present this matter to Congress during its next session, urging the passage of an act authorizing the erection of a post-office, such as has been hereinbefore described, and making an appropriation to meet the cost of the same.

Resolved, That the present location, toward the purchase of which the merchants of this city contributed largely, is well suited to their convenience, and is still recommended in preference to one more remote from the Custom-house and Treasury Departments.

The report of the delegation, who have lately visited Detroit, in order to cement the feeling of friendship existing between the merchants of that city and New-York, was presented by Mr. J. S. T. STRANAHAN, and ordered to be put on file. In the report it was stated that a standard set of weights and measures should be agreed upon, in order to prevent complications in the business carried on by the two cities.

Mr. JONES proffered resolutions lamenting the demise of Capt. CHARLES H. MARSHALL, a late member of the chamber. After many eulogistic remarks from the different members, Mr. WETMORE proposed that the resolutions should be entered on the minutes and a copy sent to the family of the deceased, which was carried unanimously. Annexed are the resolutions:

Resolved, That this chamber has sustained an irreparable loss in the death of Capt. CHARLES H. MARSHALL, one of its most distinguished members. As a merchant, by his inflexable integrity, untiring energy and remarkable ability he had, despite early disadvantages, achieved a fortune and a commanding position in the commercial community, and his influence was always wielded to promote the best interests of commerce. As a leader in our commercial marine, his courage, skill and honorable ambition had largely contributed to its success and prestige among the merchant navies of the world. He devoted himself with enthusiasm to the elevation of the nautical profession, in every grade of which he had faithfully served, and his enlightened judgment and generous sympathies were constantly and wisely directed to the protection and welfare of all its members.

Resolved, That we sadly miss from our counsels the regular attendance, the wise judgment, and the magnanimous spirit of our lamented associate.

On motion by the President the Secretary read the subjoined letter from Mr. S. B. CHITTENDEN, presenting the portrait of that staunch friend of the Union—JOHN BRIGHT:

NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1865.

A. A. Low, Esq., President of the New-York Chamber of Commerce:

DEAR SIR: About eighteen months ago, when the American Union had but few resolute and influential friends in Europe, and when the bold and generous words spoken in its defence by JOHN BRIGHT challenged the grateful attention of all who loved our country or perilled life or fortune to save it, I requested Mr. BRIGHT to sit for his portrait that I might present it to the Chamber of Commerce.

After unavoidable delays, the picture very recently reached me in safety, and I now have the pleasure of presenting it to the chamber, through you, its presiding officer.

The artist is Mr. FAGNANI, and all who have seen Mr. BRIGHT will agree, I think, that the portrait is life-like and excellent. Those who have not seen him can hardly fail to admire the picture as a good and true portrait of his spirit and character.

I indulge the hope that it will be carefully kept to remind many generations of New-York merchants of the signal and eminent services of this illustrious statesman in the cause of America and mankind.

With great respect, I am, dear sir, truly yours,

S. B. CHITTENDEN.

It was moved by the Vice-President, WILLIAM E. DODGE, that the gift should be acknowledged by the President of the chamber, which motion was adopted.

The following communication was received from Mrs. RICHARD COBDEN, which, on motion by Mr. PETER COOPER, was ordered to be placed on file:

DANFORTH, Midhurst, Aug. 25, 1865.

Mrs. COBDEN and her children beg to return their warmest acknowledgements to the members of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York, for their kind and genuine manifestation of sympathy with them in their bereavement.

Such a recognition of the character, talents and services of one who had always the alleviation of the sufferings of humanity nearest his heart, is especially soothing to their afflicted spirits, and coming as it did after the struggle of liberty to the slave has been accomplished in the States, rendered the resolutions of the Chamber of Commerce of New-York peculiarly grateful and valuable to Mr. COBDEN's family and friends in this country; and though he was not permitted to see the close of the struggle, yet his mind was blessed by a prescient knowledge of the final triumph of the Union.

The accompanying letter was also read; the picture accompanying it was received and the thanks of the chamber awarded to the givers:

NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1865.

GENTLEMEN: In the names of a number of gentlemen members of the chamber, whose names are annexed, I have the honor to tender to your acceptance the accompanying portrait of Mr. JOHN MURRAY, its respected President from 1798 to 1806.

This portrait is a copy by HUNTINGTON after an original by TRUMBULL.

Requesting for this picture a position upon the walls of the chamber,

I am, respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN AUSTIN STEVENS, Jr.

David Colden Murray, Charles Carver, George W. Lane, John W. White, Thos. N. Dale, Henry W. T. Mali, F. A. Conkling, David Olyphant, Oliver K. King, John Taylor Johnston, James K. Place, Newman S. Bentley, Wm. K. Strong, Elliot C. Cowdin, W. D. Morgan, Wm. H. Fogg, R. D. Lathrop, Williams & Guion, Charles E. Hill and Wm. Borden were the gentlemen who subscribed to the portrait.

A letter from the Secretary of State was received, relative to the Paris International Exhibition, which is to take place in the Spring of 1866. The letter was referred to the Executive Committee, in order to give as much publicity to it as possible, so that would-be contributors may have time to prepare their goods.

The chamber then adjourned till the 19th inst., when a special meeting will be held for the election of a Commissioner of Pilots, in the place of Capt. MARSHALL, deceased.

Atmospheric or Lightning Ore Stamp.

On Wednesday, a party of gentlemen interested in mining operations and the reduction of ores, assembled at CONDICT & Co.'s foundry, in Jersey City, to witness the operation of HUGHES' atmospheric or lightning ore stamp. The machine exhibited was of full working size, with two stamps of about twenty-five pounds weight each, attached to a piston moved up by a double cam, forcing them and the piston at the upper end into an atmospheric or air cylinder, the ascent of which produces a vacuum underneath the piston-head, which forces the stamp down with great velocity and power. By this means, 500 blows of 4,000 pounds each per minute are given, and with a steady and uniform motion, without the aid of a balance-wheel. The mortar is inclosed and detached from the main running gear, the stamps moving up and down in it through a groove. It is claimed that by the application of the atmospheric principle, a stamp of twenty-five pounds weight will give a more effective blow (by the velocity gained) than can be given by the ordinary stamp of six hundred pounds weight. The total weight of the Hughes stamp machine is but about 1,000 pounds, which is less than any other machine known; at the same time it does the work of an ordinary fine stamp mill with less than half the ordinary expenditure of power. A quantity of gold quartz was placed in the machine, and in a very short time it was turned out as an almost impalpable powder. It is claimed by the inventors that any known ore, including the stubborn ones of Colorado, can be reduced in the same manner. By the use of a fan blower, a current of air carries the particles as soon as reduced to a powder into a room or box, where they settle and are taken out without a particle of waste.

A general impression appeared to prevail among the gentlemen present yesterday at the trial of the machine, that the inventor had developed a very important principle, and that for velocity, power, economy of fuel and simplicity of construction, it superseded any machine at present known. Its lightness, and the ease with which it can be transported from place to place, are also greatly in its favor, more particularly in the remote mining regions where freight is often as high as 35 cents per pound. It is well known that many an ore stamper has been sent forward to Colorado which its owner has been obliged to abandon on the way, the mere cost of transportation having exhausted his finances.

The Embassy from Tunis.

The members of the Tunissian embassy left the Astor House yesterday afternoon for a drive through the Central Park. Athough the atmosphere was rather cool they appeared to enjoy the ride through the park and the principal thoroughfares of the city. They were taken to the chief points of interest in the park, with the beauty of which they were evidently fully impressed. On their return they visited a photographic establishment in Broadway, and reached their quarters at the Astor House at quite a late hour. They will leave for Washington to-day or to-morrow.

LAW REPORTS.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, Thursday, Oct. 5.

The day calendar for Friday, Oct. 6, 1865.—Nos. 165, 166, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175 and 176.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT, CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Short causes.—Nos. 2143, 2289, 1135, 2191, 2238, 2391, 2363, 2829, 2725, 2797, 2179. Nos. on General Calendar, 2113, 2133. *Part II.*—Adjourned to Monday next. *Part III.*—Short causes, Nos. 1778, 2350, 2318, 2010, 2150, 2744, 2700, 2636, 2856, 2550, 2844.

SUPERIOR COURT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 5483, 919, 1665, 1667, 1669, 1671, 1675, 1677, 1679, 1685, 1687, 1689, 1691, 1693. *Part II.*—Nos. 5190, 1708, 1710, 1714, 1716, 1718, 1820, 1722, 1724, 1726, 1728, 1730, 1732, 1734, 1736.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Adjourned for the term. *Part II.*—Before Judge Daly.—Nos. 1043, 1096, 1108 1109, 1110, 1112, 1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Demurrer.—No. 152. Issues of law and fact. Nos. 220, 221, 222 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238.

United States Circuit Court—Eastern District—Oct. 4.

Before Judge Benedict.

The October term of this court was opened this morning, when several criminals, convicted at the last term, were brought up for sentence.

Antonio Rasa, convicted of counterfeiting, was sentenced to be imprisoned at hard labor in the Albany Penitentiary for six years, and to pay a fine of one dollar.

Frank White, one of the same gang, was sentenced to be imprisoned at hard labor in the Albany Penitentiary for five years, and to pay a fine of one dollar.

George Jacobs, who had pleaded guilty of passing a counterfeit fifty dollar Treasury note, was sentenced to be imprisoned at hard labor for three years, and a similar fine.

Thomas Gooderson, who pleaded guilty to larceny in the Navy-yard, inasmuch as the articles were not worth more than 50 cents, and he had already been in prison since July, was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 or be imprisoned ten days.

Charles Herse, who had pleaded guilty of the same offence, was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and be imprisoned ten days.

David Smith, convicted of passing counterfeit money, was brought up for sentence, but on application of his counsel sentence was deferred to enable him to move for a new trial on newly discovered evidence.

An Important Opinion—The Hackdrivers Arrested by the Police, Discharged by the Supreme Court.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 5.

Before Justice Barnard.

On the 26th and 27th of September, ult., Capt. Petty of the Fifth Precinct Police, and men under him arrested quite a number of hackmen, for alleged violation of the law. Soon after the arrests were made, a writ of *habeas corpus* was applied for and granted by Justice BARNARD, of the Supreme Court. When the writ was made returnable, Capt. Petty appeared in court and stated that the hackmen who had been arrested had violated the law, and that the proprietors of the Albany boats and others had applied to him to have the hackdrivers arrested if they persisted in leaving their coaches, crowding the piers and going on board of boats just arrived, for the purpose of soliciting patronage. Capt. Petty at the same time stated that these men had been repeatedly warned of the consequences of a violation of the law, and that their rights and liabilities had been especially impressed upon them. David Hogan and two other coachmen, applied, through Mr. Richard Beamish, their counsel, for a discharge on the ground that they had been guilty of a violation of no State law, and of no ordinance of the city. The matter was fully argued by counsel and the court took time to consider.

Yesterday the following opinion was given by Justice Barnard in the matter of the application of David Hogan, *et. al.*:—After a careful examination of the ordinances of the Common Council I have come to the conclusion that the petitioners must be released. There is no law or authority to arrest any one for peaceably soliciting the patronage of a traveler to and from a steamboat. Any citizen duly licensed has a right to go with his carriage to a depot or steamboat landing and quietly ask a passenger standing on the dock if he wishes a carriage. There is no law or ordinance which prevents this; the police had therefore no right to arrest the petitioners, nor have they a right to arrest others for doing the same unless they are disorderly. They are discharged.

R. C. Beamish, Esq., attorney for petitioners.

This, so far as the Supreme Court at Chambers is concerned, settles the question in respect to about twenty other hackmen who have been put to the trouble and expense of an arrest.

Wall-street Operators in Court.

SUPERIOR COURT—PART I.—OCT. 3.

Before Justice McCann and a Jury.

Jeremiah J. Hamilton vs. *Wentworth S. Butler.*—This action has been up in the Superior Court of this city several times before, and has twice been fully reported in the NEW-YORK TIMES. On the 17th of May last, in the same court where it now is, it was abandoned, after being partially tried, for the reason that one of the jurors on duty had been heard to say that he knew one of the parties to the suit, and he would not believe that party under any circumstances, or words to that effect. The Judge then sitting sent the cause over to this term, with a severe reprimand to the juror.

Liabilities of Stage Companies.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—OCT. 3.

Before Justice Cardozo and a Jury.

David Tilton vs. *James Murphy and Hugh Smith.*—Mr. David Tilton, while riding in his wagon on Wall-street, was run into by one of the defendants' stages and upset. By the accident he had his shoulder dislocated, and claimed $5,000 damages. It was shown that the driver was not on the right side of the street, and the jury, after a short deliberation, rendered a verdict for the plaintiff of $250.

The Ketchum Case—Motion Made to Discharge the Attachments.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 3.

By Justice Ingraham.

Morris Ketchum et al. vs. *E. B. Ketchum, Wm. B. Isham and Samuel M. Gallop* vs. *E. B. Ketchum et al., and C. R. Isham et al.* vs. *C. B. Ketchum et al.*—A motion was made to set aside the attachments in the second and third suits, in order that execution might proceed against the property of C. B. Ketchum in favor of his former partners. The motion was opposed by Mr. Francis N. Bangs, who urged that a partner or partners could not attach the property of an absconding copartner on an unliquidated account, and it was shown that at the time the attachment was granted the remaining partners were ignorant of the amount abstracted by Edward B. Ketchum, and the attachment could not be for an indefinite and unsettled account. The court reserved its decision.

Practice in Actions for Slander—Motion to Strike Out Parts of an Answer.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Lewis R. Ryers vs. *Wm. B. Ranken.*—The plaintiff in this case, an Alderman, claims $5,000 to $7,000 damages for certain slanderous words used by the defendant, such as "he is a dirty little thief;" 'he is a robber;" "he is a thief, and I can prove it." The defendant pleaded justification. A motion was made to strike out all that portion of the answer which relates to justification, on the ground that by the well-settled law of this State relating to actions for slander, the defendant cannot put in a general denial, and justify in the same pleading. Decision reserved.

Counterfeiting Case.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Benedict.

The United States vs. *Antonio Rasa, Daniel Rasa and Calegici Prejcia, alias Frank White.*—These men who were charged with counterfeiting money in large quantities, had on Monday last their final examination. The case was given to the jury about 8 o'clock in the evening of Monday, and after a short absence they returned with a verdict of guilty against White and the elder Rasa, but acquitted the younger one.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Judge Russel.

SENTENCE OF CLARK AND MACDONALD.

On Tuesday Judge RUSSELL sentenced James C. Clark and James Macdonald who were implicated in the Lazarus murder. His Honor said that the testimony introduced on the trial of Clark showed clearly that the prisoner voluntarily assisted the murderer Friary in an attempt to escape. He said the characters of both these men were bad. Macdonald was a notorious rowdy, and a charge of highway robbery was pending over Clark. Under these circumstances they might deem the sentence of the court a light one. Macdonald was then sent to the State Prison for two years and Clark for two years and three months.

Patrick Cahill was tried yesterday for grand larceny. It appeared that the agent of Adams Express Company received at the New-Haven Railroad depot a traveling bag containing clothing, which had been sent to this city for delivery. The bag was seen at the depot, but was missing when sought for a few hours afterward. The suspicions of the company fell upon the defendant, who was in the employ of the railroad company, and he was arrested. In his possession this bag and thirteen other bags and packages were found. The jury found him guilty, and he was sent to the State Prison for five years.

James Lindsay was placed on trial for stealing, on the 22d of September, a gold watch valued at $250 from Henry H. Buckley, a fellow-passenger on a Tenth-avenue car. The evidence for the prosecution being insufficient, the court directed an acquittal.

Hudson Margin was tried on a charge of stealing a watch, and several other articles from John Kelly.

The evidence showed that the affair occurred in a saloon in Chatham-street, and that the complainant had not the watch and other articles, but only a pawn-ticket for them.

His Honor charged that it was only a case of petit larceny, and a verdict was rendered accordingly. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

Before Recorder Hoffman.

TRYING TO MAKE A RAISE.

James Nick was tried in this court yesterday, on an indictment charging him with petit larceny from the person. The complainant testified that he was employed as a porter at the depot of the New-Haven Railroad Company, corner of Fourth-avenue and Twenty-seventh-street. On the night of the 15th of August, he went out of the depot on to the sidewalk of Fourth-avenue, and stood there for a while looking at the weather. While thus rapt in contemplation of the skies, he felt an unseen hand gently striving to raise his watch from the fob-pocket of his vest. Witness turned on the left side but saw no one, turned quickly to the right and saw the prisoner, whom he accused of taking up his time-piece with felonious intent. Prisoner denied the charge, but was handed over to the police and brought up for trial. The jury, however, considered that the intent to steal was not clearly shown, and acquitted the prisoner.

PLEAS AND SENTENCES.

Charles King, indicted for stealing a watch from Mr. Clark, of the *Daily News*, pleaded guilty to an attempt and was remanded for sentence.

John Regan pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, and was sent to the State Prison for two years and six months.

George C. Greene, upon a similar plea, was sent to the State Prison for two years.

Court of Special Sessions.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

James H. Cobolly, bar-tender of Joseph Coburn, the pugilist, was charged by Henry G. Turner with violating the statute that prohibits gambling. It appears that the complainant lost $155; he did not mind that, but having learned the dice was loaded he made the charge. Decision—Guilty, and a remand for sentence.

A JUVENILE THIEF.

A innocent looking youth of 12 years of age, named James Murphy, and whose parents are stated to be most respectable, was charged with robbing the till of a Mr. Francis Silver. Officer Farrell made the arrest, and the criminal was remanded for sentence.

LARCENIES AND ASSAULTS.

Wm. Fink and Wm. Nash had a quarrel about a milk cow up in the rural districts, which resulted in a fight, in which Nash alleged he was beaten, knocked down, then followed three hundred yards, when Fink lifted a stone, threw it and struck Nash. Witness for the defence proved that no stone was thrown; that Nash threw a stone and hit Fink, and that Nash then threw another stone which recoiled and hit himself; and lastly, that neither Nash nor Fink threw stones, but that they were thrown by boys coming home from work. The defence put the prosecution on the defence before the case was closed. Acquitted.. ..The assault on Honora Whitefield, cook on board of a canal-boat, by Capt. William H. Elliott, was one of the strangest cases of the kind that has occurred in some time. She swore positively to being compelled to submit to a criminal assault while on the boat coming from Albany to the city. Several of the deck hands swore that it was complainant that committed the criminal assault, and that the Captain tried to get out of his bunk, but could not. Daniel Myers, a deck-hand, repeated the story of Joseph *verbatim et literatim*, substituting Elliot for Joseph, and Honora for Mrs. Potiphar. Verdict, acquittal.... John Mathews, aged about 18, stood at the bar with his hands in his pockets, alike indifferent to a verdict of acquittal or guilty. He was charged with stealing, with six other corner loungers, eight loaves of bread from a baker's wagon near by. All the proof of the larceny was that the thieves were each seen with a loaf in his fist eating it. One of them had a twenty-cent loaf, and not being able to finish it, threw the half of it on the street. Acquitted......Charles Duffy put his hand in the vest pocket of John Seivers, who caught him in the act. He held the thief and called police. The thief struck Seivers on the eye and blackened it. Penitentiary six months and fined $50....Samuel Henderson, aged 18, pleaded guilty to entering a hotel in the Fourth Ward and stealing a purse that was under a pillow. The boy is apparently honestly inclined, but has been boarding for the last month in a house that would make a thief of a saint. The boy is too old to send to the House of Refuge, and to send him to the island would not better his habits. In such a case the court hardly knows what to do with the accused. He was remanded.... Henry Kreboug, a returned soldier, was caught stealing a coat from John McGown, a brother soldier. Both were stopping at the Soldiers' Home, and McGown to prevent the possibility of his coat being stolen, before he went to sleep tied the arms of the coat around him and made a blanket of it. Guilty. Twenty days City Prison....James Doyle, aged 23, who says he belongs to Philadelphia, at a very early hour on the morning of the 29th ult., entered a fellow-boarder's room, who had stepped out for a few minutes. The prisoner was, no doubt, a regular hotel thief, as he was awake and dressed at 4 o'clock in the morning, Francis Kenderich, the complainant, on returning to his room, saw the prisoner come out of it and go into his own. As soon as he entered his room he found his watch gone. The police were immediately called in and Doyle was arrested. The watch was found in his room. Guilty. Penitentiary four months and fined $25....Guiseppe Carra, an Italian, was charged with drawing a sword-cane and attempting to stab one Jas. Newman, on the Staten Island ferry-boat, last Sunday evening when coming to New-York. The difficulty at which the accused was alleged to have drawn the sword-cane occurred at the second landing on the lower deck. Four witnesses swore that from the time defendant entered the boat at the lower landing till it reached the city, he sat on the upper deck in the company of a lady. Acquitted.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 3.

By Justice Moncrief.

Louis F. Figaniere *vs.* Wm. G. Young; motion granted. Martin Moss *vs.* Wm. P. Demarest, &c.; motion denied, with $10 costs, to abide the event. James Kenny *vs.* Elfers; motion set aside, without prejudice to new proceedings. John Crofts, &c., *vs.* Charles Williams; order vacated, but said order of arrest is not revived or restored. May Martin *vs.* John Martin; motion granted. Michael Schrefer, &c., *vs.* The Forty-second and Grand streets Ferry Railroad Company; motion vacated, with $10 costs, to abide the event. Anthon G. Peters *vs.* Joseph H. Straus; motion to vacate injunction granted, with $10 costs. Patrick Gallagher *vs.* Peter Curran; motion to discharge order of arrest denied, with $10 costs to plaintiff, to abide the event.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 3.

By Justice Ingraham.

Jame Read, Jr., *vs.* Smith Barker, Jr.; motion granted. The Ninth National Bank *vs.* Edward Robinson et al.; motion granted for the second Friday. S. C. Lasell *vs.* James Myers et al.; allowance of $60 ordered. Daniel Levy et al. *vs.* Simon Solomon; motion denied, costs to abide event. Moritz Cohn vs. A. T. Carklin; motion granted. B. Basquet *vs.* Wm. B. Tilton; motion granted. C. Mahuken et al. *vs.* James C. Jewett et al.; motion granted. Mendel Samter; motion granted. A. M. Lockett, &c., *vs.* Isaac Parmenter; motion granted. Henry Vogel *vs.* Morris Simons; motion granted. Jos. Mayer et al. *vs.* M. H. Moses; motion granted. Motions granted also in the following cases: Farmers' and Citizens' National Bank *vs.* Henry Gerner, Augusta Perrit *vs.* H. J. Jordan, J. Wadenfeld *vs.* H. B. Benjamin, E. Duchaten *vs.* S. Zippel, Edwin Bartlett *vs.* A. C. Ramsey.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 5.

By Justice Moncrief.

MOTIONS GRANTED.

Charles L. Moore, *vs.* Edward Ernestein; The National Broadway Bank *vs.* Wm. A. Coit; Isadore Valentine *vs.* A. H. Angells, &c.; Louis Oppenheim, &c., *vs.* Francis H. Solters, &c.: August Bergmann *vs.* Frederick M. Peyter; John C. Rourke *vs.* George Allen; James L. Cutter *vs.* Wm. H. Springstein; Chas. M. McCarty *vs.* Daniel McCarty; order of arrest vacated and dismissed and defendant discharged from custody. Edmund R. Williams *vs.* Jonathan C. Meeker, et. al.; motion denied with $7 costs without prejudice to renew.

By Justice Garvin.

James Mason *vs.* Zebedee Riney, executor, &c.; judgment settled; papers on file.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 5.

By Justice Barnard.

J. R. Stuyvesant *vs.* Nicholas W. Stuyvesant et al.; judgment ordered. In the matter of the petition, &c., of David Hogan; petition discharged.

By Justice Ingraham.

Richard Fowler et al., *vs.* Edward O. Fowler; motion granted. Henry Rawls et al., *vs.* J. Hammond et al.; motion granted.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 5.

By Judge Daly.

Bushnell *vs.* Bliss; motion denied without costs.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 5, 1865.

$2,000 U. S. 6s, '81..R.	108	1000 Erie Railroad	92⅞
3,500 U. S. 6s, 5-20s.R.	101½	200 do	92⅞
5,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s..C. Ex-Nov. Coup.	103½	1700 do	92¾
70,000 do.	103½	2200 do	92
30,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s..C. New Issue, Ex-Nov. Coup.	102	500 do	91⅞
10,000 U. S. 6s, '81....C.	107⅜	1800 do	92⅝
3,000 U. S. 6s, '71...C.	97	100 do.....s10	91⅝
1,000 Tr. Notes, 73-10s. First Series	99	100 do.....s60	90
3,500 do...Sec. Ser.	98¾	500 do...2d call.c	92⅝
11,000 do. 3d Ser. S'll	98¾	300 Erie R. Pref.	86
5,000 do.	98½	1,000 Hudson Riv. R.	111¾
75,000 U.S. 6s, 1 Yr. Cer. New issue	98¾	400 do	112
1,000 Oregon War L'n, Half year	104½	100 do	112½
5,000 Tenn. 6s	84¾	100 do	112⅜
1,000 do	85	100 Nor. & Wor. R.	100
50,000 Missouri 6s	77	2300 Reading R.	117½
1,000 Mo. 6s, issued to Pacific R.	78¾	800 do.....s10	117⅝
100,000 Ohio & M. Cer.	31	2000 do	117⅝
50,000 do	30⅞	3000 do.....s10	117⅜
200,000 do	30⅞	200 do	118
20,000 do	30¾	400 do.....2d call	117½
5,000 do.....2d call	30¾	2500 Chi. & N. W.	31⅝
5,000 Erie 4th M.	94	2000 do	31⅝
1,000 Erie 3d M.	98¾	800 Mich. Cen. R.	115½
1,000 Mich. C. 8s, New Loan	108½	1000 Mich. S. & N. I....c	83¾
2,000 do	109	1200 do.....c	83⅜
1,000 C., Bur. & Q. 8s, 1st	111	1500 do.....c	83⅜
1,000 Del., L. & W. 1st. ex-int	101½	1000 do	83
1,000 P., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st	105	1100 do.....c	82⅜
5,000 P., Ft. W. & C. 3d	83	1100 do.....c	82⅞
500 Cleve. & Pitts. 4th	74	2000 do	82¼
65 Bank of Commerce	105	2800 do	82
50 Fourth Nat. Bank	96	200 do.....s5	81
400 Canton Co.	43	300 do.....s20	74
200 do.....2d call	42¾	300 do.....s60	73
100 Del. & Hud. Canal	147½	400 do....2d call.c	83
100 do.....2d call	149	600 do.....s3	82
100 do.....b3	150	100 do	82⅝
150 Penn. Coal Co.	169¾	150 Mich. So. Guar.	135
100 do	170	800 Clev. & Pitts. R.	80⅝
100 do.....s30	170	2000 do	80¼
400 Cum. Coal Pr.	48½	1250 do	80
200 do.....b30	48½	200 do.....2d call	80⅜
50 do	48⅞	400 do	80⅜
200 do	48½	10 Cleve., Col. & Cin. R.	129½
200 do.....2d call	47¾	1050 Chi. & N. W. Pr.	69
400 Quick. Min. Co	51	1500 do	68⅜
100 do...2d call	51¾	200 do.....s10	68⅜
300 Mariposa M. Co	12¾	2000 do	68⅜
200 Spring Moun. Coal	60	1000 do	68⅜
700 N. Y. Cen. R.	98	500 do	68⅜
100 do.....s30	97½	100 do.....b10	68¾
200 do.....2d call	97¾	100 do.....2d call	67⅞
100 Chi. & Alt. Pref.	107	100 do	67½
400 Mar. & Cin. 1st Pref.	47	400 Cleve. & Tol	110
		700 Chi. & R. I.	109½
		100 do	109¼
		200 do	109⅜
		52 M. & Pr. D. C. 1st Pr.	101
		100 Tol. & Wab. R. Pr.	64
		50 P., Ft. W. & C.	98⅝
		400 do	98⅜
		500 do	98⅞
		100 Alt. & T. H. R.	38⅛

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000 U. S. 6s, '81..R.	107⅝	50 Erie R. Pref.	86
10,000 U. S. 6, '81.....C.	107⅜	100 do	85½
11,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s..C. Ex-Nov. Coup.	103½	200 Hud. Riv. R.	111¾
20,000 do	103⅜	1600 Reading R.	117
10,000 U. S. 6s, 5-20s..C. New issue, Ex-Nov. Coup.	102	100 Mich. Cen. R.	115
11,000 U.S. 6s, 5-20s...R.	101⅜	2000 Cleve. & Pitts	82
9,000 Tr. Notes, 73-10s. Second Series	98¾	1500 do	82⅛
10,000 O. & M. Cer.	30⅞	700 do	82⅞
10,000 do	30⅜	100 Mich. S. & N. I. R.	82⅞
30,000 do	30¼	550 do	83
10,000 do	30⅞	100 do.....s3	82⅜
200 Canton Co	42⅞	50 Ill. Cen. R.	132
100 do	42⅛	400 Chi. & N. W. Pr.	67½
100 do	42	1000 do	67⅞
100 Cumb. Coal Pr.	47¾	1500 do	68
100 do	47⅞	500 do	67⅝
300 Quick. Min. Co	53	100 Chic. & N. W	31
100 N. Y. Central	97⅝	300 Cleve. & Tol.	110
200 do	97⅞	400 do	109⅝
300 Erie Railroad	92⅝	600 Chic. & R. I.	109¼
1000 do	92⅞	400 do	109⅜
		2000 do	109¼
		1000 P., F. W. & C.	99
		50 do	99⅛
		200 T. H. & Alt. R. Pr.	68

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

$10,000 O. & M. Cer	31⅛	50 Ill. Cen. R	131
10,000 do.....s3	31	400 Cleve. & Pitts...s3	80⅛
30,000 do.....b3	31	2600 do	80⅞
20,000 do	31	500 do	80¼
600 N. Y. Cen.....b3	97⅞	2200 do.....b3	80⅛
700 do	97⅞	600 do.....c	80⅜
100 do.....s3	97⅞	2400 do	80⅜
200 do.....s3	97⅞	3000 do.....s3	80⅜
3300 Erie Railroad	92⅛	200 do.....c	80⅞
800 do.....b3	92⅛	300 Chic. & R. I....x-d	109⅞
800 do.....s3	92⅛	300 do.....b3	109⅜
200 do.....b3	92⅛	100 do	109⅜
400 do.....c	92⅛	300 Chic. & N.W. R.	32
600 do	96⅜	200 do.....b3	32
500 do.....b3	92⅜	100 do.....s3	31¾
300 do.....s3	92⅜	400 do	31⅞
1200 do	92⅜	100 do.....s3	31⅞
300 do.....b3	92	100 do	31⅞
100 do.....s3	92⅝	100 do.....b3	31⅞
300 Hudson Riv. R....s3	112	200 Ch. & N. W. Pr....s3	68
800 do	112	200 do	68⅛
200 do.....b3	112⅛	100 do.....c	68⅛
200 Reading R.	117⅞	300 do.....b3	68¼
200 do.....b3	117⅛	100 do.....c	68
500 do	117⅛	200 do.....s3	98
800 do	117⅞	1700 do	68⅛
1700 do.....c	117⅞	700 do	68⅛
400 do.....s3	117⅞	200 do.....c	79⅛
500 do.....b3	117⅞	400 do	68⅛
1060 Mich. S. & N. I.	84⅜	1800 do	68⅛
300 do	84⅜	200 do	68⅛
2100 do.....c	84⅛	1300 do	68⅞
200 do.....c	84⅞	300 P., Ft. W. & C....x-d	99⅛
200 do	84⅞	300 do.....s3	99⅛
1400 do	84	100 do.....s3	99⅛
400 do	83¾	300 do.....s3	99¼
200 do.....b3	84	300 do.....s3	99
100 Mich. Cen. R....s3	115¼	400 do	99⅛
100 Cumb. Coal	47⅞	100 Mil. & P. du C.	57⅛
300 do.....c	47⅞	200 McGr. & W. R.....c	22⅛
100 do.....s3	47⅞	100 do	22⅛
100 do	47⅞	600 Quick. Min. Co	51

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000 O. & M. Cer	30⅞	200 Cleve. & Pitts.....c	80½
20,000 do	30⅞	500 do	80⅛
90,000 do	30⅛	500 do.....b3	80⅛
20,000 do.....s3	30½	500 do.....b3	80⅜
10,000 do.....c	30⅛	900 do	80⅜
10,000 do.....b3	30⅛	400 do.....b10	81
100 N. Y. Cen. R.	97⅞	1400 do	81
1300 do.....b3	97⅞	800 do.....s3	81
100 do.....b10	97⅞	500 do	81⅛
500 Erie Railroad...b3	92⅞	600 do	81⅛
800 do	92⅞	100 do.....b3	81⅛
100 do.....c	92⅞	500 do.....s30	81¼
500 do.....s3	92⅞	500 do	81⅝
400 do	92⅞	1400 do	82
500 do.....b3	92	500 do.....b3	82
200 do.....s3	92⅞	100 Chic. & R. I....x-d	109¾
100 do	92⅞	400 do.....s3	109⅛
100 Hud. Riv. R.....s3	112⅛	100 do.....b3	109⅛
100 do	112	200 do.....b3	109⅛
400 do	112⅛	400 Chic. & N. W	31⅛
200 Reading R.	117⅞	100 do.....b3	31⅛
2000 do	117⅞	400 do	31¼
400 do.....s3	117⅞	600 do	31
1500 do.....c	117⅛	100 do.....b3	31⅛
1500 do	117⅞	100 Chic. & N.W.Pr.	68
400 Mich. S. & N. I....c	84	600 do	67⅛
400 do	83	400 do.....c	67⅛
200 do	83⅛	200 do	67⅜
400 do	83¼	200 do	67⅛
700 do	84	100 do.....b3	67⅞
700 do.....c	84¼	800 do	67⅛
600 do.....c	84⅛	200 do	67⅛
300 do.....s3	83	500 do.....b3	67⅛
100 do.....c	84⅞	200 do.....b3	67⅛
100 do	84⅞	200 do	67
600 do	83⅞	200 do.....s3	67
200 McGr. & W. R	23	200 do	67⅛
100 do.....b3	23	100 do.....s3	67⅛
200 do.....s10	23⅛	200 P., F. W. & C., x-d.s3	98⅞
300 do	24	600 do.....b3	99
300 do.....b5	24⅛	300 Quick. Min. Co	52½
100 Canton Co.....c	42	600 do.....s3	52⅛
300 Cum. Coal	47⅞	100 do	52⅞
100 do.....b3	47⅞	100 do	53
100 Mar. M. Co	12⅛		

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$20,000 O. & M. Cer	30⅞	100 Cen. Coal Co	59
10,000 do	30⅞	100 C. & R. I. R....x-d	109⅛
300 New-York Cen...3s	97⅞	100 do.....s3	109⅜
100 do	97⅞	100 do.....b3	109⅞
600 Erie Railway....s3	92⅞	100 do	109⅞
400 do.....b3	92⅞	1400 do.....b3	110
300 do	93	900 do	109
400 do.....b5	92⅞	100 do.....b10	110
600 do.....s3	92¾	300 do.....s3	110
700 do.....b3	93	400 do.....b3	110⅛
1300 do	92⅞	100 do	110⅛
700 Hud. Riv. R....s3	112	100 do	109¼
200 do	112	100 do.....b3	110⅜
100 do	112⅛	100 do.....s3	110⅜
1800 Reading R.	117¼	200 do	110⅛
300 do.....b3	117⅞	900 Chi. & N. W.	31⅛
200 do	117⅞	200 do.....b3	31⅛
100 do.....b10	117⅞	100 do	31
200 do.....b5	117⅛	100 do.....s3	31
1000 M. So. & N. I.	85	200 Chi. & N. W. Pr. s3	68⅛
700 do	84⅞	400 do	68⅛
500 do	81⅞	900 do.....b3	68⅛
300 do	84⅛	200 do.....b10	68⅛
300 do	84⅛	500 do	68⅜
600 do	84⅛	700 do	68⅛
100 do.....s3	84	100 do.....b3	68⅛
500 Cleve. & Pitts	84⅛	200 do.....s3	68⅛
2900 do	84⅛	100 do.....s15	68
5600 do	84⅛	100 P., Ft. W. & C..x-d	99
1500 do.....s3	84⅜	100 do	99¼
1100 do.....b3	85	100 Mil. & Pr. Du C	57⅛
600 do.....b3	84⅞	300 McGr. & W. R.	24½
500 do.....b10	84⅞	300 do.....b10	24½
200 do	85	100 do.....b3	24¼
100 Canton Co.....b3	42⅜	500 do.....s15	24⅛
100 do	42⅞	200 Cum. Coal Co.	47⅞
500 do	42¾	100 do	47⅜
1000 do	43	100 do	47⅞
209 do	43⅛	400 Quick. Min. Co	53
100 do	43¼	100 do	53

THURSDAY, Oct. 5—P. M.

The price of Gold to-day has again been firm at 146⅞@147¼ ℘ cent., leaving off about 146⅞ ℘ cent. The Government has not been a seller this week, as far as we are advised, while the Customs receipts into the Treasury are absorbing from $500,000 to $600,000 per day. The payments out of the Treasury Office, on the other hand, for November Gold Interest are comparatively slow, ranging from $225,000 to $275,000 per day. There is no export for Gold Coin, and no present supply of Gold bars; though another California arrival is about due of $1,300,000. The Exchange on London for Saturday's mail is 109⅝@109⅞ ℘ cent.

The sudden and large increase of business on the Stock Exchange in the Railway Stocks at advancing prices has imparted more activity to the Money market, and the rates to the Brokers, at call, have gone up from 5@6 to 6@7 ℘ cent. ℘ annum. This will not be deemed surprising on reference to the volume of official sales reported from the Regular and Open Boards of the Exchange yesterday. The Discount Brokers report, as yet, no change in the rates on Merchant paper, which are 6½@7½ for select signatures, 60 days to 4 months. On Government collateral the terms for Money subject to call by the lender continue at 5@6 ℘ cent.

There is an exceedingly interesting time just now on the Stock Exchange, so far as the Railway speculation is concerned. For the time being the *Bears* are getting the worst of the movement, and even many of the old Brokers of the regular Stock Exchange Board are at fault in regard to the sustained rise on two or three of the Western Roads. Their impression yesterday was that Michigan Southern was working a mere temporary "corner," which would be over before the close of the week, if not by Thursday, (to-day,) instead of which they note a further rise to 85 ℘ cent., with Cleveland and Pittsburgh shares (but recently at 70@72 ℘ cent.) following close upon the same figure. The New-York roads are not much behindhand. Erie, from 87½@88, has gone up to 92½@93 ℘ cent.; Hudson is firm at an advance of 2 ℘ cent., although the Fall dividend (half-yearly) is only 4 ℘ cent., in place of 5 ℘ cent. in the Spring. New-York Central is again in high favor, and on renewed receipts of $1,600,000 in September, and the generally sound condition of the finances of the Road, is looking close on to par.

At and after the Second Board the market was firm, although it was known that the price of Money had been advanced nearly or quite 1 per cent. from last week. And at the later hour of 4 o'clock, on Broad-street, Open Board of Brokers, prices were even stiffer, and closed about as follows, compared with Wednesday afternoon. No change in Government Securities. The transactions in the Railways very large.

	Wed.	Thurs.		Wed.	Thurs.
U. S. 10-40s	94	94	N. West Pref.	68⅛	68⅛
U. S. 5-20s	103⅛	103⅛	Rock Island	109½	110⅛
U. S. 7-30s	98⅞	98⅞	Fort Wayne	98⅞	99
N. Y. Central	97⅞	97⅞	Cumb'land Coal	48	47⅝
Erie	90⅞	93	Quicksilver	50	53
Hudson	111⅛	112	Mariposa	12⅛	12⅛
Reading	117⅜	117⅛	Canton	42⅜	43⅜
Mich. Southern	82⅞	84⅛	Atlantic Mail	140	142
Illinois Central	131	132	American Gold	146⅛	147⅛
Pittsburgh	78⅜	84⅛	Ohio Certificates	30⅛	30⅛
Northwest	30	31⅛	Toledo	110	109⅞

The following bids were made to-day for the City Bank Shares. The October half-yearly Dividend of the Gallatin National Bank is five ℘ cent.:

Mechanics'	110	Irving	108
City	175	Metropolitan	114¼
Phenix	96	People's	110
Greenwich	140	Shoe and Leather	100
Merchants' Exch'ge	100	Corn Exchange	108
State of New-York	112	Commonwealth	100
Commerce	104	Atlantic	102
Mechanics' B'k Ass.	102	Import's' & Traders'.	96
American Exchange	115	Park	141
Pacific	150	Central National	108
Chatham	130¼	First National	205
Bank of the Republic	108	Fourth National	96
Bank of N. America	107	Ninth National	103
Hanover	108		

The New-York Central Convertible Bonds heretofore on the market have been closed out at 103 per cent. The following bids were made for the Railway Mortgages generally:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	94	Tol. & Wab 1st M.	90
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	89	Tol. & Wab. 1st, Ex'd	90
Erie 1st M., x div., '68	102½	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.	79
Erie 7s, 3d mort, 1883	98	Chi. & R. I. 1st mort.	100
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	94	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	96
Harlem 3ds, '68	93	N. J. Cen. 1st mort	101
Mich. C. new, 1sts, 8's, '82	107	Rar & Del. Bay 1st M.	20
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ℘ c. 1sts	110	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st M.	105
N. Ind. Gosh. Line, '68	92½	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2ds	94½
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ℘ c.	97	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3d M.	83
Alton & T. H. 2d M. In.	74½	Cleve. & P. 4th mort	74
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	94	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st M.	42
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bs.	83½	Chi. & Alton 1st mort	97
Chi. & N. W. ex. bonds	80	Chi. & Alton Income	84
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	83	Atl. & Gt. West. 1st M.	92
Lack. & West'n Bonds	99	Ohio & Miss. 1st mor	80
Del. L. & W. 1st mort	104	Chic. & Mil. 1st M.	86

The Erie Railway Sterling Loan in London is *not* subject to an annual Sinking Fund, as stated in our notice yesterday. Our information we supposed to be reliable, but a mistake was unintentionally made in the particulars communicated to us, which we now correct from the official London prospectus of the Loan, a copy of which is before us. There *is* a condition attached to the Loan to the effect that no mortgage lien upon the Erie property can hereafter be created to the prejudice of the present Convertible Bonds, or without first recognizing these Bonds as part of such mortgage. The instalments on the Loan run from the date of negotiation in September to the 15th January. They are all to be lodged with the London Joint Stock Bank.

The September traffic of the Rock Island Road amounts to $384,290, as against $331,494 same month last year.

The gross exchanges or clearances through the New-York Clearing-House for the fiscal year of the establishment, ending 30th Sept. ult., amount to *twenty-six thousand millions of dollars*, or an average per day, for 307 business days, of $84,796,000. The resulting balances settled during the year between the Banks amounted to $1,035,765,000, or an average for each business day of $3,373,000. When the house was established, twelve years ago, the exchanges averaged only $18,550,000 per day, and the settlements $960,000 per day.

Mr. HENRY LEVERIDGE, of the Stock firm of BROWN & LEVERIDGE, has been admitted to membership at the New-York Stock Exchange Board.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $2,589,110 17; including for Customs, $627,000; payments, $874,162 42; on account of Loan, $65,000; balance, 68,201,210 38.

The American National Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 ℘ cent.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FUNDING COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
NO. 140 BROADWAY,
FISCAL AGENT AND UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

This bank will act as Government Agent for funding the compound notes into new 5-20 bonds at the Treasury price, (103 ex. Nov. interest;) interest on the compounds will be made up to Nov. 1.

The $1,000 bonds will be ready about the 15th inst.; the smaller bonds about the 1st of Nov.

A quarter of one per cent. commission will be charged for funding and delivering the bonds here.

GEO. F. BAKER, Cashier.

☞ THE CROTON NATIONAL BANK OF THE City of New-York, Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States, NO. 17 NASSAU-ST.

This bank is prepared to receive accounts from banks, bankers and others, on favorable terms, and will, as agent of the government, attend to the conversion of compound interest notes, &c., into the six per cent. 5-20 bonds without charge. WM. B. HATCH, President.

R. M. HEDDEN, Secretary.

☞ FOR SALE—Three hundred thousand dollars New-York Central Railroad Seven Per Cent. Convertible Bonds of eighteen hundred and seventy-six. Apply to JAMES H. BANKER, at the office of R. L. Cutting & Co., No. 19 William-st.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Oct. 5.

Receipts of Produce since our last: 115 bbls. Ashes, 20,213 bbls. Flour, 99 bbls. and 180 bags Corn Meal, 8,950 bushels Wheat, 150,071 bushels Corn, 16,607 bushels Rye, 71,317 bushels Barley, 69,607 bushels Oats, 12,357 bushels Malt, 633 pkgs. Provisions, and 273 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Have been lightly dealt in at $8 for Pots and Pearls, ℘ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Continues quiet, but steady. Java at 26c.@27c.; Rio at 18c.@22c.; Maracaibo at 19c.@22c.; Laguayra at 21c.@22c.; St. Domingo at 17¼c.@17¾c. ℘ lb., in gold.

COTTON—Continues in brisk demand and at a further rise in prices; Middlings closing as high as 49c.@50c. ℘ lb., on sales and resales of about 6,700 bales. The receipts at this port thus far this week, have averaged 4,600 bales a day, making 18,501 bales since the 1st inst., and 129,144 bales since the 1st of September. The exports of Cotton from this port in September amounted to 25,289 bales.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in active demand, and has advanced again, partially at 10c.@15c. ℘ bbl.. Sales since our last add up 18,800 bbls., including inferior to choice Superfine State and Western, at $7 90@$8 30; poor to choice Extra State at $8 35@$8 85, chiefly at $8 35@$8 50; round-hoop extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 95@$9 25 ℘ bbl. We now quote:

Superior State and Western	$7 90	@$8 30
Extra State	8 35	@ 8 85
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 35	@12 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 95	@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	9 30	@12 50
Extra Genesee	9 00	@12 50
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 25	@16 00

Southern Flour continues in demand and buoyant. Sales since our last 950 bbls., at $9 35@$11 for poor to good, and $11@$15 75 for good to very choice extra brands, ℘ bbl. Canadian Flour is advancing. Sales 450 bbls. Extra, at $8 40@$12 50 ℘ bbl. Rye Flour is in more demand, including Superfine at $5 75@$6 60 ℘ bbl.; sales, 350 bbls. Corn Meal is quiet, to-day, at $4 65@$4 75 for Western, $4 75 for Jersey, $5 10 for Caloric, and $5 15 for Brandywine, ℘ bbl. Sales 250 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in lively request and has advanced 2c.@3c. ℘ bushel. Sales, since our last, of 155,000 bushels, including new White Western at $2 45; Amber Western (Winter) at $2 30; Red do. $2 20; Amber Wisconsin at $1 75@$1 77½; Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club, at $1 72@$1 76; Amber State, at $2 35@$2 37½ ℘ bushel. Corn is in less request, at drooping prices. Sales 65,000 bushels at 85c.@93c. for damaged and unsound, and 94c.@94½c. for sound mixed Western ℘ bushel. Western Oats are in fair request at 63c.@65c. for sound, and 49c.@56c. for unsound, ℘ bushel. Rye is in more demand and firmer; sales, 7,500 bushels Western at $1 05 ℘ bushel. Barley is more abundant and cheaper, with a fair inquiry. Sales, 48,000 bushels at $1 32@$1 35 for Canada West, and $1 15@$1 20 for State, ℘ bushel. Barley Malt is quiet at $1 60@$1 65 ℘ bushel.

HAY—Is in demand, at 60c.@85c. for North River bale ℘ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in request, at from 15c.@45c. for one-year old, and 28c.@60c. for poor to strictly prime new, ℘ lb.

METALS—The recent movements in this line Messrs. WINTERHOFF & Co. notice thus: "Business has rarely been more healthy and profitable than during the past month. There is a large demand for consumption and speculation. The South and West are bare of all stocks of merchandise, and their wants are greater than the supply offered in our markets. Gold has been steadier than at any time since it first commanded a premium. Tin has been steady, at 27½c. for Straits, 24½c.@24¾c. for English, and 28½c. for Banca. To arrive, 3,000 slabs Straits have been sold at 27c. for September, and 26¾c. for October shipment from England; also, 1,500 slabs Banca, at 27½c. The quotations are all in gold. The importations for the month amount to 2,800 slabs Straits from England, 250 do. Banca, and 8,650 ingots English. From the Straits, three small shipments are on the way. The stock in first hands in Boston and New-York is 1,700 slabs Straits, no Banca, no English, against on the 1st of October, 1864, 11,100 slabs; 1863, 24,200; 1862, 38,800; and 1861, 35,000. The advices from Europe report dull markets, with a constantly increasing stock in London. The fact is, that the English market had to take an additional quantity of Tin from the Straits, which in former years came to the United States, and we now draw our supply from Liverpool and London. Every steamer brings from five to fifteen tons Straits and English Tin, which are sold from shipboard at a trifling profit. We think it likely that we will have to import from Europe, during the next six months, from 30,000 to 40,000 slabs. Spelter—We are still without a stock of either foreign or domestic. The importations for the month, 330 tons Silesian, have been disposed of at 7½c.@7¾c., gold, and 10½c.@10¾c., currency. 280 tons October shipment from Hamburg, have been sold at 7 cents gold. Lehigh is nominal at 11½ cents. Illinois, 10½c. Copper has again advanced. During the first days of September about 1,000,000 lbs. Portage Lake were sold at 30¾c.@31c. Since then the business done in both Portage and Detroit smelted has been small, at 32½c.@32¾c. for the former and 33c. for the latter kind. The Baltimore Company sold ten days ago 1,500,000 lbs. at 31½c., for October, November and December delivery. To-day the quotation is 32½c. Manufacturers have bought more freely during the last two months, but have no stocks accumulated. The market is firm, with a rising tendency, but the transactions are limited by the small supply. We have no stock of foreign Copper. Lead is very firm, with a large business at a small advance in price. On the spot, we quote foreign 9⅝c. currency, and 6⅝c.@6¾c. gold. To arrive, however, sales of 200 tons ordinary German have been made at $4 30 in bond, October shipment; and 1,000 tons English and Spanish at 6 7-16c.@6½c. gold. We have had no arrivals of Galena Lead, and 900 tons English and Stolberg have been sold to go West. The importations for the month are 2,250 tons foreign. The deliveries for consumption are estimated at 3,100 tons, and the stock 2,200 tons, against 2,400 tons on Oct. 1, 1864, and 6,000 tons on Oct. 1, 1863."

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more active, and has advanced materially. Sales since our last of 8,000 bbls., in lots, at $35 25@$35 87½, closing at $35 87½, cash, for Mess; $30 75@$31 25 for Prime Mess; $32 50 for Thin Mess; $30 for Prime, ℘ bbl. Sales were also made of 2,700 bbls. New Mess, October delivery, buyer's option, at $36 ℘ bbl. Cut Meats continue in demand at 16½c.@17½c. for Shoulders, and 19½c.@23c. for Hams; sales equal to 350 pkgs. Bacon is quiet, but held firmly. Lard is steady; sales 600 tcs. and bbls., at 25c.@29½c. for common to choice, ℘ lb. Beef has been in more demand at $12 50@$15 50 for Extra Mess, and $9 50@$12 50 for Plain Mess; sales have been reported of 1,800 bbls. Tierce Beef continues quiet but firm. Butter is in fair request at 38c.@50c. for poor to good, and 52c.@60c. for fancy State, and 32c.@42c. for Western ℘ lb. Cheese is in more demand at 13c.@18c. for poor to very choice, ℘ lb. The week's business in Butter and Cheese Messrs. STARIN & FLOYD notice thus:

The receipts during the past week of New-York State Dairy Butter have been a full ordinary supply, as in former years at this period. Western butters of all grades have been in very limited receipt, and the amount of that stock offering is small, which cannot well be increased, as our advices show the Western markets to be in advance of our own in price from 3c. to 6c. ℘ lb. The arrivals of fine State Butters during the week have been larger than at any previous period of the season, and a determined effort was begun last week, and continued through this, to break down market rates. A partial success in the effort has been accomplished, with some country operators, but the invoices ordered in market by the trade have been firmly held, it being now a clearly established fact that the Butter crop of the country is largely short of last year's make, and that it would be difficult to replace the present stock at less than current rates, as our dairymen cannot be moved from their position, and will not reduce their figures until very late in the season, and not then if the calculations of the trade in regard to the diminished Butter crop be correct. The demand for Southern and coastwise trade has been large during the week, at full prices, which must steadily increase during the coming cold weather. Otherwise the market has ruled dull and heavy under the influences before noted, until the close of the week's trade, when prices suddenly assumed more firmness, with stronger disposition on the part of buyers to yield to current rates. We give our quotations to cover the transactions of the week, although it would be difficult to effect a purchase at our inside prices. We quote:

Orange and Sussex—fresh pails, ℘ lb.	55	@60
Pennsylvania and River—fresh pails, ℘ lb.	50	@60
Half-firkin tubs, State—first quality, ℘ lb.	45	@50
Half-firkin tubs, State—second quality, ℘ lb.	40	@45
Orange and Sussex Dairies—firkins, ℘ lb.	48	@50
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ℘ lb.	45	@47
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ℘ lb.	42	@43
N. Y. State Dairies—Welch tubs—extra, ℘ lb.	45	@46
N. Y. S. Dairies—Welch tubs—good to fine, ℘ lb.	43	@44
Ordinary State—Welch tubs, ℘ lb.	40	@42
Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ℘ lb.	35	@42
Western Reserve—firkins—fair to good, ℘ lb.	38	@40
Michigan and Indiana—firkins—fair to good, ℘ lb.	34	@36
Ill. and Wisconsin—firkins—fair to good, ℘ lb.	34	@36
Common Western—firkins, ℘ lb.	32	@33
Grease Butter—original firkins, ℘ lb.	16	@17

The receipts of cheese have been very light during the past week, and the stock on the market is smaller than at any period of the season. The make of factory cheese now in the country is known to be very heavy, but prices are so extreme with the dairymen that it cannot be placed on this market without a loss. Exporters to England are driven from the market by extreme prices, and the late advices from the English markets show a decline in American cheese. The demand for Southern and local trade is active at full prices for the small quantities arriving; but a decline must be looked for when any quantities are put on this market, as the export trade is required to absorb the bulk of the stock. We quote:

Factory-made Dairies—first quality	17½	@18
Factory-made Dairies—second quality	16	@17
Farm Dairies—first quality	17½	@18
Farm Dairies—second quality	16	@17
Farm Dairies—common	14	@15
Orange County—flat skimmed	13	@16

SUGARS—Continue in fair request at rising prices. Sales since our last, 1,280 hhds. Cuba, &c., at 13c.@15¼c., and 2,300 boxes Havana, part at 13½c.@17½c. ℘ lb. Refined Sugars are in good demand, 15½c.@20½c. ℘ lb.

TALLOW—Has been less active to-day. Sales 35,000 lbs. at 15¼c.@15¾c.

WHISKY—Sales 250 bbls., in lots, at $2 28½@2 29 ℘ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 250 bales Cotton at ⅜d.@½d. ℘ lb.; 21,000 bushels Corn at 4d., in bags, by sailing vessel, and 6d. by steamer, ℘ bushel.

TEACHERS.

A GRADUATE OF HARVARD COLLEGE, and for two years a private tutor in this city, desires to make an engagement for his morning hours.
References—J. J. Astor, Jr., B. N. Arnold, No. 125 Front-st.; Rev. Thos. Hastings, No. 84 West 45th-st. Address TUTOR, No. 153 51st-st., or call at LARNED & WARREN'S office, No. 124 Nassau-st.

WANTED—A TEACHER OF WRITING AND book-keeping, Tuesdays and Thursdays, from 12 to 1½ P. M. Terms liberal. Address Prof. PENMAN, Box No. 162 *Times* Office; or call at Commercial Academy, Nos. 46 and 48 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh, L. I., between 7 and 9 P. M.

A YOUNG LADY OF SEVEN YEARS' experience, possessing the highest testimonials from prominent institutions, would teach higher and lower English branches, piano, singing, drawing, ornamentals, at home, or as resident or visiting governess to families, individuals, classes or schools. Terms low. Box No. 20 Godfrey's Post-office, No. 833 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TEACHER OF the French language by a person of experience, thoroughly versed in both French and English, who can furnish unexceptionable references. Address A. F., Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

A LADY, PROFESSOR OF RELIGION, of several years' successful experience in teaching, desires a position either in an institution or family, where she would devote herself to the care and instruction of children, and also assist in the management of a household if required. Address W. W. D., Troy, N. Y.

A FOREIGN LADY OF SUPERIOR QUALifications, and of many years' experience, desires a morning or occasional engagement; beside all the English branches, she teaches German, music and French thoroughly. Address LINGUIST, Box 134 *Times* Office.

A FRENCH LADY WISHES TO FIND in a private family or school a home, where a certain amount of tuition will be considered equivalent to her board; references exchanged. Address L. L., care of T. W. Christern, No. 763 Broadway.

A LADY, EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING, whose forenoon is disengaged, desires to give lessons at the residences of pupils. Address X. Y. Z., Box No. 2,074 Post-office.

A GERMAN LADY OF MUCH EXPERIENCE in teaching desires to instruct children or young ladies in her own language. Address Miss M. KROHNKE, No. 257 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A MALE TEACHER OF LATIN and English branches for the whole day. Apply to 128 East 24th-st., from 10 to 12 o'clock, or from 7 to 9 P. M.

FOR SALE.

FIFTH-AVENUE LOTS.

MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., offer for sale five lots of land on the southwest corner of 53d-st. and 5th-av., directly opposite the site purchased for St. Thomas' Church. Also, 16 lots in one parcel, (8 being on the 5th-av.,) in the immediate vicinity. Also, a number of first-class building lots on 52d and 53d sts., between 5th and 6th avs.

CENTRAL PARK.

A number of choice lots fronting on Central Park, in the vicinity of the site purchased for the new hotel.

Descriptive maps can be had on application at their office.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 100 ACRES, OR MORE if required, in Union County, New-Jersey, within 20 miles of Jersey City ferry. The same is under a good state of cultivation, is well adapted for grazing or dairy farming; has a large dwelling and two small cottages for farm hands, two barns, henery, grainary, wagon-house, &c.; two small orchards; also, fruit trees of various kinds. Possession can be had immediately. Stock and farming implements, together with the farm, will be sold on favorable terms. For further particulars apply to J. T. B. MAXWELL, No. 77 South-st.

A FINE FURNISHED RESIDENCE FOR SALE—At Orange, N. J.—Has ten rooms, with bathroom, hot and cold water, water-closet, furnace, range, stationary wash-tubs, &c.; cellar cemented; fine stable, with stalls for three horses and four cows; ten acres land, with never-failing stream of water running through the grounds; well stocked with apple, pear, cherry and peach trees; house nicely furnished, complete for housekeeping; two cows, two horses, carriages, harness, &c., &c. For particulars, apply to J. VAN BUREN, No. 34 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY residence, at Skaneateles, Onondaga County, N. Y., on the lake, with magnificent views, within five minutes' walk of churches, schools, &c.; large, pleasant house, grounds beautifully laid out, abundance of fruit, &c.; altogether one of the most healthy and beautiful places in point of scenery, location and society to be found. Price, with furniture, $10,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

200 COTTAGES AND ELEGANT DWELLINGS FOR SALE.—Unparalleled success of the Homestead Company—110 buildings erected and sold in the last six months. We have now in progress and under contract 200 buildings, including cottages and elegant dwellings, for sale at $1,200 to $10,000. Easy payments. Apply to CHAS. R. MILLER, Atlantic-av., East New-York, or No. 9 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT (FURNISHED OR unfurnished) on the Hudson, 12 miles from the city, containing three acres, with handsome buildings, plenty of fruit and shade trees. It is a very pretty place, in good order, with modern improvements, and a desirable residence both for Summer and Winter. No river view. Photographs and maps with C. HOWDEN SMITH, No. 1 Pine-st.

A SACRIFICE AND MUST BE SOLD—ONE of the best corner houses on Lexington-av., and strictly first-class, built by days' work; is four stories and basement; brown-stone and handsomely laid out with a court-yard on Lexington-av.; price $40,000. Also, the one adjoining, the same style; price $26,000. Apply to WM. FETTRETCH, Office No. 434 3d-av., next to the corner of 32d-st.

FOR SALE—ON THE HUDSON, ABOUT 12 acres, handsomely situated on the river, commanding one of the finest views between New-York and Albany; is capable of indefinite improvement, or would make a handsome place with moderate expense; it would accommodate four parties wishing to build together, there being four handsome sites for buildings. Apply to BENEDICT & COIT, No. 4 Pine-st., New-Yrok.

FOR SALE—20,000 ACRES WEST VIRGINIA LANDS—Some of the best located in the market—title indisputable. Also, a house and lot at Glen Cove, L. I.; town lots in St. Johns, Wis.; coal yard in Brooklyn; house and lot on Flushing-av., Brooklyn; 100 shares Rutland marble stock; 50 buildings in Brooklyn; a three-story house at East New-York, with other property. Apply to M. W. WILSON, No. 78 Broadway, Room No. 35.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL PARK LOTS ON 5TH and 8th avs., opposite Central Park.
Also, on the streets adjacent to the Park.
Also, lots on the 6th and 7th avs., above Central Park.
Also, lots in desirable locations for investments or for immediate improvement.
Apply to ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A PERFECT HOMESTEAD; A PICture of beauty and elegance; a country residence, with 37 acres of land, where more pains has been taken, and money expended, to make the house, outbuildings and grounds perfect, than any place of its size in the county; price $37,000 if sold immediately. Inquire of JOHN STEVENS, at Mount Vernon, on the New-Haven Railroad.

FOR SALE—FOUR-STORY BROWN-STONE front house, with stable, and the furniture, which was all new last August, on one of the leading streets to the Central Park, near 5th-av. Also, one brick house, three stories, basement and under-cellar, with all improvements. For full particulars, inquire at the Office, 3d-av. and 79th-st.

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN—TO CLOSE an estate, that large, commodious double house, containing 24 rooms, admirably adapted for a large family or boarding-house, with all modern improvements and 4½ cultivated lots adjoining, on Brooklyn Heights, 10 minutes' walk from Wall or Atlantic Ferries. Address Mc., Box No. 4,871 Post-office.

A VALUABLE CORNER PROPERTY ON BROADWAY AT PRIVATE SALE.—The valuable lot of land situated on the southwest corner of Broadway and Bleecker-st., extending through to and fronting on Mercer-st., being 25 feet in width on Broadway and Mercer-st. by 200 feet in depth on Bleecker-st. Apply to MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

PRODUCTIVE FARM, OF 230 ACRES, in Morris County, N. J.; large and commodious buildings, fruit in abundance, large first-class distillery, cider mills, with fixtures complete; great opening for an enterprising man; will be sold far below its value. JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The three-story, high stoop house No. 36 Livingston-st., with the vacant lot adjacent, comprising a front of 53 feet by about 100 feet deep; the house is well-built and in good order; possession immediately. Apply to JOSEPH RIPLEY & SONS, No. 68 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF 128¾ ACRES, ADjoining Hudson River Railroad at East Haverstraw station, 40 miles from New-York City; splendid view of Highlands, river and country; price only $135 per acre. For full particulars apply to M. K. COUZENS, Agent and Surveyor, Yonkers, N. Y.

YONKERS PROPERTY.—FOR SALE, WITH or without the furniture, a very desirable residence, beautifully located; has all modern conveniences, stable, garden of an acre, fine fruits, &c. If not sold by 1st of November will be rented for 18 months. Apply to T. ASTLEY ATKINS, No. 1 Park-place, N. Y.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL FARM OF 342 acres; good new house; good orchard; good well and springs; 50 acres of the land cleared, the rest in heavy timber. It is splendidly situated in Pennsylvania, five miles from the railroad and eight miles from a newly struck oil well. Address F. C., Box No. 180 Times Office.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—ON 36TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV., ONE of the best and most complete houses in the city, 25x60 feet; lot 25x100 feet; in perfect order throughout, with every modern convenience; for sale with the elegant furniture; price $60,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT THE LOW PRICE OF $5,000, sea shore place, within one hour of New-York, south side Staten Island; house, with five acres land, fronting on the water; sea bathing, fishing and yachting at the door. Also lot, five acres, adjoining; price $2,000. Immediate possession. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, 6 Pine-st.

STABLE FOR SALE IN 18TH-ST., NEAR 5th-av.; 25x82 feet; five stalls, above ground; all furnished in the most perfect manner; possession immediate. Apply to PRINCIPAL, at No. 54 William-st., Room No. 19, from 11 till 2 o'clock.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR A GOOD farm well located, six improved building lots, desirably situated in Harrison-st., Brooklyn; also, other lots for a house, same city. Apply to WHARTON BROTHERS, No. 152 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON TWELFTH-ST., BETWEEN 2d and 3d avs., a first-class four-story brown-stone English basement house, in first-rate order; possession May 1; price $14,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE IN ORANGE COUNTY, 150 acres, suitable for grain or grazing, in a good neighborhood, convenient to a creamery and market; dwelling commands a fine view. Full particulars of C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

PREMIUM FARM OF MORRIS COUNTY, N. J.—415 acres; fine grain, grass or stock farm; will be divided; 250 and 165 acres; having two sets of buildings; but few if any better farms in the State. JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, A FIRST-CLASS brown-stone front house on the Heights, convenient to both Wall-st. and South Ferries; it has all the modern conveniences, and is in excellent condition throughout. Apply to J. IVES, No. 18 Beekman-st., New-York.

EAST RIVER PROPERTY.—A PLOT OF ground, about 160 feet on East River, and running back about 550 feet, with dwelling-house, garden, &c., for sale. B. F. LEE, No. 103 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—ON 5TH-AV., NEAR 14TH-ST., AN elegant house, 30 feet wide, with stable; price $100,000; or to rent furnished without stable. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A TWO AND ONE-HALF-STORY and basement house, with 12 rooms, modern improvements, in perfect order: price $4,500; terms easy. Inquire at premises, No. 343 Dean-st., Brooklyn.

AN ELEGANT FOUR-STORY BROWN-stone house, 25x65, on the best side of 5th-av., above 42d-st, for sale; lot 102. Price $45,000. JOHN S. KELSO, No. 59 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE DWELLING, WITH four or more acres of ground, on Broadway, South Yonkers; plenty of fruit and fine water; location healthy. Apply to ABRAM KNIGHT & SONS, No. 32 Water-st.

FOR SALE—ON 22D-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6th avs., a first-class four-story, brown-stone house, in fine order. Immediate possession. Price, with furniture, $40,000; without furniture, $35,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

CENTRAL BROOKLYN LOTS TO BE sold very cheap, or exchanged for good merchandise or house. J. W. BARTLETT, owner, No. 569 Broadway, New-York. Call and examine maps.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL—FIRST-class four-story and basement house, No. 39 East 33d-st., between Madison and 4th avs.; immediate possession; furniture if desired. Apply on the premises.

A RESIDENCE NEAR THE CITY—GOTHic cottage of 8 rooms, half-acre and stable, fruit, &c., near Harlem, in Westchester County, at $7,000. DEMAREST, Melrose Depot, Westchester County.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement brown-stone front house No. 49 East 31st-st., near Madison-av., 20x60 by about 100 feet lot. Apply to E. S. SHERMAN, No. 253 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE—A TWO-STORY AND ATTIC house on Clinton-st.; $3,500 no price; also, a good house in Brooklyn, $5,000; good order. JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

SPLENDID FARMS, 213 ACRES; 3,000 peach trees; 138 acres, 2,450 fruit trees; 80 and 82 acres each, 1,000 fruit trees; bargains. JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

FOR SALE—IN EAST NEW-YORK, A COTtage house, good garden, seven lots, healthy location, near cars. Inquire of J. WEEKES, No. 62 John-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE—FRUIT AND milk farm, embracing 100 acres, near Rahway, N. J.; $14,000; half on mortgage. THOS. STEWART, 22 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—NEAR TARRYTOWN, A BEAUTIful country residence, fine house, barn and carriage-house, gardener's house, fish-pond; about five acres of land; plenty of choice fruit and shade trees; near the depot; terms easy; price low; immediate possession given. For particulars apply to J. A. KENYON, or A. D. STEPHENS, No. 83 Nassau-st.

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN BROOKLYN—To let till May 1, next; cottage-built house, 2½ stories, eligibly and favorably located, on line of city railroad, within walking distance of the ferries, containing the modern improvements, gas, water, &c., handsomely furnished. Possession immediate. Agents and brokers will not apply. Address E. O. B., Box No. 1,917 New-York Post-office.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BUILDING, COVERing nine lots of ground, with a front on three streets, and a railroad running from the dock to and through it, admirably suited for storage or manufacturing purposes. Call on C. KELSEY, Union Stores, or No. 19 Strong-place, South Brooklyn. Also, a small one-story and basement building, with two lots.

TO LET—IN WILLIAMSBURGH, PLEASANT location, short distance from the ferries, a back basement, (parlor floor furnished,) and four rooms on third floor, to a small family of grown persons. Apply at No. 28 5th-st., Williamsburgh, or to J. H. DOUGHTY, No. 153 Bowery, from 12 to 3.

TO LEASE—FOR FIVE YEARS, FIRST-CLASS four-story basement house on Murray Hill, below 36th-st., near Madison-av., well and fully furnished, to a satisfactory party, at $3,000 per year. Address HOUSE, Box No. 985 New-York Post-Office.

STABLE TO LET.—A NICE AND COMFORTable stable, containing 4 stalls and carriage room, with new improvements, in rear of No. 65 3d-av., between 11th and 12th sts., alley. Inquire of CHAS. SPITZKA, No. 201 1st-av.

A LADY HAVING A HOUSE ELEGANTLY located just above 42d-st., near Broadway, will rent one room to a gentleman; references required. Address E. H. D., Station G.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET TO TWO single gentlemen. Inquire at No. 406 Pearl-st., Room No. 3, second floor.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—ON 5TH-av.; possession given immediately. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., for three days.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—WITHOUT board, to one or two gentlemen; terms moderate. No. 348 West 35th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A SMALL AND RESPONSIBLE family, a high-stoop house, or part of one, containing all modern improvements and in good order; located between Broadway, Waverley-place, 6th-av. and 23d-st. Also, for a physician, within the same locality, two or more rooms suitable for offices. Address PHYSICIAN, Box No. 164 Times Office.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, suitable for housekeeping for a family of three adults, in a house containing modern improvements, situated below 34th-st., and between 1st and 8th avs.; best of reference given. Address, with full particulars, F. F., Station D, Bible House.

WANTED—A FURNISHED COUNTRY COTtage, near depot, by a clergyman, whose careful wife and small family would take the best care of furniture and house. Address, stating location and terms, COTTAGE, Box No. 128 Times Office.

HOUSE WANTED.—WANTED TO PURCHASE for cash, a dwelling house and stable in an unexceptionable neighborhood, situated between 2d and 6th avs. and 17th and 20th sts. Send brief description of property and location, with price and real name of proprietor, to H. S. C., Box No. 174 Times Office.

WANTED—A MEDIUM SIZED HOUSE, FROM 1st November until 1st May next; location between 2d and 9th avs., and 10th and 50th sts. Apply to F. O. X., Box No. 160 Times Office.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A FIRST-CLASS country place, on the south side of Long Island, on the water, with 50 to 100 acres, and good improvements. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED BY A private family, one child only, for the Winter, with all modern conveniences; greatest care taken of furniture, &c. Address Box No. 3,429 Post-office, New-York.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, 2 to 5 rooms, for housekeeping, in a house with an American family, below 25th-st. Address J. C. F., Box No. 111 Times Office.

WANTED TO RENT—A SMALL HOUSE OR part of a house located between Prince and 34th sts. Address, stating rent, &c., W. A. R., Box 134 Times Office.

A SMALL CHURCH OR CHAPEL, TO seat about 200 persons, wanted to hire or purchase for cash. Address Box No. 1,281 Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES SUITable apartments, with board, for himself, wife, three children (one an infant) and nurse. Address, with full particulars as to rooms, terms, &c., S. N., Box No. 1,182 Post-office.

BOARDING.—A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, with extension and bathroom adjoining, to gentlemen only, without meals. Apply at No. 80 10th-st., near 5th-av.; references exchanged.

BOARDING.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, TO A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, a pleasant room at No. 25 Abingdon-square. References exchanged. Dinner at 6 P. M.

BOARDING—PLEASANT SUITES OF ROOMS on parlor and second floor; also, rooms for single gentlemen, neatly furnished; dinner at 6. 34 West 29th-st.

BOARDING.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, AN UNfurnished extension room; also a third-story room. Apply at No. 84 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av.

BOARDING.—SEVERAL PLEASANT ROOMS, suitable for gentlemen, with board, at No. 83 Clinton-place, near 5th-av. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

BOARD WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN DEsires a suite of rooms and board for himself and wife (no children) with a private family, above 20th-st., between 4th and 6th avs. References first-class. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 4,080 Post-office.

FIFTH-AVENUE.—A FAMILY, WHO WILL pay from $100 to $200 per week, can have a parlor and bedrooms, richly furnished, with first-class board, in a strictly private family; highest references and accommodations unsurpassed. Apply at drug-store, corner of Broadway and 28th-st.

IS BOARDING CHEAPER THAN HOUSEKEEPING?—Beautiful suites of rooms at Round Hill Hotel, Northampton, Mass. ROUND HILL MOTORPATHIC WATER CURE. Successful specific treatment for epileptic and nervous fits, partial insanity, spinal difficulties, and weakness from indiscretions, if treated during the cool or cold months.

COUNTRY BOARD—TWO GOOD-SIZED rooms, with double beds, neatly furnished, can be procured for four adults, at the farm of the subscriber. Terms, $8 per week. The location of the house is very agreeable; plenty of shade; fine scenery; pure mountain air. Daily communication with New-York by steamboat. Address H. E., town of Esopus, Ulster Co., N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO OR THREE GENtlemen may obtain board in a small private family, in a very pleasant situation, on the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, about an hour's ride from the city. Address E. A. J., Box No. 726 Post-office.

BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED IN A PRIvate family for adults or children, for the Winter, in Westchester County, near West Farms, on the Boston Road. Rooms large and gas through the house. Address B. T., Morrisania Post-office, N. Y.

BOARD IN PEEKSKILL.—FIRST-CLASS board, at a moderate price, may be obtained in Peekskill, five minutes' walk from the depot. Address Box No. 2,706 Post-office.

FURNISHED ROOMS ON SECOND AND third floors to let, with board, in a private family, on 43d-st., between Broadway and 6th-av. Address C. B., Station G. N. B.—French and English spoken.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET TO GENtlemen, with or without breakfast, at No. 205 West 34th-st.

AUCTION SALES.

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT CAR ENGINES, AND RAILROAD IRON.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS,
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 11, 1865.

Will be sold at CITY POINT, Va., on WEDNESDAY Oct. 11, at 11 o'clock A. M., about four thousand (4,00 tons Railroad Iron.

At PORTSMOUTH, Va., on FRIDAY, Oct. 13, a M.:

Five (5) first-class Locomotive Engines.

About fifty (50) Freight Cars and one (1) Passenger Ca

At NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 13, at 5 P. M.:

One new Locomotive Engine, 5 foot gauge.

At ALEXANDRIA, Va., on TUESDAY, Oct. 17:

Fifty (50) first-class Locomotive Engines, 4 feet 8½ in gauge.

Eighteen (18) new Platform Cars, 5 foot gauge.

Twenty-five (25) new Box Cars, five (5) foot gauge.

About three hundred and fifty (350) Box Cars, 4 feet 8½ inch gauge.

About two hundred and thirty (230) Platform Cars, 4 feet 8½ inch gauge.

About thirty (30) Stock Cars, 4 feet 8½ inch gauge.

Twenty (20) Passenger Cars, 4 feet 8½ inch gauge.

One (1) Wrecking Car, 4 feet 8½ inch gauge.

Two (2) new Trucks.

Sixty (60) new Trucks, framed.

Fourteen (14) Flats, framed.

About two thousand (2,000) tons Railroad Iron.

Sales to commence at ALEXANDRIA at 10 A. M., and to continue from day to day until all are sold.

Terms: Cash, in Government funds.

H. L. ROBINSON,
Brevet Col. and A. Q. M., U. S. Military Railroads

AUCTION.

SALE OF VALUABLE PINE LANDS,
On the 16th of October, inst., at Detroit, Mich.

The subscriber respectfully calls the attention of all persons desirous of making substantial and reliable investments to this property, embracing upward of
300,000 ACRES,
which will be offered at auction on the 16th inst., in tracts, as arranged, of from 500 to 20,000 acres. The
PINE TIMBER
of Michigan is rapidly increasing in value, and no investment can be more desirable. No land will be sold prior to the day of sale, but information may be obtained as to locality, quality and quantity, etc., on application to H. H. DUNCKLEE, No. 2 Cedar-st., N. Y., or by letter to
GEO. S. FROST, Land Commissioner,
Detroit, Mich.

OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1, 1865.

SHEET AND WROUGHT IRON OVENS AT AUCTION.

Will be offered at public auction, in Alexandria, Va., on TUESDAY, the 17th day of October, at 2 P. M., at the Subsistence Store-house:

One hundred and eighty-nine (189) iron field ovens (new,) of wrought and sheet iron, averaging about two and thirty-seven pounds.

Terms—Cash at the time of sale in government funds.
G. BELL, Maj. and C. S., U. S. A.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Pianos, carpets, curtains, mirrors, large amount of china and glass ware, parlor suites, &c., &c. THIS DAY, (Friday,) Oct. 6, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 724 Broadway, near 4th-st., a very large assortment of really good furniture, from a family declining housekeeping. It will embrace every kind and description of goods, thirty or forty carpets, one billiard-table and two piano-fortes, mirrors, curtains, glass ware, &c., &c. Sale will be peremptory.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNDERWRITERS' SALE

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

will sell on

SATURDAY, Oct. 7, 1865,

at 11 o'clock A. M., at foot of Cherry-st.,

the following goods, saved from the fire at Coe's Bonded Warehouse:

RAGS,

HIDES,

HEMP,

GUNNY CLOTH,

DAMAGED WHEAT.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

U. S. GOVERNMENT SALE.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

will sell on FRIDAY, Oct. 6, 1865,

at 11 o'clock A. M.,

at No. 15 State-st., New-York,

by order of Simeon Draper, U. S. Agent—

— bales 4-4 Southern sheetings.

— bales ¾ Southern sheetings.

— bales sheetings, stripe.

— bales Osnaburghs.

— bales drills.

— bales gray cloth.

— bales bags.

18 bales yarn.

15 bales wool.

97 boxes clothing.

219 rolls leather.

60 flasks quicksilver.

Goods can be examined and catalogues will be ready three days before the sale.

CLOSING SALES OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 25, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction, during the month of October, to the highest bidder, at the time and places named below, viz.:

NEW-YORK.

New-York City, TUESDAY of each week—100 horse each day.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

Philadelphia, SATURDAY of each week—100 mules each day.

Harrisburgh, TUESDAY of each week—100 mules each day.

Harrisburgh, THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

Reading, TUESDAY, Oct. 3—150 horses.

Greenburgh, FRIDAY, Oct. 13—150 horses.

Lancaster, THURSDAY, Oct. 19—150 horses.

Pittsburgh, THURSDAY, Oct. 26—150 horses.

Allentown, TUESDAY, Oct. 31—150 horses.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, TUESDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

Wilmington, FRIDAY of each week—100 mules each day.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Oct. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10—150 mules each day.

St. Louis, Oct. 11, 12, 13 and 14—150 horses each day.

St. Louis, Oct. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30 and 31—150 mules each day.

GIESBORO, D. C.

TUESDAY and THURSDAY of each week—100 horses each day.

No sales of mules will take place at WASHINGTON, D. C.

The animals to be sold in October are superior to any heretofore offered to the public. The majority of them are sound and serviceable.

It is expected that at this series of sales all the surplus government animals will be disposed of. Buyers should, therefore, avail themselves of this last opportunity to purchase.

Animals will be sold singly.

Sales to commence at 10 A. M.

Terms—Cash, in United States currency.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Brevet Brigadier-General, in charge First Division Q. M. G. O.

C. H. BOTELER, Jr., Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOSPITAL PROPERTY.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 2, 1865.

Will be exposed at public auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 5, 1865, at the Warehouse, Judiciary-square, Fifth and E sts., under the direction of Capt. Henry Johnson, Med. S. R., U. S. Army, a large lot of serviceable property, consisting of:

Iron bedsteads, blankets, mattresses, hair and shuck; hair pillows, sheets, linen and cotton; mugs, pitchers, knives and forks, spoons, tumblers, bowls, shirts, drawers, socks, &c.

The attention of housekeepers and proprietors of hotels and steamboats, dealers in second-hand material and others, is respectfully called to these sales, as articles are offered in quantities to suit both large and small purchasers.

Terms cash in government funds.

Purchasers are required to pay for and remove their goods within forty-eight hours from date of sale.

These sales will be continued every Thursday at the same place until further notice.

C. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon U. S. Army, Medical Purveyor.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

SALE OF FINE WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, Oct. 6, at 11½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., balance of stock of house declining business, comprising an assortment of imported wines and liquors, most of which are in bond; fine old sherry, Madeira, port and champagne wines; fine old brandies, Jamaica rum and gin, &c., &c.; also, oolong tea, sardines, English mustard, &c., &c.; also, fine old Bourbon whisky, in casks and in cases. The attention of the trade and hotel-keepers and the public generally is especially called to this sale, as well worthy of attention.

Also, immediately after catalogue sale, for account of whom it may concern, 227 cases of wines and brandies, 4 casks of St. Emelion, Sauterne and other wines, 8 barrels of sherry wine, one barrel of Absinthe.

Will be positively sold without reserve.

OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 1, 1865.

AUCTION SALE OF HIDES, TALLOW, &c.

Will be sold at public auction, at 6th-st. Wharf, Washington, D. C., on THURSDAY, the 12th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

663	salted beef hides,
106	dry beef hides,
1,232	sheep skins,
7	calf skins,
5,391	pounds beef tallow,
60	pounds mutton tallow,
2,000	pounds wool,
262	gallons neatsfoot oil,
10,546	pounds bones,
773	pairs beef horns,
303	pounds cracklings,
1,500	assorted barrels.

Terms—Cash, at the time of sale, in government funds.
G. BELL, Major and C. S., U. S. A.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, Oct. 19, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, under the direction of MOSES TAYLOR, EDWARD BEMENT and PHILO C. CALHOUN, assignees of Morris Ketchum, the lot of land on the northwest corner of 5th-av. and 38th-st., being 26 feet 9 inches front on the avenue, and 100 feet deep on 38th-st., together with the adjoining lot on 38th-st., being 17 feet front on the street and 48 feet 9 inches deep, with the first-class four-story brown-stone front house thereon, being 26 feet 9 inches on the avenue and 117 feet deep on 38th-st. The house is wainscotted, with black walnut, from the first story to the attic, and is in every respect a first-class dwelling. Also the lot with the two-story brick building used as a stable on the northerly side of 39th-st., 120 feet west of Madison-av., 24 feet in width by 98 feet 9 inches in depth. The stable is complete in every respect, containing stalls for six horses, cow, &c. The upper part is fitted up for a dwelling for a coachman and his family. Also the lot of land with the four-story English-basement house thereon on the northerly side of West 36th-st., 407 feet 6 inches westerly from the northwesterly corner of 5th-av. and West 36th-st., and known as No. 31 West 36th-st., being 18 feet 9 inches in width by 98 feet 9 inches in depth.

These three parcels are believed to be free from all incumbrances except a life estate of Mary Munroe, in the 36th-st. property, and the incoate right of dower of Mrs. Margaret Ketchum in all three parcels; which incumbrance, if not provided for before the day of sale, the purchaser must arrange for or take the premises subject to. Terms, 10 per cent., and the auctioneer's fees on the day of sale, and the remainder in cash, at No. 40 Exchange-place, (the office of the assignees,) on Nov. 20, at 12 M., at which time and place the usual Trustee's deed will be given. The furniture, which is all adapted to the house, now in the premises, corner of 5th-av. and 38th-st., may be taken by the purchaser at an appraisal, or if not so taken, it will be sold at the house on some day between Oct. 19 and Nov. 20, of which notice will be given hereafter. For cards of admission to the houses, which can be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from 11 to 1 o'clock, apply to the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

H. H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction, on FRIDAY, Oct. 6, at 11 o'clock, at their gallery, No. 93 Liberty-st., a few doors west of Broadway,

VALUABLE PRIVATE COLLECTION OF MODERN OIL PAINTINGS,

belonging to a gentleman leaving the city, also several fine old paintings, comprising the works of Thomas Cole, Bernard, Brownell, Myerheim, Webb, E. D. Lewis, E. H. Hill, Pierson, Coleman, Carl Schultz, Walker, Lawman, Foster, Jules Noel, Benson, Martin De Vos, Hograth, Tintoretto, Diepenbeck, De La Croix, Deldemacker, and others.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF 80 VALUABLE lots, by order of Ellen M. Murray, executrix, and Bernard McCafferty, executor, of the estate of Peter Murray, deceased.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS, & CO., will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Nov. 14, 1865, at 12 o'clock M, at the Exchange Saleroom, No. 111 Broadway, about 80 valuable lots, situated on 11th-av., 76th, 77th, 78th and 92d sts., between the 9th and 11th avs. 70 per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage for five or ten years.

Further particulars hereafter.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

H. H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction, on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st., ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of a general assortment, removed for convenience of sale, including parlor, dining-room, library and chamber furniture, carpets, mirrors, curtains, &c.; plated ware, china, crockery, glassware, &c.; also, an assortment of kitchen furniture.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, on FRIDAY, Oct. 6, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., a large assortment of office furniture—Chairs, bookcases, office desks, oilcloths, matting, revolving chairs, iron safes, &c.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER FRENCH INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN—Nos. 48 and 50 East 24th-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 19. Boarding and day school. Boys prepared for college, business, West Point and the navy school. French is the language used at large, and is taught, spoken without interfering with other studies. The prospectus contains the names of the pupils and their parents during the past ten years. A primary department for young boys over seven.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL,

No. 923 Broadway, northwest corner of 21st-st., now open.

Pupils prepared for School of Mines and Colleges.

THE RIVERDALE INSTITUTE.

A Collegiate School for young ladies, will commence its third year on the third MONDAY of September.

Address the Rector, Rev. WM. C. LEVERETT, M. A., Riverdale on the Hudson.

Circulars may be had of Samuel D. Babcock, No. 3 Nassau-st., or of Henry F. Spaulding, No. 53 Park-place, New-York.

MRS. AND MISS STEERS'

French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 56 West 11th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 21. The class for boys under ten will reopen at No. 68, and will be enlarged by request.

MRS. MACAULAY'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 253 Madison-avenue, corner 40th-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, September 20th.

For particulars address as above.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,

NOS. 487, 489, 491 FIFTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK, will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.
H. M. PIERCE, President

THIRTEENTH SEASON—1865-1866, OF

Mr. HENRY GEBHARD'S GYMNASIUM,
No. 161 5th-av., corner of 22d-st.

Classes for ladies, gentlemen, misses and masters. Instruction in light gymnastics, skating, archery and dancing. General gymnastics and fencing for gentlemen.

ESSEX SEMINARY, ESSEX, CONN.

A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
M. A. CUMMINGS, A. M., Principal.
GILES POTTER, A. M., Associate Principal.

For circulars address the Principal; a request for an interview with him will receive prompt attention, as he is in New-York City every week.

MISS KENNEDY'S

French and English boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 41 West 16th-st., New-York, will reopen Sept. 20. Miss KENNEDY receives a very limited number of boarding pupils, who are under her own constant supervision, have a French resident governess, and every facility for acquiring a thorough and accomplished education. Address as above for circulars.

MR. ROBERT GOLDBECK

Will reopen his classes for instruction in the Theory of Music, on TUESDAY, Oct. 17, at Steinway's Rooms, No. 71 East 14th-st. Circulars can be obtained at the principal music stores.

HENRY-STREET GRAMMAR SCHOOL, AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY,

No. 292 Henry-st., near Grand.
JOSEPH L. MARSHALL, Rector.

MRS. WILLIAMES'

English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 26 West 39th-st., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

HOBART HALL, 98 WEST 37th-ST., N.Y.

Enlarged accommodations for young ladies resident in the family. Eleventh session begins THURSDAY, Sept. 1. Address J. J. ELMENDORF, Rector.

TOWNSEND'S COMMERCIAL ACADEMY

No. 260 Bowery, below Houston-st.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING for ladies and gentlemen.
PRIVATE INSTRUCTION in all the English branches.

MR. CORNWALL

Will reopen his School for Boys, No. 55 West 32d-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 18.

MRS. Z. R. PLUMB'S

Academy of Physical Culture, No. 59 West 14th-st., reopens MONDAY, Oct. 2.

MRS. J. W. BLIGH'S

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 48 West 17th-st., reopened Sept. 21.

R. P. JENKS'

School will reopen at No. 1,182 Broadway, three doors above 28th-st., on MONDAY, Sept. 11.

ELOCUTION AND VOCAL CULTURE.

PROF. J. E. FROBISHER.
Address No. 122 East 18th-st.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY, AT WESTCHESTER.—The duties of this institution will be resumed on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 7.

The following gentlemen compose the Board of Trustees: Hon. James Pollock, LL. D., President; Capt. Wm. Apple, Vice-President; W. E. Barber, Esq., Secretary; James H. Orne, Esq., Treasurer; Rev. Richard Newton, D. D.; Rev. Thomas Brainerd, D. D.; Hon. Oswald Thomson, Hon. Chas. O'Neill, Hon. W. E. Lehman, Maj.-Gen. S. W. Crawford, Col. Wm. Bell Waddell, Major Wayne McVeagh, Messrs. Joseph B. Townsend, James L. Claghorn, Chas. B. Dungan, Geo. I. Russell, Wm. L. Springs, Addison May and T. B. Peterson.

Cadets may pursue an English, classical or scientific course of studies, at the option of parents. The academic staff is composed of twelve professors and instructors, who have been educated in our best institutions, and have had an extensive and successful experience in the training of youth. A graduate of the United States Military Academy, of experience and ability, conducts the military department. The moral and religious instruction of the cadets is carefully attended to. For circulars apply to CHARLES H. ROGERS, Esq., a patron of the academy, at No. 80 Wall-st., New-York, or to
Col. THEO. HYATT,
President Pennsylvania Military Academy.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington Square, (Classical, Mathematical, Foreign Languages, Commercial and Primary,) GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector, opens Sept. 11. Catalogues at Broadway bookstores and at the Institute, where pupils of all ages are admitted at any time and prepared *thoroughly* for business or college.

MISS MULLER WILL REOPEN HER French, German and English school for young ladies and little girls on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 25 East 15th-st., (in the church.) There will be a special class for advanced pupils, and Dr. Crosby, (No. 306 2d-av.,) has kindly allowed Miss Muller to refer to him. Circulars may be had at the school, or at Mr. Christern's bookstore, No. 763 Broadway.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, No. 18 Cooper Union, New-York.—Individual instruction. Special preparation for any college or scientific school. Academic, collegiate, civil and mechanical engineering courses given. Open day and evening. Prof. J. G. FOX, A. M., Principal.

JOHN MAC MULLEN'S CLASSICAL, French, English and Primary School, No. 900 Broadway, corner of 20th-st., was reopened on THURSDAY, Sept. 14. Circulars at the bookstore of Mitchell & Seixas, No. 911 Broadway, and at Corwin's, No. 900 Broadway.

THE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND CLASSICAL School of Dr. F. BERTHET and B. BRAMAN, will open Sept. 18, at No. 920 Broadway. There is a gymnasium. For circulars apply at Lockwood's, No. 411 Broadway.

MR. LEGGETT'S CLASSICAL, FRENCH, German and English School, with Gymnasium, No. 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 11. Circulars at the school; Lockwood's, No. 411, and Segee's, No. 826 Broadway.

THE NEW-YORK HIGH SCHOOL, EBBITT HALL, Nos. 55, 57, 59 and 61 West 33d-st. English, French and Classical. Pupils prepared for business, college, West Point or the Naval School. Reopens on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13. P. M. W. REDFIELD.

MRS. STAATS' SELECT BOARDING-SCHOOL, Norwalk, Conn., for young misses under 14. Number limited to 10. Winter term begins the first WEDNESDAY in November. For circulars address Box No. 160 Norwalk, Conn.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding school for boys. The fifty-sixth semi-annual session will commence WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For circulars apply to the principal,
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL, STAMFORD, CONN.—Boys will be fitted for college or business; Fall term will commence Sept. 12. For particulars, address the principal, W. C. GINN.
STAMFORD, Conn., August, 1865.

J. HARRIS PATTON'S CLASSICAL, English and French school, at No. 1,149 Broadway, between 26th and 27th sts., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 18.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S FRENCH AND English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., Murray Hill, two doors from 5th-av., New-York, will reopen Sept. 21. Address as above.

MRS. BROWN'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 71 West 23d-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 19.

E. A. GIBBENS' CLASSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 54 West 32d-st., corner of Broadway.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y., one hour's ride from the city, by Harlem Railroad. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, A. M.

MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 18, at No. 65 West 34th-st., one door west of Broadway. Residence 66 East 17th-st.

THE MISSES MEIKLEHAM, NO. 151 West 26th-st., will open a school for young children on Sept. 25.

HOME AND SCHOOL FOR BOYS UNDER 12, Hempstead Institute, Long Island, N. Y.
E. HINDS, A. M., Principal.

THE MISSES WALKER REOPENED their day school for young ladies, No. 132 Madison-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT NO. 53½ WEST 32d-st. CHARLES D. MORRIS, M. A., late Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford.

PIANO, GUITAR, VIOLIN AND SINGING.—Lessons strictly private. Address PROFESSOR, No. 543 Broadway, for circular, or call at No. 645 6th-av.

MISS BEAN'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for young ladies, No. 21 Brevoort-place, reopens Sept. 20.

THE MISSES WATSON HAVE A FEW more vacancies in their Day and Family Boarding School at No. 82 East 15th-st.

THE MISSES MASON WILL REOPEN their school for young ladies, Sept. 20, at No. 116 West 21st-st., (old No. 74.)

REV. MR. TYNG'S SCHOOL FOR A limited number of boys, No. 907 Broadway. Circulars with terms, references, &c., as above.

THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL for Young Ladies and Misses, No. 236 West 20th-st., will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 12.

ACADEMY OF NEW GYMNASTICS, NO. 108 West 36th-st., between Broadway and 8th-av. New-York. Opens Oct. 2. EMMA E. SMITH, Principa.

MISS M. W. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL, NO. 224 East 10th-st., will be reopened Sept. 11.

INSTRUCTION.

COLUMBIA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NOS. 327 and 329 4th-av. Rev. Dr. GEORGE W. BACON, LL.B., Principal; Dr. RICHARD S. BACON, LL.B., Vice-Principal, with nine assistant instructors. Three departments—Classical, Commercial and Preparatory. All the advantages of the institution, including modern languages, gymnasium and military drill, are open to every pupil, without extra charge. Pupils coming from a distance will be received into the families of the instructors. Catalogues containing full particulars at the book-stores and School.

DR. DWIGHT'S SCHOOL IS AT NO. 1,144 Broadway, near 26th-st. The following parents have sons in it, and have had for two years past: William M. Evarts, Rev. Dr. E. H. Chapin, Wm. A. Booth, Judge D. P. Ingraham, Joseph Nason, E. T. Tefft, Z. Ely, Rev. Dr. D. B. Coe, S. L. Mitchell, D. Perkins.

GARDNER INSTITUTE.—ENGLISH and French boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 16 East 28th-st. (bet. Madison and 5th avs.,) will reopen Sept. 19. C. H. GARDNER, Principal.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S

French and English Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 11 West 36th-st., will reopen on the 20th September. Mrs. REED is at home.

References: Bishop Potter, Bishop Kip, Rev. W. B. Sprague, D. D., Hon. M. Fillmore, Major-Gen. Dix, Hon. W. Hunt, Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., Henry A. Smythe, Esq., Edwin Hoyt, Esq., Hon. Erastus Corning, &c.

M. W. LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

Nos. 161 5th-av. and 937 Broadway, corner of 22d-st., reopens Sept. 18. The large increase of pupils necessitated its removal. The rooms now occupied have lofty ceilings, are all upon the same floor and heated by steam. For spaciousness, light, ventilation, ease of access and of supervision, indeed for all school purposes, they cannot well be surpassed. Parents are invited to call. Several names of last year's patrons follow as references:

H. M. Alexander.	Wm. E. Dodge.	Robert Schell.
John Auchincloss.	Henry Day.	John Sherwood.
A. M. Allerton.	Geo. De Forest.	W. L. Skidmore.
Chas. G. Barrett.	Edmund Dwight.	Cyrus A. Smith.
John S. Boyd.	O. D. F. Grant.	James Stokes.
Wm. A. Butler.	Oliver Harriman.	Chas. N. Talbot.
Benj F. Butler.	Enoch Ketcham.	John C. Tucker.
Alb. W. Canfield.	Alex. Knox.	H. C. Van Vorst.
L. B. Cannon.	Calvin E. Knox.	Ralph Wells.
John. R. Cecil.	Lewis Roberts.	John C. Work.
Kenny Couillard.	D. S. Schanck.	Thos. S. Young.

THE LATE MRS. G. ANTHON CALLENDER'S
French and English Boarding and Day School,
No. 32 East 21st-st.,
Will reopen Sept. 20, under the charge of Miss ARMSTRONG, the former superintendent, and will be conducted with the same teachers, and upon the same principles heretofore so successfully carried out.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,

YONKERS, N. Y.
Boarding School for Boys.
W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York, or BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers.

MRS. FITZ-HENRI'S

English and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 40 Irving-place, will reopen on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20.

125TH-ST. AND 5TH-AV.—COLONNADE House reopened Sept. 19. Professors of eminence employed in the various departments. Stages in attendance for young ladies at a distance.

MILITARY, CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y. For circulars, address C. RUTHERFORD, A. M., Principal.

FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL FOR girls, White Plains, N. Y., one hour's ride from the city by Harlem Railroad. Principal, Mrs. R. B. SEARLES.

BERKSHIRE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR Boys, Stockbridge, Mass.—The Winter term will open TUESDAY, Oct. 4. For circulars apply to
F. HOFFMAN, Principal.

SELECT FAMILY BOARDING SCHOOL, at Bay Side House, 39th-st., Brooklyn. French and Spanish spoken in the school. Principal, Prof. GEO. TREGENT.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF THE UNIVERSITY, opposite Washington-square.
PRIMARY, COMMERCIAL, CLASSICAL,
prepares for College, Business, Naval School, West Point.

THE MISSES BUCKNALL'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school, No. 3 West 37th-st., second door from the 5th-av., will reopen Sept. 18, 1865.

MISS SCHENKBERG DESIRES TO fill a few vacancies in her class of young ladies, which will open Sept. 20, at No. 107 (old No. 65) West 21st-st.

A HOME FOR SIX BOYS, WITH SPECIAL CARE and instruction. Rev. JAS. TUFTS, Monson, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced cook; understands all kinds of soups, game and poultry; is an excellent baker, and can make all kinds of desserts and jellies; can give the best of city reference. Call at No. 79 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE CITY BY a person who is competent to attend on a sick lady; would read and write for her if necessary; would go as housekeeper in a private family; best city reference can be given. Can be seen at No. 304 Mulberry-st., from 9½ A. M. until 4 P. M.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble Protestant woman as good, plain cook and to assist in washing and ironing in a small, private family; the best of city reference from last place; the city preferred. Call at No. 95 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL A SITuation in a private family; is a good cook and an excellent washer and ironer, also a good baker; best city reference from her last place. Call at No. 125 West 33d-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as plain cook, washer and ironer, and assist at the chamberwork and waiting, or do the work of a small family; has good reference. Call at No. 411 2d-av, second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG WOMEN, SITUations; one as chambermaid and waitress, the other as cook; is a Protestant; understands meats, game, bread and pastry; have six years' reference from their last place. Call at No. 61 West 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT ENGLISH WOman a situation as cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has excellent city reference; no objection to the country; can be seen at the Protestant Agency, No. 125 4th-av., near 13th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as first-class laundress; thoroughly understands her business, fluting and mangling; good reference. Call, for two days, at No. 61 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as chambermaid and waitress; best of references can be given. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 73 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A SITuation to do chamberwork and plain sewing; good city references. Call for two days at No. 483½ 3d-av., between 34th and 35th sts.; second floor, back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman as nurse; is fully competent to take the entire charge of an infant from its birth; best of city reference. Call, for two days, at No. 303 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl in a small private family, as cook, washer and ironer; good references. Call for two days at No. 322 7th-av., Room No. 5, between 30th and 31st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND sewer, or chambermaid, city or country, by a woman who understands the care of children from their birth. Call at No. 103 36th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl to do chamberwork and fine washing in a small private family; best city references given. Call at No. 213 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WELSH GIRL, to do chamberwork and waiting; the best of references. Can be seen at No. 200 West 25th-st., top floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young, healthy woman, as wet nurse, with a fresh breast of milk, in a respectable family. Apply at No. 57 Gouverneur-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, a situation; she is fully competent; can give the best of references. Can be seen for two days, at No. 111 West 17th-st.

WANTED.—A LADY IS DESIROUS OF PROcuring a good situation for a middle-aged woman, who has been with the family for the last nine years. Apply at No. 276 Lexington-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; UNDERstands her business thoroughly; no objection to do part of the washing; good city reference. Call at No. 94 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITuation as laundress; can do French fluting; good references. Call, for two days, at No. 73 West 17th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR WAITRESS, WITH excellent city reference, a situation in a private family or boarding-house, as thorough chambermaid and fine washer; wages $10. Call at No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; good references. Can be seen for two days, at No. 462 6th-av., corner 28th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as laundress and chambermaid; she can be seen between the hours of 10 and 12, at the residence of her late employer, No. 7 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as seamstress; can cut and fit children's clothes; has no objections to see to children; best of city reference. Call at the millinery-store No. 665 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOman as lady's maid and hairdresser; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses; best city reference. Apply at No. 36 East 18th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble young woman, to do chamberwork and assist in the washing and ironing; best city reference. Apply at her present employer's, No. 29 East 24th-st.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED LADY'S maid, a situation to go to Europe; she is not sick at sea, and has six years' reference from her last place. Address for three days G. E., Box No. 884 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as nurse and seamstress; has first-class reference. Call at No. 147 East 35th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTAble woman as first-class cook; has the best of city reference. Call at No. 101 East 4th-st., near 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook by a respectable woman; best of city reference from her last place. Call at No. 266 1st-av., for two days.

AT THE FRENCH INSTITUTE OF M. C. GAILLARD, 4th-av., near 9th-st., the families can find besides French and German help, male and female, entirely first-class English and Irish girls as cooks, waitresses, chambermaids, laundresses, nurses, seamstresses, &c., &c.; Catholics and Protestants. Wanted, at the same place, three French nurses, two ladies' maids, three women cooks, two German cooks and one German nurse.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG married man as gardener, who truly understands the care of hot and cold graperies, green-house plants, and is a good propagater for all kinds of plants and flowers, &c.; can make all kinds of rustic works to improve a gentleman's country place; has good recommendations from his employers. Address J. C. D., Box No. 135 Times Office, for three days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MAN AND HIS wife, on a farm; he understands farming and gardening thoroughly, and she is an excellent laundress and understands dairy and general housework well; will go at moderate wages for the Winter. Apply to M. WALLACE, No. 173 Broadway, between Lee-av. and Wilson-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single young German; has had many years' experience; will be found an honest, sober and respectable man, who thoroughly understands his business; best of city reference. Address, for two days, A. B. C., Box No. 193 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single man who is well acquainted with the business in all its branches; can give the best of reference; has no objection to go South. Apply to P. L., at No. 807 Broadway, in the seed-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant young man as coachman in a nice family in the city or country; has good reference from his last employer; country preferred. Address T. J., Box No. 212 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A young man who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; will be found willing and obliging; can be well recommended from his last employer. Address C. B., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; is willing to be generally useful; is a good and careful driver, and well recommended from his last place; no objections to the country. Apply at No. 382 Broadway, harness store.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A PROTEStant man as coachman; will be found thoroughly competent and reliable in every respect. Can be seen at his present employer's, No. 27 West 33d-st., from 9 till 12 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family by a first-class man, a single man, a Protestant; has got best of city reference. Address P. R., Mr. Rogers' book store, No. 54 East 12th-st., first door from Broadway.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT AS COACHMAN BY a single man, who understands the care and management of horses; is a careful driver; has eight years' references. Can be seen at No. 219 Bowery, in the saddler's store; inquire for J. G.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION IN A private family by a respectable man, who thoroughly understands his business. Can furnish first-class reference as to sobriety and capability. Address B. G., Box No. 219 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR coachman and gardener, by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business in both branches, as reference will certify. Address A. K., for two days, Box No. 194 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman, or groom and coachman; perfectly understands the above business, which his references will certify, and will be found obliging; the best of references. Address T. M., Box No. 220 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED German farmer; he is willing to make himself generally useful on the place; his wife is a good cook, washer and ironer. Apply at the German Employment Office, No. 154 4th-av., near 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A WILLING AND obliging Protestant young man, to be generally useful on a farm; is a good farmer and plain gardener, a careful driver and an excellent groom. Call at No. 404 6th-av.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION IN A private family by a competent Protestant man; understands his business thoroughly; can furnish first-class reference as to sobriety and capability. Address W. G., Box No. 216 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY a respectable single man; can give the best city reference. Can be seen at Wood & Brother's carriage depository, No. 865 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as coachman; is experienced and well recommended from his last place; no objection to the country. Address W. J., Box No. 200 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a first-class man; can give the best of city references. Address for two days, at P. Trainor's saddlery-store, No. 741 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waiter in a private family, by a single man; good reference. Address WAITER, drug-store, corner of 22d-st. and Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY REspectable man as coachman, or coachman and groom; can be well recommended by his last employer. Address P. B., Box No. 210 Times Office.

WANTED—A POSITION AS BOOK-KEEPER or an assistant, by a young man who has had experience and can give the best of city references. Address INDUSTRY, Box No. 133 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman, or to take care of one or two horses; can make himself generally useful; good city reference will be given. Address J. M. C., Box No. [illegible] Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a single man, who thoroughly understands the care of horses and carriages; can give the very best of city reference. Address H. F., Box No. 212 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN OR groom by a young man, who can give the very best of city or country reference. Address R. L., Box No. 198 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN, lately discharged from the army, as light porter; best of references for ability and honesty. Inquire of Case & Co., No. 19 Beekman-st., for PHILIP RILEY.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waiter in a private family by a single man; good reference. Call or address WAITER, drug-store, corner 22d-st. and Broadway.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; practically understands his business, and has some knowledge of veterinary. Can be seen at No. 83 East 19th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN AND groom, for a private family, in country or city. Can be seen at No. 200 West 25th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION as teamster or coachman; knows all about the business. Address J. B., Box No. 211 Times Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN A situation as valet to a single gentleman. Address, by letter, J. G., No. 52 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE American young man as coachman; good references given. Address W. L. M., Box No. 212 Times Office.

THE ADVERTISER, INCAPACITATED for active business by paralysis of the right side, seeks light work in a store or office at a moderate salary; satisfactory references as to integrity and fidelity. Address JAMES, Box No. 192 Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A GOOD, INTELLIGENT AMERican boy of twelve or sixteen years of age, to attend an office; must reside with his parents in the city and give good reference; must answer this in his own handwriting, and address box No. 160 Times Office. To such an one as will suit and be faithful, a good chance will be given and steady employment.

WANTED—AN HONEST, SOBER AND INDUStrious married man, without incumbrance, as gardener and coachman, colored or German preferred; must understand his business and have good recommendations. Address or call at Room No. 7, No. [illegible] Broadway, between 10 and 3.

WANTED—A SALESMAN W[illegible] GOOD trade, near by preferred, in a wholesale clothing house; can make a desirable arrangement, to take effect now or beginning of the ensuing year. Address Box No. 356 Post-office.

WANTED—FOR AN OSTRICH FEATHER MANufacturing business a young man 15 to 18 years of age, who understands book-keeping, can make himself useful, and can give best references. Inquire of FERD. T. MOSES, No. 38 Lispenard-st.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN EVERYWHERE, as agents; salary, commission and expenses paid. Samples and circulars sent by mail for 25 cents. WHITNEY & SON, No. 453 Broadway, (Room No. [illegible]) New-York.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS AND CHAMBERmaid; city references required. Call at No. 5 East 27th-st., between 9 and 11 A. M.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO TAKE CHARGE of a set of books. Apply at No. [illegible] Broadway after 10 o'clock A. M.

800 WOVEN SKIRT HANDS WANTED—To work on Frames, Spangling and Trimming. Having refitted our manufactory, No. 97 Chambers-st., and Nos. 79 and 81 Reade-st., we offer extra inducements to good skirt hands. Having a large manufactory at No. 145 West 29th-st., beside the one in Chambers-st., we can accommodate hands living up town, or in Williamsburgh, Brooklyn, Jersey City, or Staten Island. 34 cents per hundred springs paid for 11 tape skirts and no gluing. Apply immediately at No. 81 Reade-st., or No. 145 West 29th-st.
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,
Sole Manufacturers of the Duplex Elliptic (or Double) Spring Skirt.

WOVEN SKIRT HANDS WANTED IN all the different departments. Apply immediately at the Duplex Elliptic Skirt Manufactories at No. 81 Reade-st., or No. 145 West 29th-st.
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY.

SPANGLER'S SKIRT HANDS AND TRIMMERS WANTED.—Experienced hands will apply immediately at the Duplex Elliptic Skirt Manufactories, at No. 81 Reade-st., or No. 145 West 29th-st.
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY.

FURNITURE.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS., (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, BEDDING, &c.—Cheapest at SNEDEN & CAMPBELL'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call and save money. Goods warranted. Delivered free. You will be served promptly and honorably. Furniture in suites.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster Established 1843.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE.—The best assortment of enameled furniture, in all colors and styles, walnut and chestnut, plain and ornamental, in suites, wholesale and retail. Also, mattresses and paillasses. WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.—TEACHERS' DESKS and chairs, tables, bank and office desks, &c., lecture-room and school settees. All other kinds of school material. ROBT. PATON, No. 24 Grove-st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 6, 1865.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the Times (Daily) is Four Cents.
To Mail Subscribers per annum....................$10 00
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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

To Our Subscribers.

We have frequent complaints that persons ordering the Times from our carriers are served with other papers instead. They will confer a special favor upon us by immediately reporting every instance of the kind to the Times Office.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM—Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway—Mammoth Fat Women, Nova Scotia Giant Girl, The Circassian Family, W. B. Harrison, the Comic Extemporaneous Singer. Afternoon at 3—Asmodeous—Is He Jealous. Evening at 7¾—Roll of the Drum—Our Sallie.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Un Ballo in Maschera.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE—Hamlet—His Last Legs—Glance at New-York.

WALLACK'S—The Double Gallant.

WINTER GARDEN—Our American Cousin.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—The Ravels—Rough Diamond—The Red Gnome.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—Lolah.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE—The Avalanche—The Red Gnome—The Sanctuary.

BROADWAY THEATRE—The Woman in Red.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS—Les Miserables—The Power of Music—Prestidigatator—Jack Cade.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS—The Fall of Mexico.

AMERICAN THEATRE—No. 444 BROADWAY—Grand Entertainment.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON—New-York Circus.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE—Grand National Exhibition.

No. 807 BROADWAY—Victoria Regia.

NO. 625 BROADWAY—Republican Court Picture.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL NEWS.

Sewell Wortley, of Lynchburgh, Superintendent of the Quartermaster's office, under Capt. Alberger, and John Odell, one of Baker's detectives, severally testified as to their looking down through a hole on the movements of Gen. Briscoe in the room below, where the money was deposited. The latter subsequently searched Gen. Briscoe, and found the missing treasure in his private office. The money and bullion, and the money bags and packages, were identified by this witness. Odell, during his cross-examination, said that at his second interview with Capt. Alberger, at Gordonsville, he said Gen. Briscoe had spoken to him on the matter, and proposed to get him out of the difficulty by throwing suspicion on a former rebel officer who was the owner of the safes. In conversation Capt. Alberger said they appeared to be down on him. After Gen. Briscoe's arrest he said to the witness: "I thought I was a better detective than you. I wanted to get the principal." The witness replied: "I don't see how you can catch the principal after having committed the burglary yourself."

Maj.-Gen. A. A. Humphreys, commanding the District of Pennsylvania, has announced the following officers as members of his staff: Major and Brevet Col. John S. Schultze, U. S. V., Assistant Adjutant-General; Capt. Cyrus S. Haldeman, U. S. V., Assistant Adjutant-General; Capt. Charles H. Campbell, U. S. V., Assistant Adjutant-General; Major and Brevet Lieut.-Col. H. H. Humphreys, U. S. V., Aid-de-Camp and Acting Assistant Inspector-General; Capt. H. C. Christiancy, U. S. V., Aid-de-Camp; First Lieut. E. A. Belgar, Third U. S. Infantry, Aid-de-Camp; Surgeon John Campbell, Major and Brevet Colonel, U. S. A., Surgeon-in-Chief; Major and Brevet Col. C. H. Meneely, Additional Aid-de-Camp, Commissary of Musters; Capt. Brownell Granger, C. S. U. S. V., Acting Chief Commissary of Subsistence; Capt. A. S. Ashmead, A. Q. M. U. S. V., Acting Chief Quartermaster; Capt. W. H. Dunbar, Forty-eighth Regiment New-York Volunteers, Acting Chief Ordnance Officer.

The agreement between Hiram Sibley, representative of the American Western Union Telegraph Company, shows that Russia grants the exclusive right of telegraphing for thirty-three years from the opening of the line, and will grant a further term at the Emperor's option. In order to encourage the undertaking, the government grants to the company an allowance of forty per cent. on the net produce of dispatches transmitted by it over the lines to and from America, and the Minister of Public Utility will adopt the measures necessary for securing the company's telegraph from being maliciously injured by the local population.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* states that complaint is made that too much ammunition is finding its way to Southern ports. There was no limit fixed upon the amount that was allowed to be shipped, and hence, if the quantity going forward is dangerous to the peace of the nation, the government is alone responsible. A statement upon this subject will probably be called for at the hands of the collectors of the Northern ports, and, if the complaint that the shipments are too large for safety is found correct, an order reducing them to a certain standard will no doubt be issued.

The turreted monitor *Manayunk*, built at a cost of $680,000, by a firm in Pittsburgh, and finished off at Cairo, had a trial trip a day or two ago. A run of sixteen miles up the Ohio was made in three hours and forty minutes, which is pronounced good time for vessels of her class. An order, the Cincinnati *Times* says, has been issued for all the monitors lying off Cairo to leave for Delaware Bay as soon as the stage of water in the Mississippi will allow. It is not believed, however, that they can get away before next Spring.

Brevet. Maj.-Gen. Corse, commanding the District of Minnesota, has ordered that the sentence of the Military Commission in the case of Tah-ta-chash-na-manne alias Medicine Bottle, and Shakopee alias Little Six, shall be carried into execution under the direction of Col. R. N. McLaren, Second Minnesota Volunteer Cavalry, First Sub-District, at Fort Snelling, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the 11th day of October, inst., between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 3 o'clock P. M. of said day.

Gov. Perry's State militia, it is said, will not be interfered with, though, of course, he had no authority for ordering their enrollment. The precedent having been set, however, in Mississippi, it cannot well be receded from; and hence, it is presumed, all the States will be allowed to organize home forces, to a moderate extent, for their better defence.

The "New-York Petroleum Prize Company," which has been doing quite a business in the cities and towns in the western part of the State, has been brought to grief in Troy, some of those who patronized it having brought charges of swindling against the managers.

In the Connecticut town elections the Republicans are ahead throughout the State, as usual. The amendment was not made a test party question, on account of the numbers of the Republicans who voted against it or did not vote at all.

Mr. L. Pope Walker, the first so-called Secretary of War of the so-called Confederate States, has received a pardon-paper from President Johnson. Mr. Walker was the officer who ordered Beauregard to open fire upon Fort Sumter.

Major-Gen. D. N. Couch has committed political suicide by accepting the nomination for Governor, tendered him by the Massachusetts Democrats. He never led a more forlorn hope than this on any battle-field.

We learn that the President has ordered the release of Gov. Clark, of Mississippi, who has been imprisoned for some months past at Fort Pulaski, near Savannah.

The Fifty-eighth New-York Infantry are expected home on Saturday, having left Louisville on Wednesday.

The Republicans of Lawrence, Mass., are trying to nominate Gen. Banks for Congress in place of Gen. Gooch, who resigns.

The *Little Ada*, a small steam revenue cutter is now at Oswego on Lake Ontario, having made her way up by way of the River St. Lawrence.

Secretary Seward is on a visit to Auburn, N. Y., and will be absent from the State Department for about ten days.

Henry P. Walker is recognized as British Consul for North and South Carolina, to reside in Charleston.

There was a flurry of snow in Philadelphia on Wednesday evening, lasting nearly half an hour.

LOCAL NEWS.

In the Supreme Court, yesterday, an important opinion was delivered by Justice Barnard, in the case of the New-York hackmen who were arrested about ten days ago for an alleged violation of the corporation ordinances, in leaving their coaches, crowding on the piers and boats, and forcing themselves into railroad cars just arrived, for the purpose of importuning passengers. The Court held, among other things, "that there is no law or authority to arrest any one for peaceably soliciting the patronage of a traveler, and that any citizen, duly licensed, has a right to go with his carriage to a depot or steamboat landing, and quietly ask a passenger standing on the dock if he wishes a carriage. The police had no right to arrest the petitioners, nor have they a right to arrest others for doing the same thing, unless they are disorderly."

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday, a series of resolutions were presented by Ex-Mayor Opdyke requesting the erection of a new Post-office on a style of magnificence commensurate with the wealth and importance of a city like New-York. Resolutions were also presented by Mr. J. D. Jones, and unanimously adopted, lamenting the demise of Capt. Charles H. Marshall. A letter of acknowledgement was received from Mrs. Richard Cobden concerning the sympathy expressed for herself and family in their bereavement. Portraits of John Bright, and John Murray, a late President of the Chamber, were received. A special meeting will be held on the 19th inst.

In the United States Commissioner's Office, before Commissioner Stillwell, Charles Thomas was examined yesterday upon a charge of passing counterfeit money. It appeared that prisoner took a glass of ale at a drinking saloon in Houston-street, offering in payment a ten-dollar greenback, which proved to be spurious. The case was adjourned to enable the prisoner to procure witnesses. The bill offered is a new and dangerous counterfeit, and Assistant District-Attorney Joseph Bell is making strenuous exertions to not only convict this man, who was among the first to put in circulation, but to ferret out other parties who were concerned in getting it up or hold it for sale.

The Union General Committee held their regular meeting last evening at the headquarters, corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the action of the Syracuse Convention. The Executive Committee made their report on primary meetings, and resolved that the Assembly District Association be directed to meet on Wednesday evening next and elect by ballot delegates to nominate candidates for the forthcoming election, which was at once carried. Gen. Barnum was present and addressed the meeting in a few pertinent remarks.

Very little business was transacted in the Court of General Sessions yesterday, the Grand Jury as yet not being fairly at work. Patrick Cahill, a teamster employed by the New-Haven Railroad Company, was convicted of stealing a traveling bag, containing clothing, which was in the possession of Adams' Express Company. It appeared on the trial that thirteen other bags and packages, supposed to have beeen stolen, were found at the prisoner's house when he was apprehended, and His Honor very properly sent him to the State Prison for five years.

The twenty-fourth annual exhibition of the Queens County Agricultural Association closed yesterday. The grounds were largely visited during both days. The exhibition of garden vegetables, corn, some kinds of fruit, poultry, horses and needlework was very fine. The number of articles and animals would doubtless have been much larger, but for the unpropitious character of the weather. On the trotting course were many of the fastest horses of the country. Good order prevailed, and the fair, as a whole, was an honor to Queens County.

The investigation before Gov. Fenton into the charges of corruption made against the Street Cleaning Commissioners was resumed yesterday. Mr. Brown, one of the contractors for cleaning the streets, Ex-Judge Whiting and Recorder Hoffman were examined as witnesses. The defence stated that they did not propose to make any argument in the case. The prosecution proposed to submit a written argument when prepared. To this the defence objected. The point will be settled to-day, until which time an adjournment took place.

An application has been made to the Superior Court of this city, at Special Term, Justice Moncrief presiding, by Laura Keene, for an injunction to enjoin Messrs. J. S. Clarke and William Stuart from producing at the Winter Garden Theatre the drama of "Our American Cousin." The court granted an order to show cause, returnable on Saturday next, at which time the propriety of granting an injunction will probably be argued.

On Saturday evening last, a fight occurred between William Pigot and John Sherry, in the apartments occupied by the former, at No. 62 Mulberry-street, and William Pigot, Jr., a youth of 11 years, interfering to separate the combatants, received a mortal stab in the back. His ante-mortem deposition was taken yesterday, at the New-York Hospital, by Coroner Wildey.

A meeting was held last evening at Clinton Hall for the purpose of explaining to the public the cause of so many steam-boiler explosions. The speakers were practical mechanics, who gave it as their opinion that the principal causes of boiler explosions were the utter incompetency of the inspectors and the inefficiency of the engineers.

At a rousing meeting of Union men and women of the Eighteenth Ward, last evening, at the Demilt Dispensary, Mr. Orlando L. Stewart in the Chair, the Union State nominations were cordially indorsed, and thrilling speeches were made by Messrs. Joseph B. Varnum, Frederick A. Conkling, Charles S. Spencer, Rev. William H. Boole and Gen. Barnum.

The case of Hamilton vs. Butler, which has been on trial in the Superior Court, Part I., before Justice McCunn, for the last three days—already reported—was submitted to the jury at a late hour last evening, with directions to bring in a sealed verdict this morning.

Policeman Linden, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, arrested Edward Donohue yesterday, and the prisoner was committed by Coroner Collin to await trial for alleged complicity with John Ward in the murder of Policeman Thomas Walker on the 15th of July last.

William H. Blake and Isaac Barnstein, of No. 247 Eighth-avenue, were arrested by Detective Officer Philip Farley, yesterday, for receiving $2,000 worth of muslins that had been stolen from Messrs. Charles H. Welling & Co., of No. 35 Murray-street.

A match game of base ball was played at Bedford yesterday, between the Atlantic and Union Clubs, resulting in the following score: Atlantics, 58; Unions, 30 runs.

Coroner Gover held an inquest yesterday, at No. 114 Ludlow-street, over the body of Mrs. Amelia Kiefer, a German woman of 32 years, who cut her throat with a razor on Saturday morning last.

Private Romeo St. Clair, a returned soldier, shot a burglar at No. 78 Eighth-avenue, yesterday morning, but how severely the fellow was wounded does not appear, as he escaped.

Gold was 147 yesterday. Bills on London 109⅝ @109¾. The railway speculation was excited and upward. Money active among the brokers at 6@7 per cent. per annum.

An active business was transacted in cotton, breadstuffs, pork, beef, sugars and leather at advancing prices. Freights were quiet.

The Democratic Blondins.

So far as we can learn, the trick of the political prestidigitators at Albany is not likely to be crowned with very brilliant success. At first, to be sure, it excited astonishment and elicited applause; but even these are rapidly subsiding. It is always amusing to see a dozen chickens taken out of an empty hat, or ten kinds of wine poured from a single bottle; but prudent people don't readily rely on such hats and bottles for their daily supplies. That sort of thing is all very well in its way, but it don't "wash." Tricksters and clowns may be very clever and very amusing, but they are not the kind of material out of which statesmen are made and on which we rely for the conduct of public affairs.

The mass of the Democratic party do not seem to be particularly flattered by the expectations of their leaders. They see through the trick, and are ready enough to applaud it. But this is not enough—they are expected to believe in it. They are required to believe (what they know to be false) that the Democratic record for the last four years has been in favor of the war and against secession. They know better. Their own instincts were in that direction, but they were not allowed to indulge them. They have been steadily and zealously taught by their party organization that the war on our part was a crime—that the rebellious South had reason and justice on its side, that we had no right to coerce sovereign States, that Mr. Lincoln was a tyrant, that the war was a failure, and that every consideration of justice and good policy required that it should be abandoned and the South allowed to secede. They said all this so often that they had come to believe it; and now they are required to unsay every word of it and to swear that they never said it! They must turn their backs on themselves. They are to cut their own acquaintance, and swear they are not themselves, but somebody else. The party gymnasts who managed the Tweddle Hall circus may find all this easy enough, but for plain people, with backbone and joints of average stiffness, it is a little embarrassing. They don't quite know what to make of it. Either their leaders have been cheating them *until* now, or else they are cheating them now: and either assumption is calculated to impair that implicit faith they have hitherto, in their simplicity, reposed in their sincerity.

The Democratic ticket, in fact, excites not the slightest enthusiasm in any part of the State. Brig.-Gen. John A. Green, who has been throughout the war the head Copperhead of the State, is of course in ecstasies over his own manœuvres, and is as frisky with Slocum as a dog with his tail:—and the *Argus* is as noisy and as brassy as the trombone and cymbals in a first-class band. But we do not see that all this produces very much popular effect. The rank and file are not yet roused into the "double quick,"—indeed it is not quite easy to get them all fairly into line. They don't quite understand the object of the movement or the direction of the march. In no part of the State have they shown the slightest zeal, or responded with the least enthusiasm to the action of the Albany Convention. Those plain, honest men of the party who have been acting in good faith, and who really believed in what they were doing and saying for the last four years, are a little shocked to find themselves so suddenly deserted and betrayed by the men whose counsels they have followed faithfully so long. Why they should now be called on to vote for Republican candidates, on a Republican platform, under pretence of Democracy, they do not understand. If those principles are right, why not vote for the party which has always upheld them? If Republican candidates are the wisest and safest, why not take those whom the party selects?

The fact is, the action of the Democrats at Albany is regarded as simply a *confession* that they have been *wrong* all through the war. It is an awkward attempt to avoid the shame, and to escape the consequences, of an open and manly acknowledgment, and to pass themselves off as having been the only genuine patriots from the beginning. It is an impudent experiment, and one which bases its only chances of success solely on the assumed credulity and ignorance of the public. If the great mass of the people were as ignorant and as easily humbugged as this movement assumes them to be, it might succeed. Quack doctors, impostors and charlatans of all kinds find a certain amount of credulous simplicity in the community, enough to give them the success and profit at which they aim. But political quacks must fail, unless a *majority* of the people are silly enough to become victims of their audacious and arrogant pretensions. We think the Democrats will learn a useful lesson on this subject from the result of the pending election.

Value and Economy of the Veteran Reserve Corps.—It is gratifying to have a contradiction of the late telegraphic statement that the "Veteran Reserve Corps" was being mustered out of service. The men in this corps are such as have been partially disabled in service, but who still retain sufficient health and limbs to perform garrison duty and numerous other military labors which will yet for a long time be needed. We have seen one superb regiment of this body in which the Colonel had lost his left arm, the Lieutenant-Colonel a leg, in which six of the Captains commanding companies had lost each his *right arm*, and every other officer of the regiment was disabled for life. All of these men had been in active business and excellent position before the war, and all felt the small pensions to which they are entitled after they leave the army as inadequate to their support. All of them made admirable officers of the corps, equally capable for all their duties with men physically complete, as was evidenced by the condition and capacity of their regiment.

The Veteran Reserve Corps was organized by the Secretary of War without any previous authorizing legislation of Congress. Secretary Stanton saw the value of these men to the country as soldiers, and he also felt it would be unjust to throw them upon their own resources at the moment of their disablement, and without furnishing some opening for them. It was a measure at once economical, humane and patriotic, to organize them into a corps. The corps should at least be retained intact until the forthcoming Congress has an opportunity to make provision for its regular incorporation with the permanent forces of the nation.

The Congressional Oath in Virginia.

We are glad to note that in the Congressional canvass of Virginia there is a general disposition to leave the field exclusively to candidates who can take the stringent Congressional oath that they have never participated in the rebellion. Out of the eight Congressional districts, five have candidates running who can all meet the Congressional requirement. But in the Accomac district, the Lynchburgh district, and the Charlotteville district, there are candidates who avow that they will not and cannot take the oath, and yet claim that if elected, Congress cannot and will not refuse to admit them. In this last district, A. H. H. Stuart, Secretary of Interior under Mr. Fillmore, being a candidate, declares his inability to take the oath, yet defies Congress to keep him out, if elected. He asserts that the oath is unconstitutional, and that the Republican party will never dare to make practical application of it.

In all kindness, we advise Mr. Stuart, and those whom he seeks to represent, to act upon no such assumption. It is morally certain that no man will be admitted to a seat in the next Congress who does not take the oath required by existing law. The applicant's opinion that the law is unconstitutional will not help him. Congress acts upon its own opinions. The Constitution of the United States, a document which Mr. Stuart in his long rebel wanderings has probably about forgotten, declares that "each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns and *qualifications* of its own members." The House of Representatives will exercise that exclusive power; and beyond all question will exercise it in conformity with the statute of 1862, made and provided to exclude traitors from the public service. The constitutionality of that measure was fully discussed at the time of its passage, and was affirmed by a very large majority in both branches of Congress. The arguments which were conclusive then are as conclusive now. The reason for the application of the statute is still as strong as ever. No share in the work of reconstruction ought to be intrusted to men who have hardly yet caught breath from their frantic efforts at demolition. Time is necessary for them to purge themselves from their traitorous spirit, and to inspire confidence that they will act not treacherously but faithfully. The very fact that these late rebels declare that, if elected, they will demand their seats as a right, shows that the taint of rebellion is still cleaving to them. Such arrogance cannot belong to men who truly feel that they have been in the wrong. It is akin to the feeling manifested by Davis, Benjamin, Breckinridge and their associates when they pertinaciously held to their seats in the Senate, defying, dictating and domineering, yet at the same time plotting the overthrow of the government whose constitution they had sworn to support. The time for that sort of demonstration has passed. Congress will exact its oath with all the more determination, when they hear such a style of knocking at its doors.

The Southern people, if they have any wise regard for their own interests, will respect the laws of the land, and refuse to give their votes to candidates for Congress whom they know are not entitled by law to hold seats in Congress. Arrogant claims will only recoil against them. They will be taken as evidence of an impracticable temper, fit rather for stern justice than for magnanimous clemency. There is not a Virginia district which does not contain some man of character and capacity who can truly take the Congressional oath, and who would serviceably represent all truly loyal feeling among his constituents. There is no necessity for going among the active participants in the rebellion for effective representatives. A stubborn determination to do this must be construed as an avowal by the electors that an active connection with the rebellion is a positive merit in their eyes, and that he who cannot boast of this cannot be their true representative. The Virginian who think it so fine to mount this high horse will find that he will have a very hard road to travel.

We yet trust that the three districts will not persist in this folly. It is most clearly the policy of every part of the South to do its utmost to convince the government and Congress that it means to be loyal, and sincerely seeks reconciliation. There are real obstacles enough to be overcome before reconstruction can be fully attained, without adding to them this utterly unnecessary one of a conflict with a law of Congress. If the South would soon regain the benefits of the Union, it must show a law-abiding spirit, and loyally accept all the measures which have been framed to shield the government from disloyalty. Having been engaged for four years in cannonading the constitution, it does not look well for it to claim the special championship of the constitution. If that document were strictly vindicated, A. H. H. Stuart and all like him would to-day be subject to the doom of treason, for it defines treason to be levying war against the United States, or giving its enemies aid and comfort. It should make them wince even to hear the word constitution. They might better flee to the rocks, than invoke it with the flippancy they do.

The Public Schools Overcrowded.—The Board of Education have felt themselves justified in taking action against the crowding of the city public schools by the children of non-residents. It seems that pupils are sent to these schools from all the outlying suburban districts—including Jersey City, Hoboken, Brooklyn, Williamsburgh, Morrisania and elsewhere—and that in some cases special trains are run for their convenience. A vote of exclusion has been unanimously passed by the board; and we dare say their action may have been well considered, although it is altogether anomalous that a condition of things should exist requiring the public schools to be shut in the faces of any decently behaved children—no matter where they come from. It is a question, moreover, whether a city tradesman doing all his business within the city limits, paying his full share of the local taxes, and doing his entire duty generally as a citizen, can equitably be denied the right of sending his child to one of the city schools, merely because the overcrowding of houses on the island has driven him for the time into a suburban residence. We say there is a question of equity involved in this matter, which we trust the exigencies of their position have not compelled the board to overlook. It ought certainly to be regarded as a tribute to the excellence of our city schools that they are sought after by non-residents. And we doubt if the action of the board will not be keenly criticized by those immediately interested.

The British Railway Capitalists and Their View of the Great West.

The press has now ceased to report the daily progress of Sir Morton Peto and his friends, their tour of observation and inspection being apparently completed.

It is gathered in a general way, from various speeches made during the tour, that these distinguished visitors are something more than satisfied that the British capital invested in the Atlantic and Great Western and other lines, under their recommendation, has been profitably laid out. They see in addition, and have proclaimed the fact, that further and larger investments may be safely made. They unite, indeed, in recommending such investments. Certain lines, even, are indicated as requiring additional advances to bring them to the full development of which they are capable.

We augur from this visit national benefits beyond those which will follow the mere introduction of foreign capital, in large sums, into this country. We are, of course, sensible of the advantages that will ensue looked at from this aspect only. But it is in the effect that the making public in England the results of their observations will have on minor capitalists there and the community at large that we also anticipate much good. Sir Morton Peto and his friends are not only known throughout Europe as men of great sagacity and broad comprehensiveness of view, they are also men of tried commercial integrity, which, coupled with their high social position, will cause any opinions they may express to be received and acted upon without further doubt or question. The report that they will carry back with them is thus likely to affect, in a considerable degree, not only the movement of capital outside the circle which they are known to control, but it is also calculated largely to influence the direction of the constant tide of emigration.

We have it on their own authority that these gentlemen are prepared to report favorably, and without any reservation, on the immense resources of that portion of this country which they have personally visited. That they made the very utmost of the brief period of travel they permitted to themselves is apparent, but they necessarily left unseen much that it was desirable they should, if possible, have known from personal observation. It would have been well could they have seen for themselves the rapid extension of population and civilization much further West than the Mississippi. Books and pamphlets fail to tell the story in the impressive way that eyesight alone can do. *This* speaks for itself—*that* is open to the suspicion of exaggeration, with such marvelous rapidity is the West filling up, even should a statement keep largely within the limits of actual facts. Compare the great mineral Territories of Idaho and Montana, and the rich grain-growing Dacotah of to-day, with those districts as they were even but two years ago, and who can place the limit to the wealth and population of which these now new settlements must shortly be the scene?

We earnestly trust that our English guests will not leave our shores without fully inquiring as to the pecuniary advantages presented by opening up railway communication with the Pacific through some of these new lands. More than one charter already exists, so that no delay from Congressional inaction need deter. These charters contain the most liberal provisions as to free grants of land, which, under careful management, would, (at all events in the case of the Northern Pacific,) repay by their sale the whole cost of construction and equipment. And there is no doubt that two lines to the Pacific could be profitably worked even now.

To open up fully a direct trade with Asia just means simply to throw open what may be called a new trade with some four or five hundred millions of people, and the golden opportunity must not be lost to American commerce. There is no impolicy in laying the matter in this aspect before our British visitors, for *capital is cosmopolitan*, not local, and seeks the best investment regardless of geographical limits or national prejudices. It is, therefore, in their own interests, as well as in those of the American people, that we direct their attention to these opening enterprises.

As before stated, we should be gratified to see at least two lines in operation, but how much real progress is making with either we are unable to state. We have observed, however, through the papers, within the last few days, that the Commissioner of the Northern line has been endeavoring to enlist the Boston Board of Trade in favor of his scheme, but with what success has not been announced.

There are political features about this contemplated line which extort attention. It is unnecessary here to inquire into the correctness of the assertion of its promoters that it is of much less length than rival routes, and surrounded with less engineering difficulties; but it is undoubtedly true that, if carried out, it will greatly retard, if not finally dispose of, any idea of making a line through the British territory on its north. The present proposition, as many of our readers are no doubt aware, is to have a terminus at Puget's Sound, on the Pacific, the eastern extremity of the line being at or near Fond-du-Lac, on Lake Superior, with a branch at the most favorable spot to connect with Chicago. The latter would be all the more necessary, not only on account of the importance of that city, but in consequence of the great inland sea of Superior not being navigable in the Winter season. It is claimed for this plan—and it appears to us with much justice—that it would not only cause the whole country through which it passed to be quickly settled, make our Pacific seaboard not less busy than the eastern coast of our continent, and call into existence vast mercantile fleets on the great northern lakes, but that it would give us a political supremacy as substantial as the commercial advantages we should derive. It is especially on the latter grounds that we desire to see the project thoroughly discussed and treated on its merits.

New Canards—Grant and Mexico.—For several weeks we have enjoyed the most delightful freedom from *canards*. The canardist of the Rio Grande has been silent; the canardist of Cairo dumb; the canardist of Philadelphia has been in a state of coma; the canardist of Newbern has been slaughtered. The news of the day, though not very exciting, has always been reliable, and we have been relieved from the duty of contradicting on one morning what had been printed the morning before. Only the good men of Wall-street have been able now and then to startle each other by some financial item of vast importance and perfect baselessness; but, as these items have seldom got into more than one of the papers, they did not perturb the sweet serenity of the general public in contemplating the question of Reconstruction.

The familiar old canardist of Philadelphia is the first to open the Fall and Winter campaign. He has thought proper to make a big report at the opening, and he has thought fit to precede it by a phrase which he nearly always uses when he is going to set forth something exceedingly dubious: "It is established," he says, "beyond a doubt." The doubtful thing thus undoubtedly established consists of a sensational speech which the American Sphynx is alleged to have made at a "distinguished Illinoisan," in regard to our Mexican relations. Lieut.-Gen. Grant unreservedly revealed to this distinguished though nameless child of the setting sun (probably the canardist himself) the policy of our government on the Maximilian question, and the opinion it entertained as to the necessity of Max resuming his travels. Grant declared that the "government will vindicate the Monroe doctrine at an early day," and he vindicated the government in this on military grounds—very remarkable military grounds, it must be confessed. He gave his opinions as to how many vindicatory troops would be required, as to the settled though secret purposes of the "President and the authorities at Washington," as to the action of the forthcoming Congress, as to the action of Mexico, and as to the action of the Emperor of the French. The opinions given on these various points are assuredly not such as are generally entertained by those who have given them any attention; though they need not be laughed at on that account, but only on account of their intrinsic absurdity. We have not the least idea that Gen. Grant ever uttered the statements attributed to him; and though we have treated the matter lightly, we confess that such attempts to deceive the community and subserve private ends should be received with public indignation.

A New Post-Office.—The Chamber of Commerce yesterday passed resolutions declaring the expediency of having a new post-office erected in New-York. No doubt what these resolutions affirm respecting the inadequacy of the present building to meet the business requirements of the city is correct, but we doubt whether the site—which the chamber in their resolutions so greatly extol—is much more accommodating than the building now in use. The approaches to a post-office—erected, no matter after what design or at what cost on the present site—must always be inconvenient and not unfrequently hazardous, from the narrowness and overcrowded condition of the contiguous streets. The location may be good enough for the accommodation of a large business class. But for the general public more open and accessible ground is needed.

Improved Cotton Gin.—Among the numerous valuable improvements in machinery on exhibition at the Fair of the American Institute, few attract more attention, and none are of greater intrinsic value, than the Universal Patent Cotton Gin of Mr. Horace L. Emory, of the Agricultural Works at Albany. The advantages of this gin are:

First, that it prevents all bridging, clogging and breaking of the roll, and economizes the force required to drive the gin; second, it delivers the lint free from dust and sand; third, its portability, efficiency and cheapness, enables all growers of cotton, large or small, to own and manage it.

This gin was exhibited at the World's Fair, in London, where it was commended, and adopted as best calculated to promote the growth of cotton in India, Egypt, Turkey, Italy and Brazil. It was approved by the Cotton Supply Association of Manchester. Large works have been established near London, where the gin is now being manufactured, under the English patent laws.

Mr. Emory is in attendance at the fair, to explain the advantages of his improvement in cotton ginning.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—To-night Verdi's popular opera, "Un Ballo en Maschera," will be played, with a very fine cast. The extraordinary proportions of Mr. Maretzek's company enable him, indeed, to give a fine cast to every work—witness the superb performance of "Ernani" on Wednesday evening. This work will, we trust, be repeated at an early day.

Broadway Theatre.—Mme. Celeste, the originator of a school of acting whereof she is yet the best exponent, takes her benefit and makes her last appearance but one this evening. The play is the "Woman in Red," a piece in which the lady is seen to advantage. To-morrow Mme. Celeste makes her last appearance at a matinée. We trust that a very faithful servant of the public will be satisfied with both occasions.

Arrival of a Celebrated Artist.—Mr. Levy, the celebrated cornet player—successor to poor Koenig, and his equal—arrived here by the *Persia*. He is under engagement to Mr. Bateman, and will, we presume, be added to the Parepa troupe. There will, we hope, be an opportunity of hearing Mr. Levy in New-York.

Musical Honors.—Mr. J. R. Thomas, of this city, the well-known composer and singer—whose charming ballads are known all over the world—has been made an *Alaw Gwent* for his singing at the Welsh festival in Aberystwith. This is a sort of degree signifying "Bard of Monmouthshire." Mr. Thomas' reception at the *Estedfod* was most enthusiastic. He will return to New-York in November.

Dr. Underhill's Grapes.—The doctor's grapes this year are exquisite. We have seen and tasted some of the Isabellas, and they are altogether wonderful.

Horse Fair at Bangor.

Bangor, Me., Thursday, Oct. 5.

At the horse fair, to-day, a trotting-match took place between the bay gelding *Panic*, formerly *Frank Vernam*, entered by D. S. Nagelle, of New-York, and the bay stallion *McClellan*, entered by O. M. Shaw, of Bangor. *Panic* won in three straight heats; time 2:32¼, 2:29¾, 2:31¼. *McClellan's* time was 2:33, 2:30, 2;31¾.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 5.

PARDONS.

An erroneous impression prevails with the public as to the number of pardons thus far granted by the President, some estimates placing it as high as twenty-five thousand. We ascertain, on official authority, that the number up to and including the warrants signed this day is but two thousand six hundred and fifty-eight. More than three-fifths of these have been granted within the past ten days, and the business now averages from fifty to one hundred and fifty per day. But as yet the number issued does not equal one-sixth of the applications on file. To-day there were fifty-eight pardons issued. Among those lately pardoned is L. POPE WALKER, the first rebel Secretary of War—the man who gave the order to open fire upon Fort Sumter. He has haunted the Executive Mansion for a month, and forced himself before the President in advocacy of his own claims until he finally succeeded. It is proper to state that the Cabinet have declined to recommend the pardon of any of the excepted classes save those coming under the thirteenth exception, known as the twenty thousand-dollar class. The Attorney-General makes no indorsement upon the applications of the other twelve classes, and they are filed away separately for future consideration. When a person included in any of these classes is pardoned, it is done by the President upon his own responsibility and in the exercise of that Executive clemency for which he is not obliged to give a reason. Thus with Mr. L. P. WALKER.

THE VETERAN RESERVES.

The Secretary of War has before him a communication, signed by the prominent Senators and Representatives in Congress from all the States, earnestly protesting against the mustering out of the twenty-four regiments of Veteran Reserves now in service. They ask that, if it is intended to reduce the troops to the necessities of a peace establishment, the volunteer forces now scattered throughout the country and anxious to be mustered out, be dispensed with first, thus leaving in the service only the regular army and the Veteran Reserves, which, combined, amount to fifty-seven regiments. Most of these regiments need recruiting. They also ask that permission be granted to the Veteran Reserves to recruit their regiments up to the full number. It is urged as one of the reasons for retaining these troops, that most of them have received during the late war such bodily injuries as unfit them for the ordinary business avocations; and as they promptly and patriotically volunteered to put down the rebellion at its commencement, they should be retained in the service, and especially as it is now known that a regular force will be required equal to that of the regular army and the Veteran Reserves combined. Secretary STANTON holds the matter under advisement and for consultation with Gen. GRANT, on his return to this city.

BONDS APPROVED.

The bonds have been executed and approved in the following cases of newly-appointed receivers and disbursing agents: Milton Barbour, at La Crosse, Wis.; James Rowe, Chillicothe, Ohio; Jos. Cushman, Olympia, Washington Territory; Wm. Miller, Montgomery, Ala.; Dexter C. Bloomer, Council Bluffs, Iowa; Almanson Eaton, Stevens Point, Wis.; Wm. Boaz, Indianapolis, Ind.; John Kirkwood, Little Rock, Ark.; Henry Warren, Oregon City, Oregon. The last two named are designated as United States Depositaries.

POWDER THAT WON'T EXPLODE.

There will be a test of GALE's non-explosive powder to-morrow afternoon, at the Arsenal in this city, at which the President and members of the Cabinet are to attend. This test is made upon the suggestion of Mr. HANDEL COSSHAM and other distinguished Englishmen who visited the President to-day, and represented the peculiar qualities of GALE's powder. It is claimed that a barrel of powder can, by GALE's process, be rendered non-explosive in five minutes, and again made explosive in the same time. That when in the so-called non-explosive state a red-hot poker can be run through the powder without producing an explosion.

THE CHATTANOOGA MILL.

The bids for the Chattanooga Rolling Mill were again opened to-day, and the property taken by JAMES N. SPOONER, of Boston, at one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars. It is the best establishment of the kind in the country, was built by an English engineer, and cost the government two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The ground upon which it stands belongs, however, to a man who is likely to prove his loyalty, and be a troublesome customer for the purchaser of the mill to settle with.

SEEKING PARDON.

Among those in attendance at the White House today seeking pardon were ROBERT OULD, late rebel Commissioner of Exchange, and the rebel Gen. PECK. Gen. PILLOW obtained an interview with the President and thanked him for the Executive clemency. Mme. LE VERT also had an interview with the President, and as rumor has it, in behalf of Gen. BEAUREGARD.

PERSONAL.

Gen. FRANK P. BLAIR and Senator CHANDLER arrived this morning. Gen. BUTLER has gone.

THE TAX ON PLAYING CARDS.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has, upon application made to him by the manufacturers of playing cards, through their counsel, N. B. HOXIE, Esq., of this city, rendered a decision on the subject of the stamp duty on such goods wherein after referring to the course of legislation on the subject, he says:

"I am of the opinion that when the manufacturer of playing cards has affixed stamps appropriate to the 'price per pack' at which *he* sold them, the subsequent vender should not be required to affix any additional stamps thereto, whatever may be the price at which he offers them."

THE BRISCOE TRIAL.

The Briscoe robbery trial was continued to-day with the cross-examination of Capt. ALBERGER and the direct examination of Capt. ALBERGER's clerk, and ODELL, the detective who made the arrest. During Capt. ALBERGER's cross-examination, he further testified that he had several conversations with Gen. Briscoe, on and after the 20th of September; Gen. Briscoe asked witness for his key, and he gave it to him, when he said he could make one like it; Mr. Lackey was in the General's room the next morning, and said the General was all right; the General then questioned witness regarding the place where he kept the money; witness told him he kept some of it in the Bank of Exchange; witness did not see the wax Mr. Lackey said he had in his pocket; Mr. Lackey proposed to take the money, and witness consented; witness received the duplicate key of Lackey on a train of cars, as he was returning from Richmond; witness tried the key in the safe, in presence of his clerks, but did not tell them the secret; did not ask Lackey what he wanted with the key; witness was told to take care in the operation, and he said he would; they supposed witness would receive some of the money, he presumed; he did not say he would take any of it; he said he would take care of himself; witness removed the Confederate money from the bank to the safe; the private safe was used to keep the money in, and the other safe was used to put books in which if stolen would not amount to much; witness first saw Mr. Lackey last February or March; used to see him frequently about that time; did not meet him from April to some time in September; had seen him two or three times before the 21st; he was under the influence of liquor; have known Gen. Briscoe since Jan. 12, 1865; first knew him at Deep Bottom, Army of the James; I was assigned to duty at Lynchburgh Aug. 21; my relations with Gen. Briscoe have been amicable up to two or three weeks before this occurrence; he had threatened to have me dismissed the service, as I was told; can't fix the date of this threat; felt no personal ill-will toward him; Capt. Girard gave me the information. *By the Court*—I considered the packages of Confederate notes as good as so much money, for I had given my word for them.

EXAMINATION OF SEWELL WORTHLEY.

Sewell Worthley, of Lynchburgh, Superintendent of the Quartermaster's office, under Capt. Alberger, received instructions from Capt. Alberger about 24th of September. When the Captain came from Washington he said, "There will probably be a muss here soon, and I want you to keep your eyes and ears open;" Thursday, 28th, went to bank and drew some money and returned to the office where Capt. Alberger was counting some money and sealing it up; next day, Friday 29th, in the afternoon the clerks moved down into a lower office; Capt. Alberger told witness to let the safes remain on Thursday morning; after the money had been put in the safe, the chief clerk, by Capt. Alberger's orders locked the safe, and the Captain when his back was turned, unlocked it and asked the clerk why he had not obeyed him; the clerk was much surprised at seeing the safe open; witness was told on Friday evening to go up into the attic and he would find a man there, and they were to look down through a hole where they could see Gen. Briscoe's movements; witness did so, and when Capt. Alberger had given a signal that all was right by whistling, he went down stairs; heard a noise as of shutting a safe-door, and then Gen. Briscoe came in sight with one hand in his right coat pocket and apparently something held against his breast with his left hand and arm; he went out and witness went down and gave a signal of three raps upon Gen. Curtis' door; witness found the key broken off in the safe before going to Gen. Curtis' room.

Cross-examined by Gov. Ford.—Capt. Alberger mentioned that something was coming off the next day after he came back from Washington; the Captain said there would be a devil of a muss kicked up before a great while, and I need not think strange if a man wearing a star was mixed up with it; the man in the attic, witness learned afterward, was Mr. Odell, a detective; two or three weeks before the arrest, there was some unfriendly feeling between Capt. Alberger and Gen. Briscoe.

EXAMINATION OF JOHN ODELL.

By the Judge-Advocate.—Witness was sent to Lynchburgh by Gen. Baker, to report to Capt. Alberger, a week ago Saturday; Capt. Alberger told him the nature of the business, and both came to Washington; saw him again on the train to Richmond, and went again to Lynchburgh on Thursday, Sept. 28: next day went into the attic of the court-house, to look down and watch what might take place in the room below; saw Gen. Briscoe walking out with his right hand under the bottom of his blouse and something under the left breast of his coat; witness went to Gen. Curtis' room after Gen. Briscoe; witness was requested to go to the room by Gen. Curtis, at the suggestion of Col. Asmussen, of Gen. Curtis' Staff, and search him; witness found the money and bullion in a chest, and then searched the General for the key of the safe; he desired to speak to Gen. Curtis, and while they were talking together witness learned that the key had been found; the room in which the packages were found was Gen. Briscoe's private office.

Cross-examined by Gov. Ford—Witness was sent down to Lynchburgh by Gen. Baker; at first examined the nature of the business referred to in Capt. Alberger's dispatch; Capt. Alberger told witness that a proposition had been made by a Mr. Lackey to have his safe robbed, which was supposed to contain a large amount of money and the Captain was to share in it; Lackey said Gen. Briscoe was all right in the matter; at witness' second interview with Alberger at Gordonsville, he said Gen. Briscoe had spoken to him on the matter and proposed to get him out of the difficulty by throwing suspicion on a former rebel officer who was the owner of the safes; in conversation, Capt. Alberger said they appeared to be down on him; the act was committed some five hours earlier than we had expected; after Gen. Briscoe's arrest, he said to witness: I thought I was a better detective than you; I wanted to get the principal; witness replied: That is too bungling, General, I don't see how you can catch the principal after having committed the burglary yourself.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 4.

PARDONS.

The President granted fifty-eight amnesty pardons to-day, forty-one of which were to Virginians. Among the more important applications for pardon lately filed in the Attorney-General's office are those of Gen. PECK, of the late rebel army, who fought at Gettysburgh; Col. OULD, rebel Commissioner of Prisoners, and Mr. WATTS, Attorney-General of the late rebel Confederacy.

BEAUREGARD.

Several weeks ago a lady friend made application to the State Department for a passport for Gen. BEAUREGARD that he might avail himself of the official order permitting such offenders to voluntarily exile themselves during the pleasure of the government. But it is understood that the same Southern lady, who was to-day at the President's house, is now interesting herself to procure for him the executive clemency.

FREEDMEN'S AFFAIRS—NEGRO TESTIMONY.

Col. THOMAS, Assistant Commissioner of Freedmen's Affairs for the State of Mississippi, informs the bureau here that he has notified the judicial officers and magistrates of the Provisional Government of Mississippi, that when they allow negroes the same rights and privileges as are accorded to white men before their courts, the officers of the bureau will not interfere with such tribunals, but give them every assistance possible in the discharge of their duties. Col. THOMAS also writes that the Mayor of Vicksburgh has signified his willingness to allow negroes the right to testify before his courts, and to impose the same penalties on negroes violating State laws or city ordinances as would be imposed on white persons committing the same offences. The officers of the bureau at Vicksburgh have been instructed in no case to interfere with the city authorities in the discharge of their duties, and not to take cognizance of cases coming within the jurisdiction of the Mayor of Vicksburgh, but to turn all such cases over to the Mayor for trial.

CHOLERA IN THE MEDITERANEAN.

The United States Consul at Port Mahon, under date of Sept. 13, says that the cholera at Palma, Majorca, has carried off many people, and there is no diminution of the disease. A panic prevails there. The cholera has also appeared at Cuidadela. It is now admitted that about seventy pilgrims died of cholera at Port Mahon, and others of various diseases. The cholera is represented to have broken out west of Port Mahon, but thus far this scourge seems to have been confined to the great channels of human travel and the marts of commerce. There is no information, however, that it has appeared in the interior of Spain. The Consul says that from information received at Port Mahon, it is believed that the scourge will again visit the west, and that information has also been received there that the Russian pest, which was thought to have disappeared, has broken out in Siberia. The accounts of this pest are frightful beyond anything heretofore known.

THE RUSSO-AMERICAN TELEGRAPH.

Minister CLAY has transmitted to the State Department an official copy of the conditions stipulated between the Russian Telegraph Department and HIRAM SIBLEY, for the establishment of telegraphic communication between Russia and America, by which the exclusive right is granted to the latter plenipotentiary of the American Western Union Telegraph Company for thirty-three years, from the day the line shall be opened, the Russian Government to grant a further term as it may judge convenient. In order to encourage the undertaking, the government grants to the company an allowance of forty per cent. on the net produce of dispatches transmitted by it over the lines to and from America, and in order to contribute as much as possible to the success of the present undertaking, the Minister of Public Utility will adopt the measures necessary for securing the company's telegraph from being maliciously injured by the local population, but at the same time, the government refuses to take upon itself any responsibility for such injuries of any nature whatsoever. The company is allowed to import materials free of duty.

SALE OF RAILROAD MATTER.

Col. A. L. ROBINSON, Superintendent of United States Military Railroads, recently sold at auction, at Manchester, Virginia, twenty-five locomotives and 160 passenger cars. They were purchased principally by the Southern railroad campanies, and brought $417,000 in cash, or about two-thirds of the original cost. Forty or fifty locomotives and five or six hundred cars are to be sold on the 17th inst. at Alexandria, Va. Much of this stock was taken South to be used for the transportation of Gen. SHERMAN's advancing army, but LEE's capitulation rendered its employment unnecessary.

NOMINATION OF GOV. WELLS.

C. BULLITT, United States Marshal at New-Orleans, has informed President JOHNSON by telegraph of Gov. WELLS' nomination by acclamation for Governor by the Democratic Convention, which also indorses the President's policy.

MOVEMENTS OF SECRETARY SEWARD.

Secretary SEWARD, who left Washington yesternoon, with his family, for Auburn, New-York, is expected to be absent about ten days.

MEXICO.

This government, it is certain, has taken no recent action, nor is it believed any is contemplated, inconsistent with the policy heretofore declared, viz., the maintenance of absolute neutrality between the belligerents in Mexico.

SANDERS IN OFFICE AT LAST.

It is said that Mr. RUSSELL, Postmaster at Davenport, C. W., has been removed, and that GEORGE N. SANDERS has been appointed in his stead.

BRITISH CONSUL AT CHARLESTON.

The President has recognized HENRY PINKNEY WALKER, as British Consul for the States of North and South Carolina, to reside in Charleston.

THE BRISCOE TRIAL.

In the Briscoe trial to-day, during the cross-examination of Capt. ALBERGER, he said his relations with Gen. BRISCOE were amicable until two or three weeks ago, when the latter had threatened to have him dismissed the service. This was previous to the proposition from LACKEY to rob the safe.

The New-Orleans and Jackson Railroad.

NEW-ORLEANS, Wednesday, Aug. 4.

The New-Orleans and Jackson Railroad has been completed through to Canton, Miss., and trains will soon commence running.

THE TRIAL OF CAPT. WIRZ.

Further Testimony for the Defence—Contradictory Statements of a Witness—Another Altercation between the Court and the Counsel of the Prisoner.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Oct. 5.

Geo. W. F. Reynolds, who yesterday testified to the thriving business affairs at Andersonville, was cross-examined by Judge-Advocate Chipman. He said he was living at Cincinnati, Ohio, before he entered the service at Lagrange, Ky., in the Second Kentucky Mounted Infantry, in September, 1862, and was captured the same month at New Castle, Ky.; he was an Acting Second Lieutenant; he never received any pay or bounty from the government; there were only twenty men in witness' company and 124 in the whole regiment. The regiment was unorganized and was on its way to Central Kentucky for recruits. They were surrounded by rebel guerrillas and went into the fight unorganized. All had muskets—officers and men. Witness and his regiment were fighting equal numbers and fought one hour, but were finally obliged to surrender. No one of witness' regiment was killed or wounded in the fight; Col. Morris was Colonel of the regiment; a rebel soldier claimed that he recognized witness and they claimed him as a spy; they took from witness a fac simile of Confederate money and a parole; the parole was not to take up arms against the Confederacy while the rebels were in Kentucky; witness had been to Lexington looking for work when the rebels took the place; was a coachmaker by trade; before leaving Cincinnati he tried to obtain work, but failed to do so; had applied to J. & P. Bruce and others there; witness arrived at Andersonville on the 1st of June, 1865, and had nothing with him but his clothes; started business there by selling his daily rations of corn bread for ten cents, and subsisted on the balance of his rations, which was bacon and a pint of boiled beans. About the 10th of June witness purchased thirteen dozen of eggs at $3 15 per dozen; purchased them on tick; that could be done there among men of honor, and witness always considered himself a man of honor wherever he went; witness did not rob any one; always considered it consistent with honor to trade with any man; witness generally gave a portion of the money he made to his friends; when he left Andersonville, on the 4th of August, he had $520 in greenbacks; at one time he had $5,000; witness purchased and sold flour, beans, peas, potatoes, apples, butter, onions, sorgum, syrup, &c.; had purchased two pounds of sorgum; flour was $70 per sack, and witness purchased a sack each day, and some days his sales of flour amounted to one thousand pounds; potatoes were $50 per sack; they were purchased of the Post Adjutant; witness bought onions and potatoes daily.

Mr. Baker sought to ask a question of the witness, with a view to impeach the general testimony of Alcoke, who had testified for the prosecution as to pistol shooting, &c.

Judge-Advocate Chipman objected on the ground that this could not be done after Alcoke had left the stand and had been discharged.

Mr. Baker replied that he did not propose to contradict any particular part of Alcoke's testimony, but wanted to show the degree of weight which should be attached to it. He would prove to the court, by the witness now on the stand, that Alcoke had stated that there was no truth in the testimony which he (Alcoke) had given.

Judge-Advocate Chipman said that the language alleged to have been used was uttered after Alcocke's examination, and after Alcocke's discharge, and when he (Alcocke) was no longer under the solemnity of an oath. He (Chipman) repeated that in order to impeach Alcocke's testimony, Alcoke must be again put on the stand.

Mr. Baker remarked that he now offered to show that the witness Alcocke, after he had given his testimony and been discharged, told this witness that there was no truth in the matters which he (Alcocke) had testified to.

The court, after deliberation with closed doors, said they had decided to sustain the objection of the Judge-Advocate, but if the counsel wished to continue the questions under the rule of law, the court would order the witness Alcoke to be summoned back to the stand. The court could not violate the law. At the same time they were not desirous of protecting Alcoke in any wrong he had committed.

Mr. Baker—I will not consent to that.

The Court—You will have to do it.

Mr. Baker said he had nothing further to ask the witness.

The cross-examination was resumed.

The witness said he had never committed, nor was he ever charged with the commission of any crime. He was never in the penitentiary. He did not take the oath to the rebel government, nor make any promises to it. He deliberately falsified, on entering the stockade at Andersonville, in claiming the right to be treated as an officer. There were at Andersonville fifty wells and four hundred and fifty springs, none of which, however, yielded a bucketfull at a time. The water was pure and clean.

The cross-examination of the witness was searching and long-continued, during which he said there were 500 bakers in the stockade, all of whom had bake-houses; Andersonville was a city; there were half a dozen real estate dealers in the stockade, who sold sites on the principal avenues and streets; everybody in town was a wood merchant; he had seen thirty on the streets at a time; there were also dealers in ham and eggs, beefsteaks, honey fruits, cakes, beer, &c., &c.; any one could get a meal for $10 in greenbacks and be furnished with biscuit, coffee, fried steak, onions and potatoes; a thimbleful full of whisky sold for $3; he had seen as many as twenty barber-shops open at one time; some of the makers acted as doctors and had medicine for sale, and also dyed the whiskers of the prisoners; he had seen men cut their own throats and die; he did not know the reason for their doing so, excepting they were skin and bone and in a destitute condition.

Judge-Advocate—Did you not say yesterday you never knew a prisoner to suffer from hunger?

Witness—I said so yes erday.

Judge-Advocate—Will you explain the inconsistency in your two statements?

Witness—The men were wasted by sickness in Washington.

The Judge-Advocate wanted the witness to confine himself to affairs at Andersonville.

The witness said that the dealers in articles could get out by paying the Sergeant at the gate five dollars; he used to make purchases at a house five miles distant of butter, eggs, honey, plums, apples and tobacco, to be sold to customers in the stockade; he used to sell medicine for diarrhea at a dollar and a quarter or a dollar and a half for a cup full; he also sold medicines for retail to the barbers.

The witness said that he sold the bread portion of his rations to the prisoners and ate the remainder.

Judge-Advocate Chipman asked the witness "whether he was sure of that?"

The witness, with apparent anger, asked: "Am I under oath?"

The Judge-Advocate replied: "If you ask my opinion, it does not look as if it mattered to you whether you were under oath or not."

The court informed Col. Chipman that his remark was improper.

Mr. Baker—Never mind; I am going to object.

The Court—There is no need of objection.

Mr. Baker—Have I not a right to do so?

The Court—We have already reprimanded the Judge-Advocate.

Mr. Baker said that this examination had gone to an extent never before witnessed. Of course he could have no objection to any questions which might be properly asked to discredit the witness; but he desired that this petty catechising should cease. This witness belonged to a very respectable family.

Col. Chipman—I do not know that.

The Witness—My family, Sir, is as respectable as yours.

Col. Chipman objected to the counsel defending the character of the witness at this time.

Mr. Baker—You must listen to me.

Col. Chipman—I must not.

Mr. Baker said he had certificates from men whom the witness had assisted by lending them thirty and forty dollars, and from others whom he had saved from starvation. We have been listening for the last two or three hours to a very peculiar kind of criticism. Let us go back to the plain rules of law, and if there are any points to be made, make them. I have placed none but respectable men as witnesses on the stand. If the prosecution can break their testimony down let them do it.

The cross-examination of the witness was then again resumed.

Major-Gen. Wallace asked if clothing was so plentiful there, how was it that so many men were ragged.

The witness replied, because they had no money to buy clothes with; he saw men in the stockade with shoes, stockings and hats; about one-half of the men might be called ragged; one-fourth of the men there had among them five hundred thousand dollars in greenbacks.

The cross-examination of the witness was continued up to the time of the adjournment of the Commission.

Explanatory of the Late Difficulties at the American Institute Fair.

The writer of this, not desiring to make any arrangement but that which would be agreeable to the managers of the fair, did, before going to any expense, consult with, and did receive their consent and approval, they then seeming desirous to encourage me or any other enterprising persons.

He regrets that he is now compelled to publish this card, but as there are so many conflicting statements in the local columns of our newspapers in relation to the affair, that he feels it incumbent upon him, and that it is a duty he owes himself, to state the following facts; and not desiring to intrude upon the valuable space, as well as the liberality of the publishers of the various journals, he will be as brief as possible.

First—The agents of a newly improved printing press (which, by the way, is a truly valuable improvement) called upon me and made certain representations, prominent among which was one that he desired to exhibit his press at the fair, and was anxious that it should be kept in operation while there. This, he stated, he would not be able to do, unless provided with paper to print upon, and saying that it would take from fifteen to twenty reams each day to keep it in operation, and that he would like to find some one to furnish the paper. That "*some one*" he found in myself; and he then agreed to print and I to have suitable persons to distribute such circulars, he charging a certain sum for said printing and incidental expenses. If I would accede to this proposition, the agents pledged themselves to give me the exclusive use of the press, and agreed to print no other circular than such as I should find a copy of, during the continuance of the fair. *I was persuaded to accept this proposition. A contract embodying the above agreements was drawn up in writing, and was made and duly signed by both parties.*

The performance of the contract, as well as the operations of the press, commenced about the time the contract was signed. It continued in successful operation for a few days, when a certain person commenced to annoy me in various ways; stopped distribution, using abusive and insulting language; tore down and locked up my signs, stopped the press, and interfered with and injured my business. All this was done in the presence of many spectators, and without official action of the Board of Managers.

Many of these same managers were pleased and gratified with the manner in which I was embellishing and making attractive the space allotted to the agents of this press, and were disposed to and did encourage me to go on in my endeavors to make the exhibition a *live one*.

To one the proper intents and purposes of an institution like the American Fair, and the object of a fair is to allow inventors and every exhibitor to display their goods to the best possible advantage, and to give them publicity, in order to do so circulars and cards are distributed. Visitors are eager for circulars and cards, and collect them relating to every article on exhibition. These evidences of the fair and the articles there exhibited, many take home with them for future reference, besides too, the young people like to read them, as it explains to them the object of what they have seen. All this, at least, make popular the fair, and naturally adds to and augments the gross receipts of the institution.

I might here add that had the Board of Managers, officially and in writing, kindly notified me that my display of signs was objectionable, I would have instantly ordered them removed.

I now contend that my rights have been usurped. My cash outlay in one week is nearly $2,000, and some one must suffer for it. It is my belief that had I been permitted to go on uninterruptedly, it would have resulted in my gain. This was my idea when accepting the proposition, and when I should have experienced a return for all this outlay, for the benefit of the fair as well as myself, I was interfered with, causing me to be a loser, and some one must now pay for it.

I do not allow my name to be torn down for less than $250 per day, to say nothing of the annoyance and insults. I trust the people are with me, and in conclusion, I desire to explain the whole cause of the trouble, which can be found in the following note, of which I have the original manuscript. Had I acceded to their demands, and advertised gratuitously, no difficulty would have been experienced. The note requested the following to be inserted in the circular:

"This circular is printed on Campbell's press, now on exhibition at the Thirty-sixth Annual Fair of the American Institute, now open at the armory in Fourteenth-street, west of Sixth-avenue, and will continue until the 19th of October.

If this is put on the circular, they will be allowed to be printed at the fair.

JOHN W. CHAMBERS, Chairman.

Copies of the "Fairest of the Fair" to be had at my drug and chemical warehouse, No. 594 Broadway. Call and get one and see if I have not been already liberal to managers and inventors.

I am, the public's obedient servant,

H. T. HELMBOLD.

FIRST PREMIUM.—By reference to the list which we publish elsewhere, it will be seen that the Singer Sewing-Machines (both family and manufacturing) carry off the first premiums from the State Fair, which closes to-day. It is worthy of remark that these machines are rarely seen at fairs, and the Singer Company have not entered into the general scramble for premiums which has characterized the past few years. The agent in this city saw fit, however, to come out on this occasion in force; and, notwithstanding the competition was sharp—the Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, &c., &c., joining in the contest—it was plain to be seen, when the practical tests were applied, that the "plumes" must be handed over to the Singer machines.—*Utica Daily Observer, Sept. 15.*

"Prophets have no honor in their own country; but this cannot be said of perfumes, inasmuch as Phalon's 'Night Blooming Cereus,' the home manufactured product of the sweetest flowers of the Western hemisphere, has long since taken precedence of all exotic extracts on this side of the Atlantic."—*Lancaster Express.*

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news. European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many of which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of interest, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

TERMS.—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year $5. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club rates.

Atlantic White Lead and Linseed Oil Co.

Manufacturers of **Pure White Lead, Red Lead, Litharge, Glass-Makers' Red Lead, &c.**

Also, **Linseed Oil, Raw, Boiled and Refined.**

For sale by druggists and dealers generally, and by ROBERT COLGATE & CO., General Agents, No. 287 Pearl-st., New-York.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair

Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean; stands above comparison with any other hair dressing. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamented, and warranted perfectly dry. Also, a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes. MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS," the best in the world for curing Rupture—no pressure on the back; light, clean and easy; superior Supporters and Braces. GREGORY & CO., 609 Broadway.

Boys' and Children's Garibaldi, Cuta-AWAY AND ZOUAVE SUITS by the thousand at reasonable prices. I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

The Finest Overcoats ever seen in this country, now ready for sale. I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-place, and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Union.

Always on Hand, that Beautiful White Parisian stoneware in dinner, tea and toilet sets; handsomer than china, and half the price. Call and see it. HADLEY'S, Cooper Union, middle of the block.

The Schuylkill Mutual Coal Company is now delivering **Coal at $8 75** per ton, to its subscribers. Apply in person, or by letter, at the office, **No. 35 Wall-st.**

The only thing in the world that has never been broken through by burglars is the Burglar Alarm Telegraph. E. HOLMES, No. 198 Broadway.

Decalcomanie; A New Process to Embel-lish Porcelain, Wood, Glass, Silk, Leather, etc. Can be practiced by every one. NO. 811 BROADWAY.

Ivory and Pearl Sleeve Buttons, Studs, jewelry, &c. WM. M. WELLING, importer and manufacturer, No. 571 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic stitch, and lock-stitch sewing-machines. No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

At Hunt's, 430 Broadway, best French Calf Boots, ready made or order, $12; Pat. Leather Boots, best quality, $14; Shoes and Gaiters of every description.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Meerschaum Manufacturers.—Pollak & SON, No. 692 Broadway, near 4th-st. Pipes and cigar holders at reduced rates, cut to order and repaired.

The Universal Clothes-Wringer, with cog-wheels. Warranted the best in use. Salesmen wanted everywhere. R. C. BROWNING, Gen. Ag't, 347 Broadway.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine, No. 508 Broadway.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President. 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock Stitch Sew-ing-Machine and Button-hole Machine. 625 Broadway.

The Bitter Fruits of Bad Bitters.

Invalid reader, do you know what nine-tenths of the bitter compounds you are solicited by the proprietors to accept as universal panaceas are composed of? Give heed for a moment. They are manufactured from unpurified alcohol, containing a considerable portion of *fusel oil*, a poison almost as deadly as prussic acid. The basis of the regular tinctures of the Materia Medica is the same. No amount of "herbal extracts" can overcome the bad tendency of this pernicious element. The essence of sound Rye thoroughly rectified is the only stimulant which can be safely used as a component of a Tonic, Alterative, and anti-bilious medicine, and HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is the only medicinal preparation in the world in which this article is used as an ingredient. Hence the extraordinary effects of this great specific. It gives strength without producing excitement. No other tonic does this. All the ordinary Bitters flush the face and affect the brain. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS diffuse an agreeable calm throughout the nervous system, promote digestion and produce sleep. No other tonic so quickly revives the exhausted physical energies, restores the appetite, and removes the gloom and depression which always accompanies weakness of the bodily powers.

New-York Office,
No. 59 Cedar-st.

Ladies and Gentlemen: CHAPMAN'S RECIPES for the removal in less than ten days of tan, freckles, pimples, blotches, &c., from the worst face. Also his recipe for producing a full growth of hair on a bald head or bare face, can now be obtained free of charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist and Perfumer, No. 831 Broadway, New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye. The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Boots—Boots—Boots. RICHMOND is now prepared to manufacture to measure a superior quality of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers of every variety, for Ladies, Gents, Misses, Boys and Children. An immense stock of ready made goods on hand, all at reasonable prices. C. C. RICHMOND, No. 150 Fulton-st.

The Massasoit Hair-dressing and Hair Restorer is the neatest and most perfect article in the market; warranted to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Sold by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers. General Agents, HOWARD, SANGER & CO., No. 105 Chambers-st., and DEMAS BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

City Ladies, and Ladies Visiting the city, wishing their supply of boots and shoes for the coming season, good articles at moderate prices, patronize MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

A Man is not Equipped as a Gentleman ought to be until he has placed upon his head the handsomest Hat that artistic skill can produce. He will find the same at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Everdell's Wedding Card Depot, No. 302 Broadway, New-York; all the latest and most elegant styles of wedding and visiting cards, note paper, &c.

MARRIED.

ARMSTRONG—ABBEY.—Last evening, by Rev. Samuel T. Spear, JESSE J. ARMSTRONG, of Rome, N. Y., and BERTHA K., daughter of Westminster S. Abbey, of Brooklyn.

BINES—BALDWIN.—At Newark, N. J., on Wednesday evening, Sept. 27, by Rev. E. R. Craven, D. D., assisted by Rev. H. N. Brinsmade, D. D., CHARLES ARTHUR BINES and ANNA WEST, daughter of the late Charles W. Baldwin, Esq., all of that city.

CASEY—HEBERTON.—In Philadelphia, on Wednesday, Oct. 4, by Rev. Alex. Heberton, Lieut. SILAS CASEY, Jr., U. S. N., and Miss SOPHIE G., daughter of the late Henry F. Heberton, of that city.

GINNA—TOMPKINS.—On Wednesday, Oct. 4, at the residence of the bride's parents, Stony Point, N. Y., by Rev. J. Romeyn Berry, STEPHEN A. GINNA, of this city, and LIZZIE C., daughter of Daniel Tompkins, Esq.

GARDINER—LENNON.—In Calvary Church, Cairo, N. Y., on Tuesday, Sept. 26, by Rev. Robert B. Fairbairn, D. D., Rev. CHARLES H. GARDINER, Minister of the parish, and ANNA E., second daughter of the late John Lennon, Esq., of Cairo.

HOWLAND—MILLER.—On Thursday, Oct. 5, at the Church of the Incarnation, by Rev. Henry E. Montgomery, HENRY E. HOWLAND, Esq., and Miss LOUISE MILLER, daughter of the late Jonathan Miller, all of this city.

LEFFERTS—COLWELL.—On Thursday, Oct. 5, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. Alex. R. Thompson, LEFFERT LEFFERTS and MARY B., daughter of Lewis Colwell, all of this city.

MARTINE—GARRETT.—On Wednesday, Oct. 4, by Rev. O. B. Frothingham, FRANKLIN MARTINE and MARY AUGUSTA, daughter of Henry A. Garrett, Esq., all of this city.

MCCULLOUGH—MCCULLOUGH.—On Tuesday, Oct. 3, at the Madison-square Presbyterian Church, by Rev. Dr. Adams, CHARLES H. MCCULLOUGH and ELIZABETH G. MCCULLOUGH, all of this city.

MCGRATH—BRUSH.—On Tuesday evening, Oct. 3, by Rev. Wm. Brush, WM. J. H. MCGRATH and HENRIETTA BRUSH, all of this city.

RIPLEY—ROSS.—On Wednesday, Oct. 4, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. James F. Brown, D. D., of Bridgeton, N. J., CHAUNCEY B. RIPLEY, Esq., formerly of Connecticut, and Miss CORNELIA ROSS, only daughter of the late Gideon Ross, all of Westfield, N. J.

☞ Hartford, Conn., papers please copy.

ROBINSON—KITCHING.—At Trinity Chapel, an Thursday, Oct. 5, by Rev. Theodore Irving, LL. D., JAMES A. ROBINSON and CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA, daughter of John B. Kitching, Esq., of Dobb's Ferry.

RICH—LOCKWOOD.—At the Church of the Holy Trinity, Hudson City, N. J., on Wednesday, Oct. 4, by Rev. Wm. A. Maybin, assisted by Rev. L. L. Noble, WM. H. RICH, of New-York, and C. MINNIE LOCKWOOD, eldest daughter of D. D. Lockwood, Hudson City, N. J.

☞ Southern and Western papers please copy.

STEINWAY—KREISCHER.—On Wednesday, Oct. 4, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. Pastor Steins, ALBERT STEINWAY, of New-York, and Miss LOUISE, youngest daughter of B. Kreischer, Esq., of Kreischersville, Staten Island.

TAYLOR—MARVIN.—At Christ's Church, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 5, by Rev. Dr. Canfield, GEORGE CARRINGTON TAYLOR and MATILDA HOWARD, daughter of Charles H. Marvin, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

WOODHOUSE—PHELPS.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., by Rev. R. S. Storrs, Jr., D. D., SYLVESTER L. WOODHOUSE and MARY, daughter of Samuel F. Phelps, all of Brooklyn.

WATERS—ALBERTSON.—On Wednesday, Oct. 4, at Reformed Dutch Church, Washington-square, by Rev. Dr. Burchard, WM. ELLIS WATERS and MARY D., eldest daughter of Wm. H. Albertson, Esq., all of this city.

DIED.

BLACKFAN.—On Thursday, Oct. 5, at his residence, Upper Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y., JESSE BLACKFAN, Esq., in the 87th year of his age.

Funeral at 4 P. M. of the 6th; at Greenwood Cemetery, from the foot of Harrison-st. at 10 A. M. of the 7th inst. His friends are invited to attend his funeral, without further notice.

BOWNE.—On Thursday, Oct. 5, at Westchester, N. Y., SIDNEY B. BOWNE, in the 78th year of his age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at Friends' Meeting-house, Westchester, on Seventh Day, 7th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Harlem Bridge at 1 o'clock.

COCHRANE.—On Thursday, Oct. 5, CHARLOTTE J. COCHRANE, the only child of John and Adelia Cochrane, aged 10 months and 1 day.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Friday) afternoon, from the residence of her parents, No. 267 9th-st., New-York.

COLLIE.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Oct. 5, SARAH R. COLLIE, youngest daughter of William and Mary Collie, aged 18 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the York-st. M. E. Church, corner of York and Gold sts., Brooklyn, this (Friday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation.

CROZIER.—At Huntington, L. I., on Wednesday, Oct. 4, GEORGE P., son of H. P. and Maria Crozier, aged 10 years and 10 months.

Funeral Friday, Oct. 6, at 10 A. M.

DOREMUS.—On Thursday afternoon, Oct. 5, SARAH DOREMUS, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her daughter, No. 181 East 21st-st., on Saturday, at 1 o'clock P. M.

DAILEY.—At New-Canaan, Conn., on Friday, Sept. 29, of dysentery, ALICE LOUISE, daughter of Hiram and Mary Dailey, aged 1 year, 9 months and 22 days.

DAVIDSON.—At Huntington, L. I., ADELINE T., wife of Rev. Dr. R. Davidson.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, at the First Presbyterian Church, Huntington, at 3 P. M. on Friday, the 6th inst. The train for Syosset leaves New-York, foot of James-slip, at 10:30 A. M.

GREER.—On Wednesday morning, Oct. 4, ELIZABETH GREER, relict of George Greer, aged 87 years.

Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her daughter, Eliza McKever, No. 19 Gay-st., at 1 o'clock, this day, Friday.

GASSIN.—On Thursday, Oct. 5, EUGENIA A., wife of James H. Gassin, in the 24th year of her age.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 172 East 27th-st., this (Friday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

HEMMER.—In this city, on Wednesday, Oct. 4, KATE N., only child of the late John Hemmer, in the 9th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her grand parents, H. P. and H. M. Tufts, No. 35 Morton-st., this (Friday) afternoon, 6th inst., at 2 o'clock.

IRELAND.—On Wednesday morning, Oct. 4, in the 28th year of his age, UZAL W., eldest son of William H. and Rachel A. Ireland.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of his father-in-law, Geo. Jones, No. 353 West 34th-st., on Saturday morning, at 10½ o'clock.

KENT.—At Kent, Ohio, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 4, ZENAS KENT, in the 80th year of his age.

LABAGH.—On Wednesday evening, Oct. 4, Rev. ABRAHAM I. LABAGH, in the 61st year of his age.

The funeral services will be held on Saturday, the 7th inst., at 1½ o'clock P. M., in the North Dutch Church, corner of Fulton and William sts., to which his friends of the clergy, and others, as well as the friends of his brothers, Forsyth, John and Isaac, are respectfully invited.

NASH.—On Thursday morning, Oct. 5, MAGGIE, only daughter of John A. and Clarissa Nash, in the 14th year of her age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence, No. 75 North Oxford-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

PANGBURN.—On Thursday, Oct. 5, at her late residence, No. 735 Greenwich-st., SUSAN, wife of Jeremiah Pangburn, Esq., in the 38th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from Rev. Mr. Osgood's Church, corner of Bedford and Christopher sts., on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

WILES.—In Willett, N. Y., on Sunday, Oct. 1. of cholera, after a brief illness of four days, ADAM F., son of Henry and Julia A. Wiles, and brother of D. A. Wiles, aged 35 years and 3 months.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer ETNA, and for the German States, via Bremen, per steamer NEW-YORK, will close at this office on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 10:3 A. M., and at the up-town offices, as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D, 9:30 A. M.; Stations E and F, 9:15 A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M.

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TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Aug. 1, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act, required to be complied with, before commencing the business of banking under said act:

Now, therefore, I, Freeman Clarke, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Chemical National Bank of New-York, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this 1st day of August, 1865.
FREEMAN CLARKE,
Comptroller of the Currency.

OFFICE OF THE GERMANIA PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 33 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the GERMANIA PETROLEUM COMPANY of New-York will take place at the office of the company, No. 33 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of October next, at 12 o'clock M., to decide upon the reduction of the capital stock of the company to $600,000.

The transfer books will close on the 3d day of October.
(Signed) J. F. SCHEPLER, C. HOLZAPFEL, H. R. BALTZER, EMIL SAUER, WM. F. DRAKE, Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO.,
No. 59 EXCHANGE-PLACE, CORNER BROAD-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 1, 1865.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD PREFERRED FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot eighteen bonds, numbered as follows: 296, 574, 556, 47, 537, 373, 581, 211, 246, 292, 498, 98, 250, 122, 500, 589, 7, 141, for redemption.

According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease Nov. 1, 1865. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.
J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st.,
L. H. MEYER, No. 48 Exchange-place, Trustees.

OFFICE OF THE HIGHGATE PETROLEUM CO.,
No. 33 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Highgate Petroleum Company of New-York will take place at the office of the company, No. 33 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 28th day of October next, at 1 o'clock P. M., to decide upon the reduction of the Capital Stock of the Company to $300,000.

The transfer books will close on the 3d day of October.
[Signed] I. F. SCHEPELER, CHAS. HOLZAPFEL, WM. F. DRANE, WM. F. HEINS, Trustees.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, INTEREST DEPARTMENT,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1865.

I AM AUTHORIZED BY THE SECRETARY of the Treasury to commence, on the 25th inst., the payment of the Coupons for the FIVE-TWENTY BONDS, falling due on the 1st of November. When coupons are presented in numbers of thirty (30) or more, they must be accompanied by a a schedule for examination, when checks will be given for them in the order in which they are received, as soon thereafter as the examination can be completed.

Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the interest desk of this office.
H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer, U. S.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL PARK, NORTH AND EAST RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 1 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this company, for the election of thirteen directors and three inspectors of election, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 17th day of October, 1865, at 12 o'clock, noon. The polls will be open from 1 o'clock P. M. until 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed until Oct. 18, 1865. By order,
JAMES WARING, Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THE ANNUAL meeting of the stockholders in the Burtnett and Russell Mining Company, for the election of trustees for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, No. 116 Nassau-st., New-York, on the second MONDAY (9th) of October next, at 3 o'clock P. M.
SEPT. 25, 1865. H. P. ALLEN, Secretary.

ELECTION.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual election for thirteen directors of the Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company will be held at the Secretary's office, 15th-st., Brooklyn, on MONDAY, Oct. 16, 1865. The poll will be open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M. ED. F. DRAYTON, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Home Flax Company will be held at the office of the President, No. 61 Leonard-st., on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 11, at 12 o'clock M., for the choice of officers, and any other business that may come before the meeting. J. A. HANSON, Secretary.

THE COUPONS OF THE BONDS OF the Atlantic and Great Western Railway, due 1st October, will be paid at the office of McANDREW & WANN, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank

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QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the NATIONAL BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH, in the City of New-York, in the State of New-York, on the morning of the 1st Monday of October, 1865:

RESOURCES.

Dr.		
Notes and Bills discounted	$1,866,637 76	
Indebtedness of Directors	137,500 00	$2,004,137 76
Overdrafts		3,500 56
Banking-house		183,356 13
Current expenses		12,856 20
Taxes paid		2,728 29
Premiums		10,965 45
Remittances and other cash items		307,758 50
Due from National Banks		250,507 57
Due from other banks and bankers		53,675 04
U. S. bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure circulating notes		250,000 00
U. S. bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure deposits		200,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	$166,150	
Other U. S. securities	271,300	437,450 00
Cash on hand in circulating notes of other National Banks		10,626 00
Cash on hand in circulating notes of State Banks		6,713 00
Specie		52,533 60
Other lawful money, viz.:		
Legal tender notes	$676,991	
Compound interest notes	236,530	913,521 00
		$4,700,329 10

LIABILITIES.

Cr.		
Capital stock paid in		$750,000 00
Individual Deposits		2,374,477 66
United States deposits		287,136 15
Dividends unpaid		4,786 00
Due National Banks		997,916 07
Due to other banks and bankers		155,636 64
State Bank circulation outstanding		23,427 00
Discount	$17,888 93	
Exchanges	3,178 91	
Interest	19,407 30	
Profit and loss	66,474 44	106,949 58
		$4,700,329 10

(5 cent stamp) I, GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier of the NATIONAL BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn to and subscribed before me, this fifth day of October, 1865.
R. M. HEDDEN, Notary Public.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, in New-York, in the State of New-York, on the morning of the first Monday of October, 1865:

RESOURCES.

Notes and Bills discounted		$696,872 01
Overdrafts		184 07
Remittances and other cash items sent Clearing-house, Exchanges, &c		149,779 66
Due from National Banks		13,600 51
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure Circulating Notes		300,000 00
U. S. Bonds and Notes deposited with U. S. Treasurer, to secure Deposits		150,000 00
Other U. S. Securities		1,500 00
Cash on hand in Circulating Notes of other National Banks	$28,843 00	
Cash on hand in Circulating Notes of State Banks	350 00	29,193 00
Other lawful money, viz.:		
Legal Tender Notes	$458,267 00	
Compound Interest Notes	20,000 00	478,267 00
Total		$1,819,396 25

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in		$300,000 00
Surplus Fund		53,287 26
Circulating Notes received from Comptroller	$270,000 00	
Less amount on hand	175 00	
Amount outstanding		269,825 00
Individual Deposits		531,762 58
United States Deposits		351,908 24
Due to National Banks		312,613 17
Total		$1,819,396 25

(5 cent stamp) I, CHARLES P. HARTT, Cashier of THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CHARLES P. HARTT, Cashier.

State of New-York, County of New-York: Sworn to and subscribed before me, this second day of October, 1865.
F. D. SHERMAN, Notary Public.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION of the MARKET NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK on the morning of the first Monday of October, 1865:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$1,594,600 31
Overdrafts	2,608 48
Real estate, Banking-house	35,000 00
Current expenses	12,764 34
Cash on hand, remittances and other cash items	557,493 81
Cash on hand, U. S. notes, legal tenders	670,829 00
Cash on hand, specie	64,452 38
Cash on hand, National Bank notes	8,000 00
Cash on hand, State Bank notes	1,696 00
Due from banks and bankers	241,048 15
United States Securities	944,523 35
New-York State and other Stock	64,750 00
Total	$4,197,225 82

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund	181,814 98
Circulation	280,000 00
Circulation—Market Bank	19,231 00
Individual deposits	2,449,526 42
Dividends unpaid	3,299 00
Due banks and bankers	204,997 31
Profits	58,357 11
Total	$4,197,225 82

I, A. GILBERT, Cashier of the MARKET NATIONAL BANK, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, in New-York, on the morning of Oct. 2, 1865:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$6,104,058 10
U. S. Bonds deposited with Treasurer of U. S.		7,500,000 00
United States Bonds on hand		2,652,000 00
Other United States securities		1,696,000 00
New-York City Stock		60,000 00
New-York State Stock		9,000 00
Real Estate—Banking House and Lots		300,000 00
Due from Banks		316,335 62
Cash Items, viz., Checks, &c., in Exchanges		2,890,824 16
Specie	$1,174,445 33	
Other Lawful Money	3,802,636 00	4,977,084 33
Expenses		23,104 76
Total		$26,438,406 97

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$10,000,000 00
Surplus	$2,068,607 85	
Profit and Loss	443,738 35	2,512,346 20
Circulating Notes Outstanding		1,150,455 00
Individual Deposits	$9,558,315 43	
Due to Banks and Others	3,190,154 54	12,748,469 97
Dividends Unpaid		27,135 80
Total		$26,438,406 97

State of New-York, City and County of New-York, ss.—I, HENRY F. VAIL, Cashier of the National Bank of Commerce in New-York, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 5th day of October, 1865. THOS. P. OKIE, Jr., Notary Public.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY.

The interest due on the bonds of this company Oct. 1, 1865, will be paid at the office of the company, or at the National Bank of the Republic, on and after the above date.
W. BEMENT, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1865.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE,
LANSING, Oct. 1, 1865.

TO THE HOLDERS OF MICHIGAN WAR LOAN BONDS OF THE DENOMINATIONS OF FIVE HUNDRED AND ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS.—Notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of the provisions of section seven (7) of an "Act Authorizing a War Loan, approved May 10, 1861," numbers corresponding with the numbers of the following bonds have been duly drawn. The said bonds will be paid by me, at the Metropolitan National Bank, of New-York City, on the first day of January next. The holders of the bonds designated by the numbers are hereby notified to present them to me, at the said place and time for payment. Interest will cease on said bonds on the thirty-first day of December next. The numbers of the five hundred dollar bonds are, 43, 93, 184, 226 and 278. The numbers of the one thousand dollar bonds are, 20, 36, 394, 691, 699, 724, 952 and 964.
J. OWEN, State Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 29, 1865.

MESSRS. WELLS, FARGO & CO. HAVING been appointed the transfer agents of this company in the City of New-York, all transfers of stock of the company will be made at their office, No. 84 Broadway, on and after MONDAY, Oct. 9, 1865.

The transfer agency at the Continental National Bank will be discontinued on and after MONDAY, Oct. 9, 1865.
By order of the Board of Directors.
WM. F. STAUNTON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY,
NO. 34 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 6, 1865.

NOTICE TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY.—On and after the 10th inst. the company will issue scrip in payment of the coupons now due upon their first bonds, at their gold value, according to the terms of a resolution of the Board of Trustees, passed Oct. 5, 1865, which scrip will be received in payment of the installment upon preferred stock.
W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN R. R. CO.,
NO. 37 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 22, 1865.

THE INTEREST COUPONS OF THE first Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago and Great Eastern Railway Company, No. 4, due Oct. 1, will be paid (less government tax,) on presentation at the Company's Office, No. 37 William-st., New-York, on and after that date.
HENRY MORGAN, Treasurer.

HOLDERS OF SAN FRANCISCO BONDS, known as the "School Bonds of 1854," are hereby notified that said bonds will be redeemed in United States gold coin at our office, at maturity, Nov. 1, 1865. Interest on the above bonds will cease from and after the above date.
LEES & WALLER, No. 33 Pine-st.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 26, 1865.

FOR SALE—A FRACTIONAL SHARE OF American Express Company, (old dividend,) by D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

FINANCIAL.

PROPOSALS FOR FUNDING
CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND TREASURY NOTES.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 29, 1865.

By virtue of the authority contained in the first section of an act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide ways and means to support the Government," approved March 3, 1865, which provides, among other things, that any Treasury Notes, or other obligations bearing interest issued under any act of Congress, may, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and with the consent of the holder, be converted into any description of bonds authorized by said act, notice is hereby given to the holders of Certificates of Indebtedness which mature before the 1st day of January next, of Compound Interest Notes, and of one and two year Treasury Notes, of the readiness of this department to give in exchange for them, to the extent of fifty millions of dollars, six per cent. Five-Twenty Year Bonds at three per cent. premium; that is to say, one hundred dollars of bonds for each one hundred and three dollars in certificates and notes; provided the conversion is made prior to the 1st day of November next.

The bonds issued in exchange for such certificates and notes will bear an interest of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually in coin, upon the first days of May and November, and will be redeemable at the pleasure of the government after five years, and payable in twenty years from the first day of November, 1865.

The coupon and registered bonds issued under this proposal will be of the denominations of one hundred, five hundred and one thousand dollars. Registered bonds of five thousand and ten thousand dollars will be issued if desired.

Holders of certificates, compound interest or Treasury notes, who desire to make such conversions, will deliver them to the Treasurer, the Assistant Treasurers or the designated depositaries of the United States, or to any national depositary bank which may consent to transact the business without charge.

Interest will be allowed on certificates of indebtedness, and one and two-year Treasury notes matured or maturing prior to the first of November, 1865, up to the date of maturity, and when maturing after the first of November, interest will be allowed to that day.

Upon the compound interest notes the interest will be computed to November 1, 1865, upon the amount of principal and interest compounded on the back of said notes, from the period next prior to that date.

The principal and interest of such Treasury Notes and obligations will be considered together as an offer for conversion, but when, after deducting the principal of the Bonds, and three per cent. premium, there remains a fractional part of one hundred dollars, this fractional part will be paid to the depositor.

The Secretary reserves to himself the right of withdrawing this proposal at any time prior to said first day of November, provided fifty millions of dollars shall, prior to that date, be offered for conversion as aforesaid.

Circulars of instructions will be transmitted to the various officers authorized to receive certificates and notes, to which attention is invited.
H. McCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury.

W. H. M. SISTARE,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKER,
No. 27 William-st., Room No. 6. Government securities, stocks, bonds, &c., bought and sold at the New-York Stock Exchange, exclusively, on commission.

NOTICE.

Agreeably to the provisions contained in the Trust Mortgage Deed of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, sealed proposals, (indorsed Proposals for S. F. Bonds,) addressed to J. M. Forbes, Boston, will be received until noon of the 26th day of October, 1865, for the sale, to the undersigned, of the first Sinking Fund Bonds of said Company, to the value of seventy-four thousand dollars. Also of either the first or second Sinking Fund Bonds of said Company, to the value of twenty-nine thousand dollars.
J. M. FORBES, N. THAYER, H. H. HUNNEWELL, Trustees.
BOSTON, Oct. 4, 1865.

DIVIDENDS.

BREVOORT PETROLEUM COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 126 MAIDEN-LANE,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1865.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE BREVOORT PETROLEUM COMPANY, this day, declared a dividend of two and a half (2½) per cent. on the capital stock of the company, payable at their office on and after the 10th inst. Transfer books will be closed from the 7th to the 10th inst. inclusive.
JAMES S. CREAMER, Secretary.

OFFICE CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., free of U. S. Government tax, has been declared payable 10th October next to the stockholders of this company, or their legal representatives who shall be registered as such at the closing of the Transfer Books. The Transfer Books will be closed on Monday, Oct. 2, and reopened on Wednesday, Oct. 11.
FRANCIS H. TOWS, Secretary.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, COR. 30TH-ST. AND 10TH-AV.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1865.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FOUR Per Cent., less government tax, will be paid to stockholders on the 14th inst. Transfer books will close on 6th and open on 16th.
C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

MANUFACTURERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand.
J. T. FOUNTAIN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
NO. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1865.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) per cent., free of government tax, has THIS DAY been declared, payable on demand. By order of the Board of Directors.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK have this day declared a dividend of Four Per Cent. on its capital stock, free from government tax, payable at the bank on and after MONDAY, Oct. 9, inst.
ALFRED A. POST, Cashier.

DRY GOODS.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Will open at Retail, on
MONDAY, Oct. 2,
an extensive variety of
ELEGANT FRENCH CLOAKS, MANTILLAS,
&c., &c., &c.,
DECIDED NOVELTIES,
suitable for the present season.
BROADWAY and TENTH-ST.

INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR
SHAWLS.
A rich variety
will be opened on
MONDAY, Oct. 2,
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
ALSO,
a full assortment of
BLACK AND COLORED VELVETS.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
BROADWAY and TENTH-ST.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
UNDERCLOTHING
OF
PARIS AND NEW-YORK
MANUFACTURE,
will be opened on
MONDAY, Oct. 2, by
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
BROADWAY and TENTH-ST.

PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS
IN ALL THE NEWEST SHADES,
MOIRE ANTIQUES, PLAIN AND CHINE.
ALSO,
a large and popular stock of
STRIPED POULT DE SOIES,
at $1 50 per yard, value $2,
will be opened at retail
MONDAY, Oct. 2.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
BROADWAY and TENTH-ST.

BEADS BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-Yo

WHITE AND COLORED COTTON WASTE for machinery and packing, for sale low, by W. W. TAULMAN, No. 76 William-st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS' TURBINE
WATER WHEELS

These celebrated water-saving and powerful wheels, of every capacity, promptly furnished for milling, manufacturing, mining, boring, pumping, &c., &c. A large assortment in stock. Wheels and machinery constructed for mule carriage into the mountains. Streams gauged and plans made. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, Hydraulic Engineers, No. 170 Broadway, New-York.

FURNACES, RANGES.

BROWN'S WATER FURNACES, CHILSON'S CONE FURNACES, HARRISON'S IMPROVED RANGES, manufactured by BRAMHALL, DEAN & CO., No. 269 Canal-st., New-York. Call and examine, or send for full description.

CLEANLINESS!—A STOVE MOST BRILLIANTLY polished in two minutes for less than one farthing. W. G. NIXEY'S celebrated registered black lead. A new domestic discovery. Cannot be wasted.

The advantages of this elegant chemical preparation are great saving of time, cleanliness of application, smallness of quantity required, and the prevention of waste, dust, and its destructive consequences. Further, it ultimately produces a pure metallic coating of a high degree of brilliancy and durability, reflecting both light and heat.

(See specimen on the sides of each block.)
Sold everywhere, in solid blocks, 1d., 2d. 4d. and 1s.
Works, No. 12 Soho-square, London. Agents wanted.

MME. DEMOREST'S SUPERIOR AND beautiful toilet preparations. LILY BLOOM for the complexion, 50 cents. ROSEATE BLOOM for the complexion, 50 cents. CURLING CREAM for the hair, 50 cents. PERFUME PACKET, very durable, 50 cents. Mailed post free on receipt of price. MME. DEMOREST'S EMPORIUM OF FASHIONS, No. 437 Broadway, New-York. Sold everywhere.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF boots and shoes, all of which have been bought for cash, and at much less than present prices, and will be disposed of to a cash buyer at a bargain. The opportunity is a rare one. For particulars apply to JAMES NORMAN, No. 230 Court-st., near Degraw, Brooklyn. Also, lease of store and fixtures.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the city to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

TO PRINTERS—WANTED, A SECOND-HAND Hoe or Taylor small cylinder press, in good running order; size of bed about 33x48. Address PRESS, care of S. M. Pettengill & Co., New-York.

FOR SALE LOW—AN ELIGIBLE PEW IN ST. Bartholomew's Church, (Rev. Dr. Samuel Cooke.) Apply at No. 10 Old-slip, or address Box 968 Post-office.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 309 Washington-st., near Reade.

SAVINGS BANKS.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
BOWERY, CORNER OF CANAL-ST.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.
MONEY DEPOSITED NOW OR ON OR BEFORE OCT. 20, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM OCT. 1.
Bank open every day for the reception of deposits and payments of drafts from 10 to 3, and also on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS from 5 to 7. Bank books in English, German and French.
GEO. FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK,
OPEN DAILY.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST
Allowed. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20, will draw interest from Oct. 1.
M. D. VAN PELT, President,
CHARLES D. BAILEY, Treasurer.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK.
No. 1 Third-avenue.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS, COMMENCING OCT. 1.
Bank open daily from 9 to 2 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday from 5 to 7 P. M.
THOS. B. STILLMAN, Prest.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Sec'y.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.
Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT.—FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of Third-avenue and Twenty-sixth-street.
PRESENT DEPOSITS, $2,200,000.
SIX PER CENT. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $1,000, free from government tax.
All moneys deposited on or before Oct. 10 will draw interest from the 1st.
BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, CORNER of 14th-street and 8th-avenue, open daily from 1 to 5 P. M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, from 1 to 7 P. M.; six per cent. interest free of government tax. Deposits made on or before Oct. 10, will draw interest at once.
THOS. CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK, NO. 594 8th-av., corner of 42d-st. Open daily. INTEREST SIX PER CENT, free of tax. Deposits made on or before Oct. 20 draw interest from Oct. 1.
SAMUEL NEWBY, President.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
ALBANY, July 29, 1865.

To the Sheriff of the County of New-York:—Sir:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT the general election to be held in this State on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November next, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Secretary of State, in place of Chauncey M. Depew.
A Comptroller, in the place of Lucius Robinson.
A Treasurer, in the place of George W. Schuyler.
An Attorney-General, in the place of John Cochrane.
A State Engineer and Surveyor, in the place of William B. Taylor.
A Canal Commissioner, in the place of William J. Skinner.
An Inspector of State Prisons, in the place of Gaylord J. Clarke.
A Judge of the Court of Appeals, in the place of Hiram Denio.
A Clerk of the Court of Appeals, in the place of Frederick A. Tallmadge.

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Also, a Judge of the Court of Appeals, in the place of John K. Porter, who was appointed to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Henry R. Selden, whose term (for which he was elected) expires on the 31st day of December, 1871.

Also, a Justice of the Supreme Court for the First Judicial District, in place of Daniel P. Ingraham, whose term of office will expire on the last of December next.

Also, a Senator for the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Senate Districts, comprising the County of New-York.

COUNTY OFFICERS TO BE ELECTED.

Seventeen Members of Assembly;
Two Justices of the Superior Court, in the place of James Moncrief and Anthony L. Robertson;
A Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, in the place of Charles P. Daly;
Two Supervisors, in the place of James Davis and John R. Briggs;
A Justice for the Marine Court, in the place of Henry Alker;

All whose terms of office will expire on the last day of December next.

Also, a Justice of the Marine Court in the place of Florence McCarthy, deceased, whose term (for which he was elected) expires on the 31st day of December, 1869.

The attention of Inspectors of Election and County Canvassers is directed to chapter 325 of Laws of 1865, a copy of which is printed herewith, entitled "An Act to provide the means of paying bounties authorized by law, and of reimbursing municipalities for bounties paid by them in pursuance of law, by creating a State debt for that purpose, and to submit to the people the question of creating such debt, and to repeal certain sections of chapter twenty-nine of the Laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five," for instructions in regard to their duties under said act.

Chapter 325.
AN ACT

To provide the means of paying bounties authorized by law, and of reimbursing municipalities for bounties paid by them in pursuance of law, by creating a State debt for that purpose; and to submit to the people the question of creating such debt, and to repeal certain sections of chapter twenty-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five.

Passed April 7, 1865; three-fifths being present.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. To provide the means of paying all bounties authorized by law to be paid by this State to volunteers, drafted men or substitutes, and to provide the means of reimbursing cities, counties and towns for bounties paid by them to volunteers, drafted men or substitutes; so far as the bounties so paid by them are authorized by a law of this State, to be reimbursed or refunded to them, a debt of this State is hereby created and authorized to be contracted, which debt shall be for the single object of paying, reimbursing and refunding the said bounties.

SEC. 2. The debt hereby created and authorized to be contracted shall not exceed the sum of thirty millions of dollars, and there shall be imposed, levied and assessed, upon the taxable property of this State, a direct annual tax, to pay the interest on the said debt, as such interest falls due, which said direct annual tax shall be sufficient to pay such interest as it falls due. And to create a sinking fund for the payment of said debt, there shall also be imposed, levied and assessed, upon the taxable property of this State, a direct annual tax to pay, and sufficient to pay, in the space of twelve years from the time of the passage of this act, the whole of the debt created and contracted under and by the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. To obtain the money necessary for the purposes contemplated by this act, the Comptroller is authorized to issue the bonds of the State, in such sums each as shall seem meet to him, with coupons thereto attached for the payment of the interest on such bonds, at a rate not exceeding seven per centum per annum, half yearly, on the first days of July and January, in each year, until the principal thereof is payable, at such place in the City of New-York as shall seem meet to him, and the whole principal shall be payable in such place in New-York City as the Comptroller shall deem meet, in twelve years from the passage of this act. The bonds to be issued by the Comptroller, under the provisions of this act, shall be disposed of by the Comptroller as follows: First, he shall, as soon as may be after the approval of this act by the people, issue at par to the holders of any of the revenue bonds of this State, which, under the provisions, of any law of this State, shall have been theretofore issued by him to raise moneys for the payment of the bounties specified in the first section of this act, or to reimburse or refund to cities, counties, or towns the bounties paid by them, as specified in the first section of this act, so much of the bonds authorized by this act as shall equal in amount the revenue bonds of this State which shall have heretofore been issued by him, as aforesaid. Second, he shall then, as to the remainder of the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, before disposing of them or any of them, advertise for proposals for the same, and shall open the proposals and award the same to the highest bidder, at a rate not less than par, which advertising and disposition shall be according to the provisions of law now existing.

SEC. 4. This act shall be submitted to the people at the next general election to be held in this State. The inspectors of election in the different election districts in this State shall provide at each poll, on said election day, a box in the usual form, for the reception of the ballots herein provided; and each and every elector of this State may present a ballot which shall be a paper ticket, on which shall be printed or written, or partly written and partly printed, one of the following forms, namely: "For the act to create a State debt to pay bounties," or "Against the act to create a State debt to pay bounties." The said ballots shall be so folded as to conceal the contents of the ballot, and shall be indorsed, "Act in relation to bounties."

SEC. 5. After finally closing the polls of such election the inspectors thereof shall, immediately, and without adjournment, proceed to count and canvass the ballots given in relation to the proposed act, in the same manner as they are by law required to canvass the ballots given for Governor, and thereupon shall set down in writing, and in words at fullength, the whole number of votes given "For the act to create a State debt," and the whole number of votes given "Against the act to create a State Debt," and certify and subscribe the same, and cause the copies thereof to be made, certified and delivered, as prescribed by law in respect to the canvass of votes given at an election for Governor. And all the provisions of law in relation to elections, other than for military and town officers, shall apply to the submission to the people herein provided for.

SEC. 6. The Secretary of State shall with all convenient dispatch, after this act shall receive the approval of the Governor, cause the same to be struck off and printed upon slips, in such numbers as shall be sufficient to supply the different officers of this State concerned in notifying or in holding elections, or in canvassing the votes, and shall transmit the same to such officers.

SEC. 7. This act shall become a law when it is ratified by the people in pursuance of the constitution and the provisions thereof.

SEC. 8. Sections eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen of chapter twenty-nine of the laws of eighteen hundred and sixty-five are hereby repealed.

Yours, respectfully,
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW,
Secretary of State.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, } ss.

I hereby certify the above to be a true copy of the original notice received by me this day from the Secretary of State.—Aug. 2, 1865. JOHN KELLY,
Sheriff of the City and County of New-York.

Publishers of newspapers are notified not to publish this advertisement unless duly authorized to do so by the Sheriff. Laws of 1860, chap. 480.
JOHN KELLY, Sheriff.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, Thirty-second District of the State of New-York, No. 83 Cedar-st., comprising the First, Second and Fourth Wards of the City of New-York.—ANNUAL TAX NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the annual list of taxes assessed in the above collection district for the year beginning May 1, 1865, has been received from the assessor, and that the duties, taxes and licenses therein specified have become due and payable. The undersigned will attend personally, or by deputy, at his office, No. 83 Cedar-st., near Broadway, daily, (Sundays excepted,) commencing on the 20th day of October ensuing, and ending on the 20th day of November, for the receipt of said duties, taxes, &c. Office hours from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M. The taxes included in the list are upon plate, carriages, yachts, billiard tables, piano-fortes, gold watches, licenses, and upon incomes for the year 1864. All persons who shall neglect to pay the sums due by them respectively, according to the list aforesaid, within the time herein specified, will become liable to the penalties prescribed by the law. SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.
Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 26, 1865.

PROPOSALS.

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE
OF
STEAMBOATS, WHARFBOATS, BARGES AND OTHER PROPERTY.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 29, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the places, and until the dates hereinafter named, for the purchase of the following named STEAMBOATS, WHARF-BOATS, BARGES, AND OTHER PROPERTY.

AT MOBILE, ALA., UNTIL THURSDAY, OCT. 12, AT 12 M., FOR THE

Side-wheel steamer Laurel Hill, registered 783 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Warrior, registered 466 tons.
Side-wheel steamer James Battle, registered 621 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Ariel, registered 302 tons.
Side-wheel steamer N. W. Thomas, registered 511 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Starlight, registered 351 tons.
Side-wheel steamer Iberville, registered 505 tons.
Side-wheel steamer J. D. Swain, registered 227 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer Jennie Rogers, registered 346 tons.
Stern-wheel steamer R. B. Hamilton, (sunk,) registered 199 tons.
Screw tug Perry, registered 154 tons.
Screw tug Alph Cutting, registered 95 tons.
Screw tug Blossom, registered 54 tons.
Model barge Ford; canal-boat GoldenEra; canal-boat (no name); forty (40) pontoon barges; thirty (30) yawl-boats, and three (3) sectional docks.
All of which can be seen at MOBILE, ALA., until the day of sale.

Persons making proposals for more than one boat or barge, should give the name or number of each boat or barge bid for, with price proposed to be given for each.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name of the boat or barge, or description of the property, indorsed thereon, and addressed to Brig.-Gen. L. B. Parsons, Chief of Rail and River Transportation, in care of the officer in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening bids.

The government reserves the right to withdraw any of the above property, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.

Payments to be made in United States currency, upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.

A full description of the property may be obtained on application to Col. ARTHUR EDWARDS, Assistant Quartermaster, St. Louis, Mo.

By order of the Quartermaster-General:
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brigadier-General and Chief of Rail and River Transportation.

NOTICE.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 21, 1865.

All boats, &c., at New-Orleans and Mobile, for which bids are not accepted, will be offered at public auction, those at New-Orleans at that place on SATURDAY, the 7th day of October, and those at Mobile at that place on MONDAY, the 16th day of October. Due notice will be given of precise hour and locality of sale.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brigadier-General.

PROPOSALS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES.

OFFICE SOUTHERN SUPERINTENDENCY,
LAWRENCE, Kansas, Sept. 21, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE will be received at the Office of the Superintendency in Lawrence, Kansas, until the 12th day of OCTOBER next, for furnishing the following goods and supplies for the Indians within this Superintendency, to wit:

9,000	pairs women's brogan shoes.
4,500	pairs men's brogan shoes.
2,250	pairs misses' brogan shoes.
2,250	pairs boys' brogan shoes.
600	men's hats, (wool.)
103,000	yards prints.
90,000	yards 4-4 standard domestic.
10,000	yards bleached domestic.
25,000	yards Kentucky jeans.
20,000	yards satinet.
50,000	yards Franklin stripes.
30,000	yards blue drill.
25,000	yards bed-ticking.
30,000	yards Canton flannel.
15,000	yards gray flannel.
15,000	yards blue flannel.
2,000	yards gray list cloth.
20,000	yards linsey.
2,000	pairs blankets.
1,500	pounds assorted skein cotton thread.
100	pounds patent thread.
100,000	needles.
50	gross pant buttons.
10	gross agate buttons.
50	packs pins.
2,200	satinet coats.
2,800	pairs pants.
1,000	gray wool shirts.
9,000	pairs women's hose.
2,250	pairs misses' hose.
4,500	pairs men's wool socks.
2,250	pairs small hose.
8,100	sacks flour.
5,000	pounds tobacco.
10,000	pounds sugar.
10,000	pounds coffee.
3,000	pounds rice.
1,500	pounds dried apples.
500	pounds pepper.
100	barrels salt.
10,000	bushels corn.
600	turning plow irons—complete.
600	shoed plow irons—complete.
140	dozen steel corn hoes (negroes.)
2,000	felling axes, from 4 to 6 pounds.

All the goods above enumerated to be of good standard brands and quality.

Samples of goods must be furnished by each bidder on the day of opening bids.

Bidders will be required to indicate the price at which they will furnish and deliver the above goods and supplies, at either Fort Gibson or Tahlequah, Cherokee Nation, or at Fort Smith, Arkansas.

Such goods as may be required for the Indians in Kansas, will be taken at the contract price, for delivery at Fort Gibson, C. N., deducting therefrom the difference in rate for land transportation to the point of delivery in Kansas, from that paid for like goods delivered at Fort Gibson.

The Superintendent reserves the right to elect, at which of the aforenamed places, he will receive any portion or all of the goods embraced in the above schedule, after the opening and public declaration of the bids, and before the awarding of the contract. He also reserves the right of increasing or reducing the quantities to be furnished, and further, to reject any or all bids for proper cause.

All bids must be accompanied with a satisfactory bond, in the penal sum of $50,000 assurity, for the faithful compliance with the contract if awarded.

Payments will be made at such times, and in such funds, as are furnished by the government for that object.

Proposals will be opened and contract awarded on the 12th day of October, subject to the approval of the Honorable Secretary of the Interior.

Delivery will commence within ten days of the date of the approval of the contract.

All bids must be addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "proposals for Indian supplies."
ELIJAH SELLS,
Supt. Ind. Affairs, Southern Superintendency, Lawrence, Kan.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF WHISKY.

OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY,
FORT MONROE, Va., Sept. 21, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS (in duplicate) are invited and will be received by the undersigned at this depot until 12 O'CLOCK M. ON THE 13TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1865, for the sale of one thousand seven hundred and fifteen (1,715) barrels of whisky, more or less, as follows, viz.:

LOT NO. 1—Consisting of ten hundred and sixty-seven (1,067) barrels of Rectified Whisky, originally inspected in April, May and June, 1864, and January, 1865, containing about forty-two thousand three hundred and forty-five (42,345) gallons. Proposals for ten (10) barrels and upward of this lot will be received.

LOT NO. 2—Consisting of four hundred and sixty (460) barrels of Pure Copper Distilled and Superior Bourbon Whisky, originally inspected in February, 1865, containing about eighteen thousand four hundred and ninety-eight (18,498) gallons.

Proposals for five (5) barrels and upward of this lot will be received.

LOT NO. 3—Consisting of one hundred and twenty (120) barrels Pure Rye Whisky, originally inspected in February, 1865, containing about four thousand eight hundred (4,800) gallons.

Proposals for three (3) barrels and upward of this lot will be received.

LOT NO. 4—Consisting of sixty-three (63) barrels pure old Rye Whisky, originally inspected in February, 1865, containing about two thousand five hundred and twenty (2,520) gallons.

Proposals for two (2) barrels and upward of this lot will be received.

LOT No. 5.—Consisting of five (5) barrels pure Old Bourbon Whisky, originally inspected June, 1864, containing about (163) one hundred and sixty-three gallons.

Proposals for one (1) barrel and upward of this lot will be received.

The whisky was originally selected with great care, and is all pure and of prime quality. The rectified was designed for issue to troops in the field, and the Bourbon and Rye for sales to officers, and are equal if not superior to any whiskies now in the market; has all been regauged within the present month, and is in excellent order, packages being of the best quality.

Samples of the whisky can be seen and blank proposals can be obtained at the offices of the following-named officers of the Subsistence Department, viz:

Col. H. F. CLARKE, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S., New-York.
Brev. Brig.-Gen. THOS. WILSON, C. S., Baltimore, Md.
Major GEORGE BELL, C. S., Washington, D. C.
Capt. THOMAS C. SULLIVAN, C. S., Richmond, Va.
Capt. E. D. BRIGHAM, C. S., Boston, Mass.
Capt. J. B. WIGGINGS, C. S., Philadelphia, Pa.

The government reserves the right to withdraw any or all of the above lots, and to reject any proposals deemed too low.

Payment to be made in United States currency within ten (10) days after notification of acceptance of bid and prior to delivery of the property.

A guaranty equal to one-half the amount proposed for must accompany the bid, signed by two (2) responsible parties.

When removing the whisky purchasers will provide their own transportation, and the government will load the vessels free of wharfage, dockage, or labor.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of their proposals. Brevet Brig.-Gen. Joseph Roberts, U. S. A., commanding at Fort Monroe, Va., or some other officer of rank, will be present at the opening of bids to represent absentees.
JAMES CURRY, Colonel and C. S. V.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE AND STRAW.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 17 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1865.

Proposals are invited by the undersigned for the delivery of good, merchantable TIMOTHY HAY, on board of vessels at such wharf in New-York harbor as may be designated.

The hay and straw must be securely baled, and weigh two thousand (2,000) pounds per ton exclusive of wood.

Proposals must state plainly the quantity, price, and time of delivery.

The hay and straw will be inspected by a government inspector, and weighed before being shipped.

Proposals will also be received to deliver HAY and STRAW at Washington, D. C., Richmond, Va., and Hilton Head, S. C., subject to the above requirements.

Bids will be accepted from time to time to meet the requirements of the government.

Payments to be made on delivery, or as soon thereafter as funds for the purpose shall be received.
STEWART VAN VLIET,
Brevet Brigadier-General and Quartermaster.

OFFICE CHIEF COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
DEPARTMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 5, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M. on SATURDAY, the 30th inst., for the purchase of 776 gallons BOURBON and 4,875 gallons RECTIFIED WHISKY, now in store at Newbern, and 866 gallons RECTIFIED WHISKY, now in store at Morehead City.

Bids will be received for the whole or any part (not less than one barrel) of each of the above lots.

The right to reject all bids is reserved.

Samples can be seen by applying to Capt. W. L. Palmer, C. S., at Newbern, or Capt. G. W. Chandler, C. S., at Morehead City. Successful bidders will be required to remove the whisky before the 10th day of October. Terms, cash, on delivery, in government funds.

Proposals will have a copy of this advertisement attached and will be indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for the purchase of Whisky." J. W. BARRIGER, Captain and C. S., U. S. A., Chief C. S., Dept. of N. C.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the Railroad Company's Office, Athens, N. Y., on FRIDAY, Oct. 6, for building thirty brick houses, where plans may be seen. D. DREW, President.

PROPOSALS

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT
COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE,
NO. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1865.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received by the undersigned until 4 o'clock P. M., on SATURDAY, the 7th inst., for supplying, for the use of the United States Army, SUBSISTENCE STORES, to be delivered in New-York or Brooklyn, as follows, viz.:

1,000 barrels PORK—MESS OR PRIME MESS—of the packs of 1864-65, in full-hooped oak or ash barrels, with two iron hoops. Meat to be free from rust or stain; full weight and thoroughly salted. Bidders will state when their pork was packed, and the brands; also the kind of barrel.

The pork to be received at such inspection-yards as shall be agreed to by the undersigned.

Bidders will state the time in which they propose to make their deliveries.

Separate proposals must be made in duplicate, and bidders may propose for such quantity as they wish to contract to deliver.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the proposals must be specific in complying precisely with all the terms. Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible names, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract, with bonds to the amount of one-fourth of the value of the stores proposed to be furnished, shall be executed if required."

The seller's name, place of business and date of purchase, as well as the name of contents, with weight and shipping marks to be hereafter designated, must be plainly marked on every package. All other old marks must be obliterated.

Certificates of inspection by professional packers or inspectors, *other than the party furnishing the provisions*, will be required, certifying on the part of the seller its present quality and condition, and the immediately preceding inspection. The pork will also be examined and passed upon by Robert P. Getty, inspector on the part of the United States.

Payment will be made in Currency or its equivalent, as soon as funds are received at this office for the purpose.

Blanks for proposals will be furnished at this office, which must be inclosed in an envelope addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed, "Proposals for Subsistence Stores."
H. F. CLARKE,
Colonel, A. D. C. and A. C. G. S.

SEALED PROPOSALS.
CONSULATE GENERAL OF FRANCE.

Notice is hereby given, that besides the proposals for furnishing funds to the French Naval Division, and which will be received up to Sept. 30, proposals will be also received until Monday, Oct. 9, for furnishing, under contract, to said division,
First, Coals;
Second, Naval Stores;
and, up to Wednesday, Oct. 11, for furnishing
First, Soap and Tobacco;
Second, Fresh Victuals and Campaign Provisions.

Separate proposals will have to be made for each of the above articles, and deposited at this Consulate General.

The conditions to be complied with can be seen either at the Consulate General of France, No. 2 Bowling-green, or on board of the flag-ship *Themis*.
The Acting Consul-General of France,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 27, 1865. L. BOURG.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Ninetieth-street from the Third-avenue to the Harlem River, and from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York. We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment, in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: *First.* That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to JOHN K. HACKETT, Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, number eighty-two Nassau-st., (room number 37,) in this city, on or before the eighteenth day of October, 1865; and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week days next after the said eighteenth day of October, 1865, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days, at eleven o'clock A. M. *Second.* That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also the affidavits, estimates and other documents, which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the thirty-first day of October, 1865. *Third.* That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land lying and being on Ninetieth-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the Harlem River, and between the Eighth-avenue and the Hudson River, and extending on either side of said Ninetieth-street half the distance to the next street thereto; and *Fourth.* That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the sixth day of November, 1865, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, Sept. 14, 1865.
JOHN K. HACKETT, GEORGE WILKES, WILLIAM CAULDWELL, Commissioners.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Sixty-third-street from the Fifth-avenue to the East River, and from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York. We, the undersigned Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above entitled matter, hereby given notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: *First.* That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to Joseph C. Skaden, Esq., our chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 82 Nassau-street, (room No. 37) in this city, on or before the eighteenth day of October, 1865; and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within ten week days, next after the said eighteenth day of October, 1865, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at eleven o'clock A. M. *Second.* That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also the affidavits, estimates, and other documents, which were used by us, in making our report, have been deposited in the Street Commissioner's office, in the City of New-York, there to remain until the thirty-first day of October, 1865. *Third.* That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid, are as follows, to wit: All those pieces or parcels of land, lying and being on Sixty-third-street, in the City of New-York, between the Fifth-avenue and the East River, and between the Eighth-avenue and the Hudson River, and extending on either side of said Sixty-third-street, half the distance to the next street thereto; and *Fourth.* That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a general term thereof, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the sixth day of November, 1865, at the opening of the court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.

Dated NEW-YORK, September 14, 1865.
JOSEPH C. SKADEN, BENJAMIN GALBRAITH, JOSEPH N. BARNES, Commissioners.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, by the Croton Aqueduct Board of said city, relative to the acquiring of lands for a reservoir and appurtenances thereto in said city, between One Hundred and Seventy-second and One Hundred and Seventy-fifth streets, and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River, in the said city, for the purpose of supplying such parts of said city with Croton water as are not now supplied with the same:

We, the undersigned Commissioners of Appraisal in the above entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owners, lessees, persons and parties interested in the land, tenements, hereditaments and premises affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, that we have completed our estimate and appraisal in the above entitled matter, and that our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a General Term thereof to be held at the City Hall in the City of New-York, on the 23d day of November, 1865, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that said report be confirmed—and that a copy of our said report has been deposited in the office of the Croton Aqueduct Department in the City of New-York, and at our office, No. 83 Nassau-st., (Room No. 20,) for the inspection of parties interested therein.—Dated New-York, Sept. 13, 1865.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, JOHN T. HOFFMAN, HENRY L. HOGUET, Commissioners.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF JOHN W. MILLS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Westchester, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of ALFRED MARCHER, late of the Town of Morrisania, in said county, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at the East River Bank, No. 680 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 11th day of January, A. D., 1866.

DATED this 3d day of July, A. D., 1865.
WILLIAM S. CARMAN, EMILY R. MARCHER, Executors.
Jy7-law6mF.

COAL.

CAMERON COAL.

THE CAMERON COAL COMPANY are now offering this superior BITUMINOUS COAL at Elizabethport, Baltimore and Philadelphia, at low rates. It is unsurpassed for generating steam, and for iron founders, blacksmiths, gas companies, and all other purposes for which Bituminous Coal is now used. As a fuel for grates it has no superior. It is almost entirely free from sulphur. For terms, apply at the

Office of the Company,
No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 33.

COAL AT COST.—THE PEOPLE'S COAL ASSOCIATION are now receiving orders for first quality of red and white ash stove and grate coal, at the wholesale cost price. Office No. 247 Broadway, Room No. 25. All consumers opposed to high prices should leave their orders immediately.

$8 50.—BEST QUALITY OF NUT COAL—Suitable for steam and family use—at yard, No. 5 Oak-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES.
SECOND-HAND.
Rockaway, Pony Phaetons, Doctor's Gig and Top Buggies, in good order, at
TILTON'S WAREROOMS,
No. 616 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—A GENTLEMAN GOING TO EUROPE wishes to sell a pair of bay carriage horses, sound, gentle, and good travelers; also, a brown buggy horse, sound, gentle, and quite fast. Apply at stable No. 104 East 12th-st.

NOTICE.—PERSONS INDEBTED TO GEORGE BRODIE, late of No. 300 Canal-st., are hereby requested to make settlement of their indebtedness as early as possible with his assignee, at No. 46 Pine-st., Room No. 3, northwest corner of William-st.
MAJOR THOMPSON, Assignee of GEORGE BRODIE.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 11.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Oct. 18.
CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, Oct. 25.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 1.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Nov. 8.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Nov. 15.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the continent are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	(Nearly ready)	1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT	(Building)	Great power.
PEREIRE	(Building)	Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS	(Building)	Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.

LAFAYETTE	A. BOCANDI	FRIDAY	Oct. 13
EUROPE	A. DUCHESNE	FRIDAY	Nov. 10

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent.
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre. WM. ISELIN & CO.

NOTICE.—THE NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'S steamer VIRGINIA, LEWIS, Master, for Liverpool, will sail from the company's wharf, Pier No. 47 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 12 M.

Passengers are requested to be on board by 11½ A.M.
WILLIAMS & GUION, Agents,
No. 71 Wall-st.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ENGLAND—building	3,430	
SCOTLAND	3,430	Trapp.
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	McNevin.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Hall.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

VIRGINIA	SATURDAY, Oct. 7
SCOTLAND	SATURDAY, Oct. 14
LOUISIANA	SATURDAY, Oct. 21
PENNSYLVANIA	SATURDAY, Oct. 28

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage, apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT.—CUNARD steamship ALEPPO, Capt. MACAULEY, will sail on WEDNESDAY, 11th October. Cabin passage, $80, gold or its equivalent.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

CITY OF CORK	WEDNESDAY	Oct. 4
ETNA	SATURDAY	Oct. 7
CITY OF LIMERICK	WEDNESDAY	Oct. 11
EDINBURG	SATURDAY	Oct. 14

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin	$90	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	95	Steerage to London	33
First Cabin to Paris	105	Steerage to Paris	40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35. Payable in U. S. currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Southampton, as follows:

ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Nov. 25, 1865.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Dec. 23, 1865.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Jan. 20, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	March 17, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	April 14, 1866.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin....$132 50 | Second cabin....$80 00

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to
ISAAC BELL, President,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND, BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET, AT REDUCED RATES.

Drafts available throughout England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

ONLY LINE OF BRITISH STEAMERS carrying passengers DIRECT to Great Britain. ANCHOR LINE—STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND IRISH PORTS.

BRITANNIA	SATURDAY, Oct. 7
CALEDONIA	SATURDAY, Oct. 21

Cabins, $90, $80 and $70; steerage, $30, in currency.
F. MACDONALD & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LONDON—THE SPLENDID BRITish iron steamship BELLONA, 2,500 tons, Capt. E. DIXON, will sail as above, from Pier No. 3 North River, on THURSDAY, Oct. 12. For passage, at the lowest rates, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 26 Broadway. For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

FOR HAVANA—DIRECT.

The United States mail side-wheel steamship EAGLE, LAWRENCE, Commander, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on THURSDAY, Oct. 12, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway

The favorite steamer COLUMBIA will succeed the EAGLE, and leave Oct. 19.

FOR HAVANA, VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam-packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, October 7th, SATURDAY, November 4th.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

Payable in gold or its equivalent.

☞ No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ.

NOTICE.—Change of sailing date. Hereafter the American and Mexican Mail Steamship Company will dispatch their new and elegant side-wheel steamers for the above ports on the 8th and 23d of each month. For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Agent, No. 26 Broadway.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF PASSAGE.

First-class,	Second-class,	Third-class,
$250.	$175.	$100.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch a first-class steamship
ON THE 20TH OF OCTOBER, AT NOON,
from Pier No. 29 North River, at the above low prices.

For passage, apply at the office of the company, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR CALIFORNIA, via Isthmus of Panama.
LOWER PASSAGE RATES, COMMENCING JULY 1, 1865.

The Atlantic Mail Steamship Company will dispatch steamers semi-monthly, at noon, from the company's new and commodious pier, No. 43 North River, foot of Canal-st.

DEPARTURES.
Oct. 2....NEW-YORK....TINKLEPAUGH.
(Connecting at Panama with COLORADO.)
Oct. 16....OCEAN QUEEN....SLOCUM.
(Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)

For freight or passage apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

THE NEW AND ELEGANT SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS HATTERAS, PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M. ALBEMARLE, BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M., from pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours. Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

FOR NORFOLK CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

REGULAR SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.
Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st.,

The steamship YAZOO, Capt. COUCH, leaves every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M.

The steamship CREOLE, Captain KING, leaves every WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock M.

Excursion tickets issued at reduced rates.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.,
No. 115 Broadway.

☞ FOR MOBILE, ALA., DIRECT.

Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company goes to the wharf at Mobile without lighterage.

The new and splendid side-wheel steamship RAPIDAN, Capt. J. B. MCCONNELL, is now receiving freight at Pier No. 36 North River, and will leave as above on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations for first-class passengers, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT AGENCY, No. 41 Chambers-st.—Passports from the Department of State indispensable to travelers, issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, room No 28.

SHIPPING.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.—The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship MORNING STAR, H. NELSON, Commander, will leave on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, and the MARIPOSA, E. HOWES, Commander, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 11, at 3 o'clock P. M., from the Company's Pier, No. 46 North River. For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The U. S. Mail steamship STAR OF THE UNION, Capt. A. BLANCHARD, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 3 P. M. Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60. Apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

The R. R. CUYLER will follow.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

Regular United States Mail Line of FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.
GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ANDALUSIA,
QUAKER CITY.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River. Bills of lading signed on board. For freight or passage apply to
ARTHUR LEARY,
No. 73 William-st.

The fast and elegant steamship
QUAKER CITY,
WM. H. WEBB, Commander,
is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 5:30 P. M.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR LINE.

The elegant and favorite steamships
MONEKA, Capt. MARSHMAN,
EMILY B. SOUDER, Capt. WINCHESTER,
will leave Pier No. 36 North River every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M.

Steamship EMILY B. SOUDER leaves THURSDAY, Oct. 12.

For freight or passage, having very superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Agents at Charleston, WILLIS & CHISOLM.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

Regular United States Mail Line of first-class steamships
GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ANDALUSIA,
QUAKER CITY.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River. Bills of lading signed on board. For freight or passage apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The favorite and very fast steamship
GRANADA, R. BAXTER, Master,
will leave on Wednesday, Oct. 4.

FOR SAVANNAH.

PIONEER LINE,
THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, connecting with all steamboats and railroads for the interior.
STEAMSHIPS.

HUNTER	M. L. ROGERS, Commander.
LEO	F. A. MERRILL, Commander.
PERIT	E. A. DELANOY, Commander.
CHASE	W. D. ROATH, Commander.

The new and first-class steamship CHASE will leave Pier No. 11 North River, on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 3 P. M.

The entirely new steamship HUNTER will sail as above on THURSDAY, Oct. 12.

Freight received daily on covered pier, and promptly forwarded.

For freight or passage apply to
LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT.

STAR LINE—SEMI-WEEKLY,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY,
connecting with railroads throughout
GEORGIA AND FLORIDA.

The first-class United States Mail steamships
AMERICA, LINDT.
CONSTITUTION, GREENMAN.
NEVADA, CARPENTER.
IDAHO, CROWELL.

The
AMERICA
will leave Pier No. 45 North River, three piers above Canal-st., SATURDAY, OCT. 7, AT 3 P. M.

For freight and passage, apply to
WAKEMAN, GOOKIN & DICKINSON,
No. 17 Broadway.

The CONSTITUTION will follow WEDNESDAY, Oct. 11. Agents in Savannah, Messrs. BRIGHAM, BALDWIN & CO.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
SEMI-WEEKLY,
connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

The new and elegant steamships
ARIADNE, Capt. CRARY;
RALEIGH, Capt. WALKER;
VARUNA, Capt. WHITEHURST;
NIGHTINGALE, Capt. BREAKER,
will leave Pier No. 37 North River every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. These steamers are unrivaled for speed and passenger accommodations.

The new sidewheel steamship RALEIGH leaves SATURDAY, Oct. 7.

For freight or passage, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Agent at Savannah, JNO. R. WILDER, who will forward all goods intended for the interior.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.—COMMERCIAL LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.

FAIRBANKS	ALEX. HUNTER, Commander.
WILLIAM P. CLYDE	JAS. S. ROBBINS, Commander.

The splendid A 1 steamship FAIRBANKS is now receiving freight at Pier No. 15 East River, foot of Wall-st., and will sail on THURSDAY, Oct. 5, at 4 o'clock P. M. Superior accommodations for passengers. Goods forwarded to Fayetteville and all interior places by BRADLEY & WOEHLER, Agents at Wilmington.

For freight or passage, apply to CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st., or to JAMES HAND, No. 117 Wall-st.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C., DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
EUTERPE, ELDRIDGE, Commander.
TWILIGHT, SPICER, Commander.

The elegant and fast steamship EUTERPE is now receiving freight at Pier No. 37 North River, and will leave as above on SATURDAY, Oct. 7, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Agents at Wilmington, HARRIS & HOWELL.

FOR PROVIDENCE DIRECT—THE NEW and staunch side-wheel steamship CITY OF PROVIDENCE, 900 tons burden, DAVID P. DAVIS, Commander, will leave Pier No. 16 East River, every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 4½ o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY & NEPHEW, Agents, No. 62 South-st.

RAILROADS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS, 1865.
COMMENCING MONDAY, SEPT. 18.
PASSENGER LINES FOR CAMDEN, MANCHESTER AND LONG BRANCH.

The steamer JESSE HOYT, Capt. SEELY, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

AT 11:45 A. M., EXPRESS LINE FOR CAMDEN DIRECT,
taking passengers for Port Monmouth, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squan, Bricksburg, Manchester, Toms River, Woodmansie, Shamong, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Otsion, Jackson, and all stations on Camden and Atlantic Railroad.

Through to Camden in five hours. Fare $2.

Excursion ticket, good for three days, $3.

At 4:15 P. M., Way Passenger Line for Manchester, Toms River, Long Branch and intermediate stations.

THROUGH FREIGHT LINE CAMDEN AND NEW-YORK.

Leave New-York at 4:15 P. M., arriving at Camden 1:30 P. M. next day.

Leave Camden at 2:30 P. M., arriving at New-York 4 A. M. next day.

Freight taken at low rates. Apply to S. C. HASTY, Local Freight Agent, Red Bank, N. J.
W. S. SNEDEN, Supt.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after Monday, June 5, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for Saratoga and Sharon Springs.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for Saratoga, Sharon Springs, &c., and at Chatham with trains for points East.

2 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with trains for Saratoga.

4 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4:40 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with train for Lebanon Springs. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. This train runs on Sundays.

10:30 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York 7 and 10.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD.—On and after Sept. 23, 1865, trains will run as follows: I eave Flushing at 5:40, 6:50, 8, 9, and 11 A. M., 1, 3:30, 5, 6 and 7 P. M. On Sunday, 8 and 10 A. M., and 5 P. M. On Tuesday and Saturday nights at 11 P. M. Leave Hunter's Point at 6:10, 7:20, 8:30, 9:30 and 11:30 A. M., 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, and 7:30 P. M. On Sunday at 9:20 and 10:40 A. M., and 5:40 P. M. On Tuesday and Saturday nights at 12:10 A. M.
L. C. VOORHEES, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M. and 6:25 P. M. On Saturdays, 11:15 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:22 run through to Monsey. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF THE CORCORAN IRISH LEGION MONUMENT ASSOCIATION will be held THIS DAY, (Friday,) the 6th inst., at the armory of the 2d N. Y. S. N. G., corner of Hall-place and 7th-st., at 8 o'clock P. M. By order of
Brevet Brig.-Gen. J. P. McIVOR, President.
THOS. DUNBAR, Recording Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
DIRECTOR....MAX MARETZEK
THIS EVENING, UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.
THIS (FRIDAY) EVENING, Oct. 6, at 8,
(SEVENTH SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT,)
will be presented Verdi's popular opera,
UN BALLO IN MASCHERA.
MME. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
MLLE. ENRICHETTA BOSISIO.
MLLE. F. DE GEBELE,
SIGNOR MAZZOLENI,
SIGNOR BELLINI, and others.
CONDUCTOR....Signor TORIANI
There will be no MATINEE TO-MORROW.
ON MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 9,
IL TROVATORE.
ON TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 10,
I PURITANI.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING, at the regular ticket-offices, viz.: the Box-office of the Academy, Messrs. Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Pond & Co.'s, No. 543 Broadway, and Root, Anthony & Co.'s, No. 21 Nassau-st.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—HERRMANN.

TO-MORROW (SATURDAY) EVENING, OCT. 7.
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO OF
HERRMANN,
in his celebrated
NECROMANTIC EASTERN DELUSIONS.

The other two performances will take place on the following evenings:
THURSDAY and SATURDAY, Oct. 12 and 14.

The programme will be varied each evening, and will comprise twelve of the best tricks of his repertoire.

THE ORCHESTRA OF THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC WILL BE IN ATTENDANCE.

Admission 75 cents. Reserved seats 25 cents extra. Family Circle 50 cents. Private boxes from $6 to $15. The sale of tickets at the Academy, and at Messrs. Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Pond's, No. 543 Broadway, and Root & Anthony's, No. 21 Nassau-st.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manageress....MRS. JOHN WOOD.
Stage Manager....J. H. SELWYN.

GREAT SUCCESS
of the grand, original, spectacular, sensation drama of intense interest entitled
LOLAH,
in three tableaux, written expressly for
MISS LUCY RUSHTON,
who will have the honor of making her second appearance in America.

The whole resources of the establishment have been for several months actively employed in its production at AN ENORMOUS OUTLAY.

THE STUPENDOUS SCENERY
has been invented and painted by that famed artist,
MR. HAYES.
Mechanical effects by....MR. W. SANDERS.
Properties and appointments by....MR. W. HENRY.
THE NEW AND ELABORATE COSTUMES,
by MR. BULLOCK and assistants.
Balletarranged....by....Monsieur GOSSI.

The GORGEOUS and MAGNIFICENT INDIAN COSTUME of Miss LUCY RUSHTON, designed and executed at a great outlay, by the European celebrity, Dickwynkin.

The music has been composed and arranged by
MR. T. BAKER.

The piece has been produced under the special superintendence of MRS. JOHN WOOD, and every care taken to render this production worthy of the reputation of the Olympic Theatre for spectacular display. It will be repeated
EVERY EVENING TILL FURTHER NOTICE
with a
POWERFUL CAST.

TABLEAU FIRST.	AT SEA.
TABLEAU SECOND,	PALM TREE ISLAND.
TABLEAU THIRD,	THE DUEL.

Doors open at 7¼. Performances commence at 7¾. Seats may be secured six days in advance.

IRVING HALL—MASTER RICHARD COKER,

Formerly principal soprano of Trinity Church, respectfully announces that his first
GRAND CONCERT
Will take place on
SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 7th.

The following artists will assist Master Coker: Miss Jenny Kempton, Contralto; Miss Matilda Toedt, Violinist; Mr. S. B. Mills, Pianist, first appearance this season; Mr. George Harrison, Tenor; Mr. Otto Fleming, Basso; Mr. Sinzoni, Accompanist.

Tickets 50 cents; reserved chairs 50 cents extra. For sale at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Sibell's, 5 Wall-st.; Shuberth & Co., Broadway and Irving Hall.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

GRAND MATINEE AT 2.
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.
THE GREAT RAVELS AND COMPANY.

WOOD'S MINSTRELS.

514 Broadway. 514
First appearance of the Cuban wonder,
SIG. LOUIS VAYO.
MONDAY, Oct. 2, and every evening during the week,
THE FALL OF MEXICO. MONSTER CONCERT.
The Nerves. Leap for Life.
Running the Blockade.
Champion Clog Dance. Silver Trumpet, &c.
By the Star Troupe of the World.

GRAND NATIONAL EXHIBITION

OF THE
AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
Held daily from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., at the
ARMORY ON 14TH-ST., near 6th-av., N. Y.
MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF INVENTIONS,
MACHINERY IN MOTION,
MANUFACTURES,
PAINTINGS, FRUITS, FLOWERS, &c.
Dodworth's 22d regiment band engaged.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.

AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
COMMONWEALTH, Capt. J. W. WILLIAMS,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. J. C. GEER,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 5 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR SAUGERTIES.

Landing at Rhinebeck, Barrytown and Tivoli. The steamer ANSONIA, Capt. JOHN OSTERHOUDT, will leave New-York from the foot of Franklin-st., for Saugerties, EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 5 o'clock, and MONDAY at 3 o'clock P. M.

Landing Mondays also at Newburgh, Low Point, New-Hamburgh, Milton and Poughkeepsie.

Passage 50 cents to Rhinebeck and all landings below.

PLEASURE TRAVEL TO CATSKILL Mountain House, Lebanon Springs, Saratoga, Lake Champlain, Montreal, Quebec and all points North and West via Hudson River. Day boats for Albany, landing at Yonkers, Cozzen's Hotel Dock, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson. Steamboat C. VIBBARD, Capt. D. H. HITCHCOCK, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS; and the DANIEL DREW the alternate mornings, at 7:45 A. M., from pier at foot of Desbrosses-st., touching at 30th-st. pier, to receive passengers, at 8. Tickets sold on board and baggage checked for the West and North, making close and sure connections with the New-York Central and Northern Railroads. Baggage transferred without charge.

DAILY, FOR HARTFORD, SPRINGFIELD, Greenfield, Northampton, and other points, by rail, North, East and West of Hartford, and landing on the Connecticut River, steamers CITY OF HARTFORD and GRANITE STATE, from Peck Slip, New-York, at 4 P. M. First class fare, $2; second class, $1 50. These boats have first-class stateroom accommodations.

For further information, inquire of SAXTON & SEABURY, No. 112 South-st., N. Y. D. A. MILLS, Ag't, Hartford and New-York Steamboat Company.

FOR RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDing at Cozzens, Cornwall, Newburgh, Marlborough, Milton, Poughkeepsie, West Park and Esopus, connecting with the Delhi and Ellenville stages. The new and elegant steamers JAMES W. BALDWIN, Capt. JACOB H. TREMPER, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS; THOMAS CORNELL, Capt. DAVID ABBEY, Jr., TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS; leaving New-York, foot of Jay-st., at 4 o'clock P. M.

PEOPLE'S OPPOSITION LINE OF STEAMERS FOR BOSTON—Fare $3; to Providence and Newport, $1 50, from Chambers-st. Pier, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SUNDAY, at 4 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND WHITE MOUNTAINS—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

NOTICE.

To capitalists desirous of embarking in the brewing business, have a chance of purchasing a brewery in one of the Western States.

The proprietor, having made a handsome fortune in a few years, will be willing to sell out at any time, and impart a general knowledge of producing the best grades of malt liquors, which has brought the highest prices known in the American markets for the past ten years.

The Mash Tun is in full work at 200 bushels per day, and a malt-house adjoining equal to its acquirements.

All particulars known on application to G. W. C., Box No. 656 Post-office, Detroit, Mich.

N. B.—To prevent trouble, no one need apply who cannot control a capital of $40,000 or $50,000.

$5,000—A PARTY HAVING THIS AMOUNT or a little less, is wanted as partner to engage in establishing a first-class job printing office, in a growing town, where there is at present very little competition; the other party is a practical printer, and has some means, but not sufficient; there is no doubt money can be made in the enterprise. Full particulars may be had by any one having the money, by addressing HAGAR & CO., Type Founders, No. 38 Gold-st.

$50,000 WANTED—SPECIAL CAPITAL to the amount of $50,000 to do a jobbing business in boots and shoes. Two gentlemen having an excellent and paying trade, wish the above amount of capital to extend their business, and will make liberal terms with a capitalist. Address TAYLOR, Post-office Box No. 3,547.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT SACRIFICE, A splendid panorama of great merit; subject, American victories in Mexico; would make a fine inclosure for a Summer garden; will be sold for nearly the price of the canvas. Apply, for one week, to D. MOSSMAN, No. 106 Worth-st., from 10 to 12 A. M.

FOR SALE—A RECIPE FOR MAKING A SUperior article of japan blacking, liquid and paste, without molasses, as prepared by an experienced tanner, for durability, color, and brilliancy of polish unequaled by any market. For terms address TANNER, Box No. 162 *Times* Office.

COAL-YARD FOR SALE—INCLUDING FIXtures of office, scale, five horses, carts, &c., within two blocks of wharf up town, all ready for an extensive business. Apply at No. 19 Broad-st., Room No. 36, between 12 and 3 only. FRANK S. ALLEN, Assignee.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST FLOUR BUSInesses in the city, with a good family and bakers trade. Address A., Box No. 134 *Times* Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

FINE ART GALLERY.

NO. 625 BROADWAY.
Now on exhibition for the first time,
THE GREAT NATIONAL PICTURE
OF THE
REPUBLICAN COURT
in the time of
WASHINGTON.

Painted by D. HUNTINGTON, Esq., President of the National Academy of Design.

Admittance 25 cents.
Open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director and Manager....G. L. Fox
New Sensation Drama,
THE AVALANCHE.
Whalley, Mestayer, Marden, Mlle. Martinetti, Miss R. Denvil, St. Maur, Mrs. Welsh Edwards.
PANTOMIME—THE RED GNOME.
G. L. Fox, Timothy, C. K. Fox, Mlle. Martinetti.
DRAMA—THE SANCTUARY.
C. Foster, Miss Sarah Steele, Mr. Wilkins.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

GABRIEL RAVEL.
In one of his Great Comic Characters, at the Grand MATINEE, TO-MORROW AFTERNOON AT 2.

BRYANT'S—MECHANICS' HALL,

No. 472 Broadway, above Grand.
MONDAY, Oct. 2, and during the week.
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
The Excelsior Troupe in the following comic acts:
LES MISERABLES, OR OLD TIME'S ROCKS,
THE POWER OF MUSIC,
PRESTIDIGITATOR. JACK CADE.

Messrs. DAN BRYANT, Eph Horn, Nelse Seymour, Dave Reed, Neil Bryant, with the entire troupe in their plantation acts.

Parquet, 50c.; Gallery, 30c. To commence at 7¾.

THE HIPPOTHEATRON......BEGINS AT 8

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14TH-ST., BETWEEN 3D AND 4TH AVS.
Director of Amusements....Mr. N. AUSTIN
MONDAY AND EVERY EVENING.
GRAND MATINEES
ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, at 2½.
IMMENSE, UNQUALIFIED
AND UNANIMOUSLY ADMITTED,
BY PRESS AND PUBLIC,
SUCCESS, SUCCESS,
OF EL NINO EDDIE,
the child wonder of the world, both as equestrian and tight-rope performer, and
THE MAMMOTH AND MATCHLESS
GALAXY OF STAR ARTISTS,
EQUESTRIAN, GYMNASTIC,
ACROBATIC AND PANTOMIMIC,
CONCEDED TO BE
THE MOST SUPERB ARRAY
OF GENIUS AND TALENT
ever presented to
THE NEW-YORK PUBLIC.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
NEW ACTS, NEW WONDERS,
NEW AND MARVELOUS FEATS,
IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.
NEW COMIC BALLET PANTOMIME,
THE BARBER AND THE BEADLE,
in which the entire company will appear.

NOTICE.—The special attention of heads of families is directed to the MATINEES ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, when the performances are identical with those of the evening.

Prices of Admission—Boxes and Dress Circle, 50 cents; children half price; Reserved Seats, 25 cents extra; Amphitheatre, 25 cents. Box Office open from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M.

MEDICAL.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF midwifery and operating surgeon, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, without pain or exposure, with or without medicine. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or by mail.

Dr. A. M. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. Sold also at No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York; in Boston, No. 13 Court-st.

CHLORODYNE.—EARL RUSSELL HAS FAvored J. T. Davenport with an extract of a dispatch from Mr. Webb, H. B. M.'s Consul at Manila: "The remedy most efficacious (in epidemic cholera) has been found to be Chlorodyne; and with a small quantity I have saved several lives." Caution.—Chlorodyne.—Sir W. P. Wood stated that Dr. Browne was undoubtedly the inventor; eminent hospital physicians of London prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's.—See *Times*, Jan. 13, 1864. It is affirmed by medical testimonials to be the most efficacious medicine for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Spasms, Rheumatism, &c. No home should be without it. J. T. DAVENPORT, No. 33 Great Russell-st., London, sole manufacturer. Observe, none genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Stamp. Agent, J. S. ASPINWALL, No. 36 William-st.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st. New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 21 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this city who makes diseases of the genitourinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness, nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of syphilitic, mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROP are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

ALL THAT IS WORTH LIVING FOR, can be easily and surely obtained by using those world-renowned remedies,
TRIESEMAR, NOS. 1, 2 AND 3.
Apply to DR. H. A. BARROW, author of Medical Work on Human Frailty, &c., No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors from Macdougal, New-York.

DR. GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR, No. 6 Amity-place, makes it his special practice to treat all female complaints. Patients may rely upon the most skillful and efficient treatment of all diseases, no matter how complicated or from whatever cause produced. Elegant rooms for ladies during confinement.

MADAME GRINDLE, FEMALE PHYSICIAN, No. 6 Amity-place, can be consulted on all diseases of females. Medicines safe and certain. Convenient rooms for ladies who desire good care and medical attendance during confinement.

LADIES' LETTER—BY AN EXPERIENCED nurse and female physician. This important letter will be sent free, if a directed envelope and stamp for return postage is sent to Mrs. Dr. KEWLER, Brooklyn Post-office, N. Y.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.—TWENTY years' practice in a miasmatic region. DR. FAIR'S FEVER AND AGUE PILLS. Wholesale Agent, J. E. TRIPPE, No. 71 Warren-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read lists of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S NEW AMERICAN MUSEUM.

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
BRILLIANT SUCCESS
of the CHARMING COMEDIENNE AND VOCALIST,
MISS SALLIE PARTINGTON,
AFTERNOON AT 3.
The musical drama, in two acts, of ASMODEUS.
The elegant comedietta, IS HE JEALOUS?
EVENING, AT 7½.
The military drama, THE ROLL OF THE DRUM.
The excellent farce of OUR SALLIE.
W. B. HARRISON, Extemporaneous Singer.
COMIC DANCE—MASTER TIMOTHY.
FAVORITE BALLAD—MISS BELLE FISHER.
OVER 100,000 CURIOSITIES.
THE IDENTICAL LINCOLN LOG-CABIN
built by ABRAHAM LINCOLN, in Macon County, Illinois, in 1830, and in which he resided for two years.
THE LILLIPUTIAN WONDER,
Miss JENNIE STONE, the Scottish Queen, aged 19 years, 26 inches high, weighing 24 pounds.
THREE of the TALLEST GIANTS in the world,
THE LARGEST FAT WOMAN LIVING,
AND PRETTIEST CIRCASSIAN GIRL EVER SEEN.
BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWERS,
TWO STEAM GLASS ENGINES in motion.
Prof. HUTCHINGS, LIGHTNING CALCULATOR.
THREE-HORNED BULL.
Cosmoramas, Stereopticons, Learned Seal, Happy Family, Grand Aquaria, Mammoth Turtle, &c.
Admission 30 cts.; Children, under ten, 15 cts.
MONDAY, Oct. 9—A grand equestrian drama.

WINTER GARDEN.

IMMENSE SUCCESS!
THE OLD FAVORITE
welcomed with
SHOUTS OF DELIGHT!
TO-NIGHT, and EVERY NIGHT,
will be presented
Tom Taylor's world-renowned comedy of sentiment, fun and frolic, called
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN,
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN,
WITH
MR. J. S. CLARKE
AS
ASA TRENCHARD.

New Scenery, by Witham; new and beautiful Furniture and Appointments and a fine distribution of the characters.

MR. JOHN DYOTT
(first appearance this season,)
as
ABEL MURCOTT.
MR. CHARLES PETERS
as
BINNEY, THE BUTLER
(originally acted by him.)
MR. W. S. ANDREWS
as
LORD DUNDREARY,
(successfully performed by him in many of our principal cities.)
MISS ROSE EYTINGE
as
FLORENCE TRENCHARD.
MRS. C. WALCOT, Jr.,
as
MARY MEREDITH.
MISS MARY CARR
AS
MRS. MOUNTCHESSINGTON.
THIS AND EVERY EVENING,
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
Seats secured six days in advance.
Doors open at 7¼; commences at 8.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

GRAND RAVEL MATINEE AT 2.
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON.
GABRIEL RAVEL, YOUNG AMERICA,
and full company.

BROADWAY THEATRE. FRIDAY.

FAREWELL BENEFIT OF MME. CELESTE,
and positively
HER LAST APPEARANCE BUT ONE.
Last night but one of the great sensational drama,
THE WOMAN IN RED.

MATINEE TO-MORROW AFTERNOON,
commencing at 1 o'clock. Doors open at 12½. CELESTE as "The Woman in Red."
On MONDAY, Oct. 9,
MR. F. S. CHANFRAU,
supported by
MISS OLIVE LOGAN,
in the new comedy, expressly written for Mr. Chanfrau, by De Walden, and never before performed in New-York,
SAM.
New scenery and costumes, and
AN ADMIRABLE CAST.
Seats secured now.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

THE GREAT RAVELS APPEAR AT THE
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON MATINEE AT 2.
FOUR SPLENDID ENTERTAINMENTS.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,

NO. 212 5TH-AV., NEW-YORK,
NO. 137 MONTAGUE-ST., BROOKLYN.

NEW-YORK CLASSES on MONDAY, THURSDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS.

BROOKLYN CLASSES on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Afternoon for children. Evening for gentlemen. Primary Class in Brooklyn, under the instructions of Mr. F. DODWORTH, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON and SATURDAY MORNING. For terms, &c., send for circular.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMY,

EVERETT ROOMS,
Corner of 34th-st. and Broadway,

Will open on SATURDAY, Oct. 7. Circulars may be had of E. D. LAWRENCE, No. 1,296 Broadway.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 59 West 14th-st., open WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

Ladies at 2; children at 4 P. M. Evening classes at 8.

I shall introduce to my pupils the present season, the *German Cotillon* and the *Quadrille Français*, as danced in my presence the past Summer at Paris and Dieppe.

Having had the honor to be elected Corresponding Member of the *Société Académique des Professeurs de Danse de Paris, Artistes du Théâtre Impérial de l'Opera*, all new dances emanating from the society will be forwarded to me as soon as produced.

C. H. RIVERS BROOKLYN DANCING Academy, No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., corner of Court-st. Classes for beginners are now forming. Gentlemen TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. Children WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS. Send for a circular. Twenty-five cents for a pamphlet containing the German cotillion and fashionable quadrilles.

BALLET-MASTER DUMAR'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY, No. 24 West 4th-st., near Broadway, now open every day, for ladies, gentlemen and children; six dances taught perfectly in six lessons.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The co-partnership existing between the subscribers under the firm of MARTIN & LAWSON will expire by mutual consent on the 31st day of December next.

The business of the house will be continued by the new firm of PARTRIDGE & BALLARD.
JOHN C. MARTIN,
JOHN D. LAWSON,
GEORGE S. PARTRIDGE.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1865.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that a limited partnership has this day been formed between the undersigned pursuant to title 1, chapter 4, part 2, of the revised statutes of the State of New-York, and the several acts amendatory thereof, under the name or firm of PARTRIDGE & BALLARD. The general nature of the business to be transacted is importing, dealing in and jobbing silks, ribbons and millinery goods generally, to be carried on in the City of New-York.

All the general partners interested therein are GEO. S. PARTRIDGE, Jr., who resides in the town of East Orange, in the State of New-Jersey, and WILLIAM J. H. BALLARD, who resides in the City of New-York. All the special partners interested therein are JOHN C. MARTIN and JOHN D. LAWSON, both residing in the City of New-York. The amount of capital which John C. Martin, as such special partner, has contributed to the common stock is twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) in cash, and the amount of capital which John D. Lawson as such special partner has contributed to the common stock is twenty thousand dollars ($20,000) in cash.

The period at which the partnership is to commence is the 3d day of October, 1865, and the period at which it will terminate is the 31st day December, 1868.
GEORGE S. PARTRIDGE, Jr.,
WILLIAM J. H. BALLARD,
JOHN C. MARTIN,
JOHN D. LAWSON.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 3, 1865.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name and firm of ODDIE & GAMBLE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party will sign in liquidation.
ORVILLE ODDIE,
ARTHUR GAMBLE.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 30, 1865.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership for the transaction of a general stock, bond and gold commission business, at No. 3 Broad-st., under the name and firm of ODDIE & CO.
ORVILLE ODDIE,
JOHN W. ODDIE.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 2, 1865.

OFFICE OF MEIGS, VON SEYBOLD & CO., Bankers and Stock Brokers, No. 4 Broad-st.—The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of MEIGS, VON SEYBOLD & CO., for the transaction of a General Banking Business, and for the purchase and sale, on commission, of Government Securities, Railroad and other Stocks, and Bonds, Gold, Foreign Exchange, &c.
T. D. MEIGS, late First Teller Bank of America.
E. T. GOODLIFFE, Member N. Y. Stock Exchange, late with Messrs. Wolff & Dike.
G. VON SEYBOLD.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 25, 1865.

No. 40 WALL-ST., Oct. 2, 1865.
THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of LATHROP & MOTT, is dissolved by the death of Mr. C. U. Lathrop. The business will be continued by the surviving partner, who has associated with himself Mr. A. F. R. MARTIN, under the firm name of W. B. MOTT & CO.

THE COPARTNERSHIP EXISTING between the undersigned under the firm name of CHARLES GRAHAM & CO., is this dissolved by mutual consent.
CHARLES GRAHAM,
GEORGE W. VAN LOAN.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 4, 1865.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—There are three important advantages in the nitrous oxide gas: First, it is harmless, entirely harmless. Second, enough can be given, without risk, to produce perfect insensibility to pain. Third, the effects all pass off within three or five minutes. We have given it to 6,402 patients without a single failure or accident. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

DRS. GRIFFIN, NO. 258 GRAND-ST., opposite Lord & Taylor's, New-York, are inserting FULL or PARTIAL SETS of their IMPROVED ARTIFICIAL TEETH, with or without extracting the roots. Full sets on gold or platina, $25; silver or rubber, $10; partial sets gold per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1.

DR. WAIT, SR., NO. 263 FOURTH-AV., corner 21st-st., extracts teeth under the nitrous gas, at 50 cents each. Teeth plugged and inserted in the best manner on moderate terms. References: Dr. Ferris, Chancellor of the University; Drs. Pond, Gilchrist, Baldwin and Halleck. A student wanted.

OSTEOPLASTIC OR ARTIFICIAL BONE-FILLINGS FOR DECAYED TEETH.—Old roots built up; mere shells, aching teeth and every variety of cavity filled without pain, by the discoverer. Rooms at No. 29 14th-st., one door west of Union-square. 12,700 testimonials.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Doors open at 7¼. Curtain rises at 7¾.
Lessee and Manager....WM. WHEATLEY
THIRD WEEK
OF THE
VERY BRILLIANT ENGAGEMENT
of the unapproachable and renowned
RAVELS.
CONSISTING OF
GABRIEL RAVEL,
ANTOINE RAVEL, and
YOUNG AMERICA,
the charming premier danseuse Signorina PEPITA,
Mons. VON HAMME,
and the MARTINETTI FAMILY, 6 in number, will appear
FRIDAY, OCT. 6, 1865.
LAST NIGHT
OF
THE GREAT FAIRY PANTOMIME,
THE RED GNOME.
THE FAMOUS WARRIOR....ANTOINE RAVEL
THE RED GNOME....YOUNG AMERICA
Mlles. Marzetti, Desiree, the Martinettis, Mons. Schmidt, &c.
THE NEW GRAND BALLET,
THE NYMPHS AND THE BUTTERFLY,
Having been received with great eclat,
Will be presented this evening.
SIGNORINA PEPITA, MLLES. MANDRES, MARZETTI and MONS. VON HAMME, will execute the wonderful terpsichorean movement of
THREE COMPLETE EVOLUTIONS IN THE AIR.
Performed by no other artiste.
The evening amusements will commence with the
ROUGH DIAMOND,
In which Mr. and Mrs. GOMERSAL, J. W. Collier, J. Nunan, E. Barry Rendle, and Mrs. Mark Smith will appear.
TO-MORROW, AT 2 O'CLOCK,
THIRD RAVEL MATINEE.
IN THE EVENING FOUR ENTERTAINMENTS.

Will speedily be produced, after months of preparation the grand fairy pantomime entitled BIANCO, with new scenery, dresses and appointments.

Admission, 75 cents; reserved seats, $1; family circle (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 30 cents.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager....Mr. LESTER WALLACK
TO-NIGHT,
fourth time in America, the standard old comedy, by Colly Cibber, the
DOUBLE GALLANT,
in which will appear Messrs. E. L. Davenport, John Gilbert, Charles Fisher, Ringgold, George Holland, John Sefton, Norton, Wright, Browne, Williamson, Pope, Graham, Ward, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Fanny Morant, Miss Ione Burke, Mrs. John Sefton, Mrs. Jennings, Miss Green, Miss K. Barrett and Miss St. Clair.
SATURDAY—THE SERF.
MONDAY, first time here, an attractive drama,
MIRIAM'S CRIME.
Never acted here, a very brilliant petite comedy by Selby,
KING AND COMEDIAN.

Mr. Mark Smith, Mr. W. Holston and Mr. Young will appear for the first time this season in these entertainments, which will be given with beautiful and appropriate scenery, costumes, &c., and will include in their casts nearly all the favorite members of the company.

TUESDAY—THE DOUBLE GALLANT.
WEDNESDAY—MIRIAM'S CRIME and KING AND COMEDIAN.
THURSDAY, (13th time)—THE SERF.
OPEN 7½; BEGINS AT 8.

NEW-BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor....MR. J. W. LINGARD
FAREWELL BENEFIT
OF
MR. E. EDDY,
previous to his departure for New-Orleans.
HAMLET.

Hamlet	Mr. E. Eddy
Polonius	Mr. J. W. Lingard

HIS LAST LEGS.

O'Calahan	Mr. E. Eddy
McRivers	Mr. J. W. Lingard

GLANCE AT NEW-YORK.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

THE PET OF THE CITY—YOUNG AMERICA.
ON THE THREE FLYING TRAPEZE.
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON AT 2.

444. AMERICAN THEATRE.

BROADWAY.
Manager and Proprietor....R. W. BUTLER
HOUSES NIGHTLY OVERFLOWING,
and delighted thousands.
BRILLIANT ATTRACTION THIS WEEK.
THE
THE FAMOUS TROUPE,
IN ENTIRELY NEW AND ORIGINAL ACTS, &c.
CHARLEY WHITE, JAS. WAMBOLD, WM. SCOTT,
J. THOMPSON, F. KEARNS, J. HARRISON,
Chas. B. Reynolds, Master Tommy, &c.
BILLY HOMES and T. P. COREY,
in their comic vocalisms.
MLLE. CAROLINA,
the accomplished vocalist.
THE MAGNIFICENT BALLET TROUPE.
(See small bills of the day.)
A constant change of performances every evening.
Doors open at 6; to commence at 7½ o'clock.
MATINEE ON EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON
at 2½ o'clock.

THE TURF.

PATERSON RACES—OCT. 10, 11 AND 12.—FOUR RACES EACH DAY.

FIRST DAY, TUESDAY, Oct. 10.—1st race, mile heats, $200. 2d race, the St. Leger, $1,000, for three-year olds, two and one-quarter miles, p. p., 40 entries. 3d race, two-mile heats, $500. 4th race, selling race, $200, one and one-quarter miles.

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY, Oct. 11.—1st race, Steeple Chase, $700, over three miles of fair hunting country, seven entries. 2d race, $200, one mile. 3d race, the Trial Stakes, $500, for two-year olds, p. p., one and one-eighth miles, 10 entries. 4th race, $400, three miles.

THIRD DAY, THURSDAY, Oct. 12.—1st race, Hurdle Race, $500, two miles, over eight flight of hurdles. 2d race, the Sequee Stakes, $300, for two-year olds, two miles, 5 entries. 3d race, three-mile heats, $700. 4th race, $200, one and one-quarter miles, with allowance to beaten horses.

N. B.—Extra train on Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., at 11:45 A. M., (with cars for ladies,) each day, returning to New-York from the Course immediately after the races of the day are over.
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GOV. FENTON'S INVESTIGATION

THE THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Ex-Judge Whiting and Recorder Hoffman on the Stand.

THE EVIDENCE ALL IN.

Arguments on Legal Points to be Heard To-Day.

The investigation into the charges of corruption against the Street-cleaning Commissioners was resumed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning before Gov. Fenton.

The audience was about as large as on previous days. Both the Recorder and the Corporation Counsel were present.

Mr. Waterbury read the charter of the New-York Sanitary and Chemical Compost Company, which he put in as evidence.

The first witness called by Mr. Waterbury was

MR. J. L. BROWN,

who testified that he is one of the contractors for cleaning the streets, his partners being Wm. H. Devoe and S. F. Knapp; no other persons are interested in the contract; had known Mr. Knapp for about six years and Mr. Devoe for a few months; had heard that Knapp was going to bid for the contract and called to see him about it; never heard what success Knapp would probably meet with; also spoke to Devoe about bidding for the contract; is personally acquainted with the Street Cleaning Commissioners; had known the Mayor and Mr. Brennan for several years; did not put in a bid under the first advertisement for proposals; had a blank specification, but never filled it up; had spoken about bidding to several parties, and had asked them whether they would become sureties for him; had not been able to obtain sureties to a sufficient amount when the first bids were put in; had spoken to the Mayor and Mr. Boole in relation to not bidding for the first contract; had never told any one that the first bids were not opened because his bid was not among them, except in a joking way.

Cross-examined by Mr. Brady—Witness was never very intimate with any member of the Street Cleaning Commission; had built the largest sewer in the city by contract; became acquainted with the Comptroller by having business to transact in his department; knew nothing of any brokerage in the street-cleaning contract; so far as he knew, all was fair and honorable; had no private agreement with the Comptroller in regard to the contract.

Cross-examined by Mr. Graham—Mr. Devoe was a sub-contractor under Mr. Boole; knew nothing personally of a suit against Mr. Devoe and the city for infringing a patent right of a street-sweeping machine; machines were used for cleaning the streets now, but Mr. Devoe's possessing such machines had no influence on witness in inducing him to become a joint bidder with Devoe for the contract; had talked to Mr. Boole about the contract, and Mr. B. said he was opposed to any contract being made.

Mr. Waterbury asked whether the rumor that witness was Mr. Brennan's man, and Devoe Mr. Boole's man, was true.

The question was excluded.

The witness was then questioned as to his former contracts with the city and the payment received for them, but the Governor decided that the testimony was not relevant.

EX-JUDGE WHITING

was next called. The Judge, who has been prostrated by sickness, gave his testimony in a very feeble and, at times, almost inaudible voice. He said that he acted with Mr. Badger, President of the New-York Sanitary and Chemical Compost Company, in endeavoring to obtain a contract for cleaning the streets; witness was present when the first bids were received; he advised the Mayor that it was his duty to award the contract to the persons who would do the most work for the least money, and would take the greatest care of the interests of the city; he spoke to the same effect to the other members of the commission; some discussion arose as to the terms of the specifications, and the witness pointed out that the City Inspector had too much power; the commission decided that the bids might be taken back, and the proposals made less onerous to the contractors; the box containing the bids was then opened; three bids of the Compost Company were among the number; after the bids had been returned the commission invited suggestions in relation to the alteration of the specifications, &c.; several suggestions were, he believed, sent in; at the second opening of the bids witness was also present; he told the Mayor that if the commission would not accept either of the three bids of the Sanitary and Compost Company, that the President of the company, Mr. Badger, would take the contract himself; he asked the Mayor to so state to the commission; the Mayor and also the Secretary to the commission told him that the communication had been made as desired; was informed by Recorder Hoffman that the Compost Company could not enter into a contract; witness replied that was a judicial question, and all the commission had to do was to award the contract to the lowest bidder.

Cross-examined by Mr. Brady.—At the time Mayor Gunther informed witness that the contract had been awarded, the latter said to the Mayor: "You have given away two million dollars of the city's money;" the Mayor asked witness if he thought the contract so valuable; witness replied that he did; Mayor Gunther asked witness why he did not buy the contract; witness replied that he was not in the habit of purchasing contracts; he asked Mayor Gunther how much it would cost to buy the contract, and the latter said he thought $150,000 would buy it.

Cross-examined by Mr. Graham—Witness believed that the commission had the power to transfer the bid of the Compost Company to Mr. Badger, and award him the contract.

Mr. Graham asked witness if he thought the point so clear that lawyers would not differ about it?

Judge Whiting replied that no question was so clear that lawyers would not differ about it.

Mr. Graham also asked whether it would not, in the opinion of witness, have been easier for the commission to draw up specifications than to invite the public to send in a mass of suggestions as to the wording of the specifications.

The witness instead of answering the question made a speech on the facility and cheapness with which New-York might be cleaned. On being pressed for an answer, he replied that, in his opinion, it would have been more feasible for the commission to have drawn up specifications than to have applied to the public for their suggestions in the matter.

The prosecution said they had no more evidence to offer, and the defence then called

RECORDER HOFFMAN.

The Recorder gave a brief and explicit statement of his connection with the Street Cleaning Commission. He said that the specifications were first drawn up by the Corporation Counsel, and were amended in various ways at subsequent meetings of the commission; witness took a copy of the specifications and consulted with various persons in regard to them, among others with Mr. Alfred Craven, Chief-Engineer of the Croton Aqueduct Department; at the next meeting of the commission it was decided to amend the specifications in regard to the power to be exercised by the City Inspector, and to render the contract less onerous to the contractors; the bids received were directed to be returned unopened, and citizens were invited to send in suggestions as to the new specifications; several suggestions were received, many of which were ridiculous and impracticable; at the time fixed for the meeting of the commissioners to make their awards, all of the members were present; he went to the meeting prepared to award the contract to the lowest bidder; after arriving at the Mayor's office, he came to the conclusion that, under the certificate of incorporation, the Chemical Compost Company could not enter into a valid contract for cleaning the streets; he consulted the Revised Statutes on the subject, and he found his opinion confirmed; he stated this fact to the members of the commission; he gave them his opinion on the subject as a lawyer; witness then moved to award the contract to the lowest legal bidder, when another member moved to award it to Brown, Devoe and Knapp; witness voted in the negative, as also did Mr. Boole; subsequently they both changed their votes; witness was influenced in making the contract by the dirty condition of the streets, and the fears of sickness on the part of the public; he considered it more necessary that the streets should be cleaned than that the city should save a few thousand dollars.

Cross-examined—Knew none of the contractors except Mr. Knapp; never attended a meeting of the commissioners at any place except the Mayor's office; should not consider that the commission had any legal right to award the contract to Mr. Badger without first readvertising for proposals; thought there was a very clear distinction between an individual and a corporation.

Re-direct—Several gentlemen spoke to me about the contract, but they never put in bids; Mr. Waterbury once spoke to me in relation to Kingsley and his associates, stating that they were very good men; this was after the bids were opened, but before the awards were made; Mr. Waterbury said he supposed the bids of the Compost Company were thrown out because they had put in three bids instead of one; I think my reply was that that made no difference—that I should advocate awarding the contract to the most competent bidders, irrespective of other considerations; Mr. Waterbury spoke to me in court.

The Governor asked if there were any more witnesses.

Mr. Brady said, "I rest the case for my client here."

Mr. Graham and Ex-Judge Allen said they also should rest their cases at this point.

Mr. Waterbury said they did not propose to sum up on their side; they would write out their views and send them to the Governor.

Ex-Judge Allen contended that nothing had been proved against his client, and he hoped the case would be submitted to the Governor at once in order that further trouble and expense might be saved.

Ex-Judge Emott said they were not prepared to do so then. They preferred to put their views in writing. The opposite party were at liberty to do the same thing.

Mr. Graham said if the case could not be sustained by the evidence produced, it ought to be dismissed. If it needed argument, it was not of that clear and undoubted character which would entitle it to further consideration. The Governor had said when the case was commenced at Albany that the evidence produced must be of an undoubted character in order to warrant him in taking action in the matter. He maintained that nothing whatever had been proved, and consequently the case should be dismissed.

Ex-Judge Emott said he understood Mr. Brady, Mr. Allen and Mr. Lawrence had said they would make no arguments themselves, nor would they sit to listen to any argument by the prosecution, consequently if the prosecution made any argument his brother, Graham, would alone be there to listen to it.

Mr. Graham—Then you will bring yourself up to the standard of the ancient orator, who said he would rather have one wise man to listen to him than a theatre full of fools.

After the laughter, which counsel's remark had created, had subsided, Mr. Graham said if the other side were going to make any argument the defence should have a right to reply.

This point was debated at great length and finally the Governor agreed to hear argument at 11 A. M. to-day. He then spoke of the pressing nature of his official duties which would call him to Albany, and prevent him from going on with the other cases. He therefore wished counsel to agree that he should name some acceptable man to take the testimony and report.

Some talk followed about this, Mr. McKeon saying that he wished the testimony taken before the Senate Committee put in evidence, so far as regarded Mr. Brennan.

Mr. Lawrence, who appeared for Mr. Brennan, said he had become aware of facts since that testimony was taken which made him desirous of having the witnesses themselves present. Many of them had sworn to statements which they would not now corroborate.

Mr. McKeon—Name them.

Mr. Lawrence said he declined to do so as once before he had furnished Mr. McKeon with information which he had used to gratify his personal malice. He did not desire to accommodate him any further.

The Governor asked Mr. Graham whether in the case of the other charges against Mr. Boole, he was willing to have testimony taken by a person appointed by him (the Governor).

Mr. Graham said he must ask time to reflect on the matter. He had lately made a very thorough examination of the constitution of the State, and he had become satisfied that His Excellency could not sit in a judicial capacity at all. He desired time for further reflection and for consultation with his client, and he would then be prepared to submit certain arguments to His Excellency. He had an opinion of his own on the question of jurisdiction, which he believed had never yet been brought forward by his legal brethren, perhaps, because they did not think it of sufficient importance, nevertheless he desired time to consider it more fully.

The Governor then said he would adjourn until 11 A. M. to-day.

MEETING OF THE UNION GENERAL COMMITTEE.

The Action of the Syracuse Convention Indorsed—Ratification Meeting Proposed—Remarks of Gen. Barnum.

A meeting of the Union General Committee was held last evening at the headquarters, corner Twenty-third-street and Broadway, President James Kelly in the chair. Gen. Barnum and Mr. Corbett, of Syracuse, were present, and invited to take seats upon the platform.

The Executive Committee made their report on primary meetings, in which they resolved that the Assembly District Union Associations be directed to assemble at their usual places of meeting on Wednesday evening, Oct. 11, 1865, and elect by ballot delegates to nominate candidates for the various offices in the gift of the people, which are to be filled at the forthcoming election in New-York. The report was adopted.

Mr. White then read the following resolutions, which were, amidst the wildest enthusiasm, unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we cordially approve of and indorse the resolution, adopted at the late Union State Convention, held at Syracuse, and we also heartily accept and hereby ratify the action of said convention in the nominations made for State officers, and we can with confidence challenge the closest scrutiny into the public and private life of every nominee. In the hour of their country's peril they were its true and firm defenders, and we take pride in commending them, one and all, to the support of the Union men of the city and State.

Resolved, That we urge upon the local conventions, soon to assemble, in selecting candidates for legislative and municipal officers, to nominate those only who possess the highest ability, and whose record for integrity bears no taint, for we regard the election of good men to office as the surest way to put down the extravagance and corruption with which our city is now rife; and we invite the coöperation of all citizens, irrespective of party, who are opposed to disgraceful and corrupt legislation, from whatever source it emanates, to unite with us in securing this end.

A committee, composed of the gentlemen whose names are subjoined, was also appointed in order to make the necessary preparations for a grand ratification meeting:

First District, Jno. M. Costa; 2d, Michael J. Ryan; 3d, Joseph B. Taylor; 4th, Jno. R. Lawrence; 5th, Robert Edwards; 6th, David Miller; 7th, Sinclair Tousey; 8th, Henry A. Smith; 9th, Hugh Gardner; 10th. F. C. Wagner; 11th, Jno. V. Gridley; 12th, Wm. Boardman; 13th, Wm. J. O'Brien; 14th, E. Delafield Smith; 15th, Thos. B. Van Buren; 16th, S. D. Van Schaick; 17th, Nelson Crawford.

At the suggestion of Mr. Delafield Smith, three rousing cheers were given for Gen. Barnum, who, in response, said:

He was gratified to meet them face to face. For four years our country had been divided. Men in blue and men in gray had struggled for the supremacy of each cause they represented. When history writes its record of the last four years, not the least brilliant will be the page on which is written the patriotism and loyalty of the Unionists in New-York City. They were as emphatically fighting for the cause as those who were mustered in, shouldered their musket and marched to the front. There are men who have lately clasped to their bosoms the old flag, with the wildest paroxysms of joy, and talk of the victories our soldiers have made. *Our* soldiers! He would no more represent such men than he would represent Jeff. Davis suffering his just punishment in his lonely cell. The General then alluded to his brother in arms, Gen. Slocum, and said he could not conceive how soldiers who had shed their blood in defence of their country could come home, fraternize with and represent persons who, whenever victories graced our arms, allowed their buildings to stand grim and bare, with no sign of the symbol of our nationality. In conclusion, the General pledged himself to support the platform of the Syracuse Convention.

The General was frequently interrupted by applause, and was followed in a brief speech by Mr. Corbett, of Syracuse.

The meeting then adjourned.

Rousing Ratification Meeting in the Eighteenth Ward.

UNION MEN AND WOMEN OUT IN FORCE.

The large hall of the Demilt Dispensary was filled, last evening, by an intelligent audience of Union men and women from the Fourteenth Assembly District, who had gathered to ratify the Union State ticket. Col. H. Beeny called the meeting to order, and Mr. Orlando L. Stewart was made Chairman. The Ex-Assistant District-Attorney said, briefly, that, as it is important at this time that loyal men should have control of the Government of New-York, this meeting had been called as the initial of a series of ward meetings of citizens who desire that only loyal men should be chosen to office. Mr. Joseph B. Vaernum, the first speaker, called the attention of the audience to the phenomenon of all the newspapers and politicians who were traitors during the war being the foremost supporters of the ticket which is called Democratic. Hon. Frederick A. Conkling indorsed President Johnson's policy, but demanded that every black man who had fought in the Union army should be permitted to vote. Rev. William H. Boole read the published appeal of the Mozart Democracy—the men, he said, who during the war received the gold which was the price of the country's blood. That document cried "Peace, peace," but there is no peace. The conflict for human freedom is not ended—it is merely transferred from the field to the forum. The nomination, by the Syracuse Convention, of Gen. Slocum, reminded him of the church which sought to hide its sins by employing a very good minister.

A letter was read from Collector King, apologizing for unavoidable absence. It was as follows:

NEW-YORK, Oct. 5, 1865.

Mr. H. Beeny, Chairman, &c.:

Dear Sir: Your letter, dated Sept. 27, informing me that the Union men of the Fourteenth Assembly District will hold a meeting on the evening of Thursday, Oct. 5, to ratify the Union State nominations, and inviting me to attend and address the meeting, is received. I heartily approve the principles and measures of President Johnson for qualifying the State Governments and establishing the union of the States on the constitutional foundations of universal liberty. The Union State ticket, nominated by those who acted together as Union men, without regard to previous political or party distinctions, and sustained the country and the government through the years of peril that are past, is worthy of the confidence of the people of the State. This ticket supports the President, and will receive my cordial support. It is very gratifying to find that the course of the President, who was elected by the votes of Union men who thus acted together at a period of great peril to the country, is now approved almost universally. It will not be convenient for me to attend your meeting; but you will find many who are able to address you more eloquently than I can, though there are none who more earnestly desire to see the Constitutional Government of the Union established in all the States, and our whole country regarded and acknowledged by the people in every State as our common country, hereafter one and indivisible. Though I shall not be able to attend your meeting, permit me to express to you my thanks for your kind invitation.

Very respectfully, PRESTON KING.

Mr. Charles S. Spencer, who was unable to say of what material sausages are made, characterized the Democratic ticket as the sausage ticket. He demanded the elective franchise for every black man that can read and write, and ask that no white man lacking these qualifications shall be permitted to vote. Gen. Barnum, who was received with enthusiastic plaudits, the audience rising, was making a happy speech at a late hour.

The resolutions, which were unanimously adopted by the Assembly, cordially indorse the State Union ticket, applaud Gov. Fenton, and declare that the people of the Eighteenth Ward "have full confidence in the fidelity of President Johnson to the great principles of free government," and "invoke his continued vigilance, coöperation with that of a loyal Congress or guard against abuse, whether by individuals or by States, of a magnanimity in the treatment of conquered rebels unparalleled in the history of civil wars." The resolutions further declare that "the people lately in rebellion cannot be safely entrusted with the political rights which they have forfeited by treason, until they prove their acceptance of the results of the war by securing to all men within their borders their inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." The payment of the national debt is demanded, and the rebel debt repudiated, and he who "hints at the assumption of the rebel debt," is declared to be a traitor, and, lastly, the resolutions demand an amendment of the Constitution of the United States, so as to make registered voters the basis of representation in Congress and in the Electoral College.

Mozart County Convention.

The Mozart County Convention assembled last evening, to nominate county officers.

The Committee on Nominations made the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

For Judge of the Supreme Court—Daniel P. Ingraham.

For Judges of the Superior Court—James Moncrief and Samuel Jones.

For Judge of the Court of Common Pleas—Charles P. Daly.

For Judge of the Marine Court—Robert D. Livingston.

THE METROPOLITAN POLICE MACHINE.

Onslaught Upon Capts. Charles Ulman and Nathaniel R. Mills—Mr. Hawks, the Landlord of the St. Nicholas, a Witness—Only One Capital Charge During the Day.

BEFORE COMMISSIONERS ACTON, BERGEN AND M'MURRAY.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 4, 1865.

Of more than four-score complaints which were preferred to-day only one was for a capital offence. It was charged that Officer Smith had been seen grossly intoxicated while in police uniform. The officer admitted that at the time specified in the complaint he had been taking a social glass with a friend, but added that he was not on duty, and denied that he was grossly inebriated. The testimony showed him to have been visibly affected by liquor, and, notwithstanding the officer's claim of exemption from penalty because the specification in the affidavit against him had not been established to the letter, the Commissioners decided to dispense with his further services. The charge against

CAPT. ULMAN AND SERGT. AHEARN,

of the Eleventh Precinct, is one of such unusual character, and the possibilities in the case are such, as to render the affidavit interesting:

Metropolitan Police District, ss.—John Fay, being duly sworn, doth depose and say as follows: On the 31st of July last, in the evening, a soldier was arrested by Patrolman Teller, and taken to the station-house; he was drunk and disorderly, as I am informed; he was entered on the blotter, I think, as a lodger, but was, I am informed, put into a cell until morning; in the morning, at 6 o'clock, when the section was turned out, Ahearn, who was in charge, told me to stop, as he wanted to see me; after the section had moved out, Ahearn said: "There's a soldier here who has a good deal of money with him; you can come in in half an hour, and the Captain will give him to you, and you take him out and beat him out of all you can;" I went out on post, and, returning as Ahearn had directed, I met a messenger, who said that the sergeant wanted to see me; I went into the station-house; I met Ahearn away from the station-house door; Ahearn said that it was "all right," that Capt. Ulman had been talking to the soldier, and that he was willing to pay the officer for his trouble; we then went into the station-house; the soldier accompanied me to Houston-street; he told me that he had $220 on his person; I asked him whether he had given the Captain any money, and he replied that he had not thought of it; I then said: "The Captain thinks that you ought to give him a stake for his kindness to you in not taking you up as a prisoner and sending you to the Police Court;" he replied by asking what sum he should give the Captain; I mentioned no sum, and he gave me five dollars, and I remarked that the Captain would probably want more money; he then said: "Officer, I cannot afford it; I have risked my life in ten or eleven battles, and traveled three thousand miles with Gen. Sherman for the little I have left;" I then declined to take a cent of the soldier's money; he thrust it upon me, and I left him and immediately went to the station-house, on the way opening the package which he had given me and finding four dollars therein; when I entered the station-house Ahearn and Capt. Ulman were behind the desk; they conversed together in whisper a short time, when Ahearn, rising, nodded to me to follow him; I went to his room and told him the soldier's story; I gave him the four dollars, and he subsequently gave me one dollar and a quarter.

Patrolman Fay having given oral testimony substantially like the above, Capt. Ulman asked, "Did you ever have any conversation with me about the soldier's money, or did you ever give me any money?" "No." Capt. Ulman now stated that, having slept in the Union Market Station-house on the night of the 31st of August, he was present in the morning when the prisoners were sent out; that Sergt. Ahearn gave the soldier $237 69 in his presence; that the soldier, being a stranger in the city, desired to be shown to the Grand-street Ferry; that he (Capt. Ulman) sent Patrolman Fay with the soldier, and that he knows nothing further of the matter. Sergt. Ahearn gave corroborative testimony, and produced witnesses to show that Officer Fay had maliciously concocted this charge in retaliation for three charges that had been made against him, through the influence, as he thought, of Capt. Ulman and Sergt. Ahearn. The charge against Capt. Ulman and Sergt. Ahearn did not seem to be sustained, and President Acton, dismissing the case, said, "Capt. Ulman, you will now make complaint against Fay." It is not probable that the officer will attempt to make defence, since his own affidavit convicts him of attempting to defraud a person whom he had in custody.

Patrolman Fay may find wholesome reading in the book of Esther, as follows:

"And Harbonah, one of the chamberlains, said before the king, behold also the gallows fifty cubits high, which Haman had made for Mordecai, who had spoken good for the king, standeth in the house of Haman. Then the king said, hang him thereon.

So they hanged Haman on the gallows that he had prepared for Mordecai. Then was the king's wrath pacified."

The charge against

CAPT. NATHANIEL R. MILLS

was preferred by James McDonald, of the St. Nicholas Hotel, boot-polisher, and the allegation was, that on the afternoon of the 22d of September, Capt. Mills, whom the complainant did not know to be a Police Captain, ordered him to move on from the intersection of Spring and Mercer streets, and kicked him in enforcing the order. Capt. Mills said that as McDonald and others did not move, but insulted him when he bade them go on, he took McDonald by the coat-collar and compelled him to go. Mr. Hawks, landlord of the St. Nicholas Hotel, testified that a gang of vicious and foul-tongued youths who had frequented the corner whence McDonald had been driven had given offence to the boarders at the St. Nicholas, and that, therefore, he had specially requested Capt. Mills to keep the corner clear. Mr. George M. Curtis, who had been retained by McDonald, desired to address the board, but Mr. Acton thought that the case had been elucidated, and informed the gentleman that remarks were superfluous.

A CURIOUS CASE

was that of Mr. Michael Jacobs, of No. 288½ Atlantic-avenue, Brooklyn, against Patrolman George W. Osward, of the Forty-third Precinct, reciting that the officer had arrested him without cause, manacled him and been privy to the breaking of his furniture. It appeared that the complainant, who is familiarly known as "Cheapjack," had beaten one of his brethren of the Jewish faith, and that the officer had pursued Mr. Jacobs into his house; resistance being made there, the officer handcuffed Jacobs and took him before Justice Welch; as Jacobs clutched a sofa when the officer took him from the house, his furniture might have been damaged. A witness was introduced to show that the officer had arrested Jacobs for fighting, and it appeared that the combat rose from a dispute concerning religious matters, one of the disputants having characterized the other as an apostate Jew, and asserted that he had perjured himself three times in court. It seeming clear that the officer had been guilty of no offence whatever, President Acton, in dismissing the complainant, advised Mr. Jacobs to appeal to the Rabbi Raphall.

MANY COMPLAINTS

against other officers were entertained by the Commissioners, but the pressure of advertisements forbids publication at this time.

Coroners' Inquests.

BY CORONER WILDEY—THE LATEST SIXTH WARD MURDER.

At the New-York Hospital, yesterday, Coroner Wildey took the ante-mortem deposition of William Pigot, Jr., of No. 62 Mulberry-street, a youth of 11 years, who was mortally stabbed on Saturday evening last, while interfering in a fight between his father and one John Sherry, one of Mr. Pigot's neighbors. According to the testimony, Sherry, who had been drinking all day, entered Mr. Pigot's apartments and attacked him without provocation, and Mr. Pigot's boy, stepping between Sherry and his father, received a mortal stab in the back. Sherry was arrested at the time and committed to the Tombs.

THE SOUTH-STREET FIRE.

Daniel Clark, a young man of 25 years, was burned to death at the fire in South-street, corner of Oliver, between 12 and 1 o'clock Wednesday morning. He was a native of Ireland.

ACCIDENTALLY BURNED.

Mary A. Hughes, of Eighty-third-street, between Second and Third avenues, a child of 8 years, was mortally burned, on Monday, her garments having taken fire from matches with which she was playing. She lingered until Wednesday morning.

BY CORONER GOVER—SUICIDE IN LUDLOW-STREET.

Mrs. Amelia Kiefer, of No. 114 Ludlow-street, died at Bellevue Hospital yesterday morning, from wounds which she inflicted with a razor at her dwelling, on Saturday morning last. It appears that in July last she was prostrated in sickness, and subsequent to that time constantly complained of a pain in the head. She had been heard frequently to say that she had no desire to live; but no notice was taken of this language, and no person in the house suspected that she intended to commit suicide until between 9 and 10 o'clock on Saturday morning, when she appeared at the door of her bedchamber with her throat cut. She was a native of Germany, 32 years of age.

THE POLICE COURTS.

Essex Market—Before Justice Shandley.

EIGHTH-AVENUE RECEIVERS COMMITTED.

Detective-Officer Philip Farley and Officers Anderson and Bedell, of the Thirteenth Ward, arrested William H. Blake and Isaac Bernstein, of No. 247 Eighth-avenue, and they were committed to answer a charge of receiving three cases, containing 150 pieces of muslin, of the value of $2,000, the property of Messrs. Charles H. Welling & Co., of No. 35 Murray-street. On the 12th ult., Oscar R. Cornwell, one of Messrs. Welling & Co.'s cartmen, took the muslins on his cart, and started for the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company's pier, at Battery-place; but, before he had reached his destination, William H. Blake, it is alleged, leaped upon the cart, and proposed that the cartmen should steal the goods, and he would dispose of them and divide the proceeds. Cornwell consented, and, on reaching Pier No. 1, Blake took Messrs. Welling & Co.'s receipt-book into the freight-office, and there forged the signature of the receiving-clerk. The two then drove to No. 247 Eighth-avenue, and there delivered the muslins to Bernstein; and Cornwell, returning to Messrs. Welling & Co.'s, left the receipt-book on the shipping-clerk's desk. On the 17th the firm to whom the goods had been consigned telegraphed, inquiring why their purchase had not been forwarded, and then the robbery was disclosed. Cornwell, who confessed, was committed to the House of Detention as a witness, and Blake and Bernstein were sent to the Tombs.

The Tombs—Before Justice Dowling.

THE PRISONER CHAUNCEY JOHNSON DISCHARGED.

Judge Dowling, on Wednesday, rendered a decision in the case of Charles Jones, alias Chauncey Johnson, who was arrested on a charge of having stolen $25,000 in United States bonds from August Belmont & Co., and $1,600 in money from Adams' Express Company, on the 28th ult.

The magistrate said that where personal liberty is at stake, the evidence of identity from casual acquaintances or strangers is to be strictly scrutinized. In the present case, the identity on the part of the prosecution, connected with the alibi, is exceedingly defective. The Justice, therefore, directed that the prisoner be discharged.

Yorkville—Before Justice Kelly.

OUTRAGEOUS ROBBERY IN THE CENTRAL PARK.

John Foley, a hackman, was arraigned before Justice Kelly, at the Fourth District Police Court, on Wednesday, on a charge of assaulting and robbing Mrs. Caroline Virtu in Central Park, on Tuesday evening. The complainant, who resides at the corner of Clove and Atlantic avenues, Brooklyn, alleges that herself and a lady acquaintance employed Foley to drive them through Central Park. She also states that Foley gave her some drugged liquor, and that while partially insensible he attempted an indignity. Mrs. Virtu screamed for help, and a Parkman arrested the accused. The complainant and accused were taken to the Nineteenth Precinct Station-house. Mrs. Virtu was still suffering from the effects of the liquor she had drunk. On becoming composed, she informed Capt. Hartt that she had been robbed of two diamond rings and a gold watch and chain, valued in all at $575. None of the property was found on the prisoner. Mrs. Virtu declined to make a charge against Foley. He was accordingly discharged, and then persistently demanded that he should be paid for driving the ladies through the park. In this, however, he was unsuccessful, and finally drove off. Although he had no proof against the hackman, Capt. Hartt believed he had stolen the property. He accordingly directed Officer Van Arsdale to follow him. The latter did so, and as Foley entered his stable at the corner of Fortieth-street and Second-avenue, he was arrested. The officer demanded the restoration of the property stolen from Mrs. Virtu. Foley was startled at the demand, and immediately produced the watch, chain, and rings, which were identified by the owner. Justice Kelly committed the accused for trial without bail.

Jefferson Market—Before Justice Dodge.

ARREST AT THE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

Special Officer Rogers, of the St. Nicholas Hotel, arrested John Dunn, a youngster of polished address, who was detected, late on Wednesday night, attempting to enter Mr. John J. French's room, (No. 280,) with nippers and false keys. At the suggestion of District-Attorney Hall, who was in court yesterday morning, Justice Dodge committed the prisoner, under the 18th section of Chapter 508, Laws of 1860, as follows: "If any person shall be found by night in any dwelling-house or other building whatsoever, with intent to commit any larceny or felony therein, under such circumstances as shall not amount to an attempt to commit felony, every such offender shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor."

THE QUEENS COUNTY FAIR.

Large Attendance and Distribution of Premiums—Trotting, &c.

The twenty-fourth annual exhibition of the Queens County Agricultural Society, which opened Wednesday morning, at the Fashion Course, Flushing, and continued yesterday, has proved quite a success. The unpropitious state of the weather undoubtedly kept many from attending, and detracted somewhat from the general interest of the occasion. Yet the attendance on Wednesday was not less than 8,000 people, and Thursday 12,000 probably visited the fair grounds.

The exhibition of vegetables, manufactured articles, farm implements, fancy articles, and farm stock of all descriptions was in general fair, and in some respects very fine.

Among the honorable visitors and patrons present were Ex.-Gov. King, Chancellor McConn, Judge Beach, John C. Jackson., (President,) John Harold, (Secretary,) Charles W. Rogers, (Superintendent,) a delegation from the State Agricultural Association, and others. Below we are able to make only brief references.

Cattle.—Thirteen premiums were awarded for thorough-bred cattle, of which there was a goodly number present, consisting of Durhams, Devons, Ayrshires, &c. The premiums ranged from $5 to $10 each. Twenty premiums were awarded for cattle other than thorough-bred, ranging from $2 to $8. Three premiums were also awarded for the best yokes of working oxen.

Of the short-horns in the first named class, the first premium was awarded to J. Ramsey, for best bull over 3 years old, and to C. W. Shaffer, Jamaica, for best cow over 3 years old. Of Devons, E. O. Perrin, Jamaica, and W. McMillan, were the successful competitors. For other than thorough-bred, McDougal & Co., Flushing, and B. Carranar, won the premiums for the same description of animals. Wm. Frame, Flushing, received the premium on best yoke of oxen.

Horses.—Thirty premiums were awarded for the best specimens of horses for all working purposes, ranging from $10 downward. The first premium in this class was won by *Abdallah*, owned by Mr. P. P. Kissam, of Flushing; that for best brood mare, by E. N. Mott, Sands Point, and for best pair of matched horses, by John B. Lott, Flushing. The race-course was a great centre of attraction. On it appeared many of the fastest nags of the country, among which were the following famous animals of the turf: *Ethan Allen*, *Gen. Butler*, *Flora Temple*, *Ella Sherwood*, *Conquest*, *Torrent* and others. No. 1—Special premium offered for the best trotting horse, mare or gelding for the road, driven by the owner, was won by *Prince*, driven by Dan Mace—time, 2:40. No. 2, for best trotting mare or horse, by *Ella Sherwood*. No. 3, for road horses, by sorrel and bay, owned by Mr. Labatut—time, 2:47. No. 4, best pair of trotting horses, by the pair owned by W. C. France, of Jamaica—time, 2:47.

Sheep.—Seven premiums were awarded, from $10 downward, the first of which for bucks was awarded to Robert Morrell, of Great Neck, and the first for best ewe, to Mr. W. McMillan.

Swine.—Seven premiums awarded, from $5 to $20. First premium awarded to McDonald & Co.

Dairy Products.—Six premiums awarded, consisting of choice articles of silver cutlery. Mrs. Bloodgood H. Cutler, of Little Neck, received the first premium, for best sample of butter, not less than six pounds.

Grain.—Eighteen premiums awarded, from $5 to $2. The show of corn of all kinds was excellent. Of other grains, poor.

Vegetables.—Forty premiums were awarded, the first of which was won by McDougal & Co., Flushing. Premiums ranged from $10 downward. The show in this class was ample. McDougal & Co., of Flushing, received premiums for best variety of vegetables and roots for table use, and Oliver T. Newton, of Hemstead, for best variety of potatoes. Many other items in this class deserve mention.

Seven premiums were awarded for the best samples of farm implements, and seven also for the best carriage, wagon and harness. The monitor received the premium among mowers. Of plows, those presented by E. J. & A. W. Jerome were deemed best. A. P. Wright received premium for best display of carriages from the State.

Poultry.—Seventeen premiums awarded for poultry, ranging from $10 to $2. The following gentlemen received first premiums: For best pair of Dominique, George Raperies: Spanish, Thos. L. Robison: for Brama Pootras, Jas. Johnson; for China and Bremen geese, Wm. A. Allen and W. A. Lawrence; for ducks, E. L. Jackson, Wm. A. Lawrence.

Fruit.—Sixteen premiums awarded. The first was won by S. C. Underhill, for the best variety of apples; for that of pears, Gabriel Marce; grapes, Thos. Messenger.

Ten premiums were awarded for the best exhibition of flowers. The first was given to Benj. Wood, Manhasset, for best floral design.

Twenty-one premiums were awarded for the best specimens of needle-work, and six for domestic manufacture.

The plowing-match resulted as follows: First premium, John Baxter; second, Jesse Easton; third Alexander Baxter. Mention should be made also of R. L. Allen's potato-digger.

The best of order prevailed during both days, no marked cases of drunkenness or rowdyism having been observed.

The National Game.

ATLANTIC VS. UNION.

The following is the score of the match played between these clubs yesterday at Bedford:

ATLANTIC.	Outs.	Runs.	UNION.	Outs.	Runs.
"Twag," 3d b	4	4	Hendrick, 3d b	1	6
Start, 1st b	3	7	Smith, 1st b	3	4
P. O'Brien, c. f.	4	6	Durell, l. f.	4	3
Sid Smith, r. f.	1	8	Hanegan, s. s.	0	6
Pearce, s. s.	2	8	Nicholson, 2d b	3	2
Smith, 2d b	2	6	Birdsall, p	5	2
Chapman, p	3	6	Ketchum, c. f.	0	3
Crane, c	2	7	Austin, r. f.	4	2
Kenney, l. f.	1	6	Van Antwerp, c	4	2
Total	24	58	Total	24	30

INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	
Atlantic	0	3	1	13	4	13	5	19	—58
Union	4	2	3	1	2	4	2	12	—30

Umpire—Mr. Duval, of the Excelsior Club.
Scorers—Messrs. Mowlem and Turner.
Time of Game—Three hours and fifteen minutes.
Fly Catches—Union, 10; Atlantic, 9.
The Atlantics are not going to Washington.

Target Excursion of the Citizen Horse Guard.

This organization (German) made their tenth annual excursion yesterday, and Conrad's Elm Park was chosen for their pleasure-ground. The line of procession was taken up at 9 o'clock A. M., from the Mercer House, and after a march through the principal thoroughfares the "Guard" arrived at the Park about 1 o'clock. Immediately afterward the shooting for prizes commenced, and this occupied about three hours. At the conclusion of the shooting a dinner was served up by Mr. Conrad, Jr., in his best style. The "Guard" numbered just eighty men, under command of Capt. Brod, but with the ladies and gentlemen guests the company fell little short of three hundred. Thirty-two prizes were awarded, Mr. Hilbrand receiving the first. After the distribution of the awards the large hall of the hotel was cleared, and the light-hearted company prepared for dancing, which was kept up to a late hour, when the party adjourned, well satisfied with the day's enjoyment.

NEW-JERSEY.

Grand Ratification Meeting at Bergen—Addresses by Gen. Swift, A. W. Tenny, Esq., and Others.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held, on Thursday evening, in the New Wigwam, in Palisade-avenue. The meeting was called to order by the President, who made a few pertinent remarks as to the opening of the new hall, &c., after which the Union Glee Club, of New-York, entertained the audience with one of their much-admired songs, "Poor Old Jeff." Gen. Swift was the first speaker introduced to the audience. He advocated in strong terms the constitutional amendment, and earnestly advised the masses to vote the Union ticket, which was in his opinion the only successful and true one. He was followed by De Witt C. Morris, Major Pangborn and Hon. Mathew Armstrong, of Jersey City, and A. W. Tenny, Esq., of New-York. Mr. Tenny was the last speaker, but his address was the most interesting, forcible and entertaining of all that were delivered, and it was well worthy of being heard by a large audience and in a more suitable place, for the building in which he spoke is not yet half completed, and the disadvantages of a speaker are very many.

Arrest of Suspicious Persons.—A woman giving her name as Jane Pearsall, was arrested yesterday morning on suspicion of having stolen a valuable gold watch and chain which she offered to sell for $10, and a pair of shoes at Murphy's shoe store in Montgomery-street, Jersey City....An Englishman giving the name of Geo. Reed, was arrested about 11 o'clock on Wednesday night in Grand-street, Jersey City, on suspicion of having stolen a quantity of plated silver ware and wearing apparel which he had in his possession. Reed claims to have brought the goods from England, and was on his way to take the midnight train for Philadelphia. The prisoners were held for examination.

Attempt to Pass Counterfeit United States Notes.—A man named Wm. McDermott, charged with attempting to pass a counterfeit United States note, at No. 114 Newark-avenue, Jersey City, and Charles L. Williams, charged with attempting to pass a $10 United States counterfeit Treasury note, at No. 83 Newark-avenue, were arraigned for examination before United States Commissioner Jackson, yesterday. The evidence being deemed conclusive against them, they were committed for trial in default of $1,500 each.

Robbed His Employer.—A boy named Patrick Nailon, in the employ of Wm. Martin, at Salterville, broke into the sleeping-room of Mr. Martin on Tuesday night, and stole $52 50, with which he decamped. The young thief was found at the Old Bowery Theatre on Wednesday night, and was taken into custody. He admitted his guilt, and said that he squandered a considerable portion of the money with some companions. Recorder Martindale, of Jersey City, yesterday committed him to the County Jail for trial.

Alleged Highway Robbery.—Two men named Alexander Wilson and John Fallon, were arrested and taken before Justice Aldridge, of Hudson City, on a charge of forcibly robbing a man of $60 near Greenville, and also stealing a cow. They were committed to the county jail for trial.

Attempt to Pass Counterfeit Money.—A man named Julian Lechman, was taken before Justice Aldridge, of Hudson City, yesterday, charged with having attempted to pass a counterfeit $10 United States Treasury note on Thomas Shelton, of the town of Union. The accused was committed to the county jail.

Union Assembly Nomination.—The Union Assembly delegates, for the Second Assembly District, (Third and Sixth Wards of Jersey City,) at a meeting on Wednesday night, nominated Gen. John Ramsey for Assembly from that district.

[Advertisement.]

All That's Bright Must Fade

Is not applicable to a fine set of teeth brushed with fragrant Sozodont. Its protective, preservative and beautifying properties will preserve the whiteness, soundness and natural polish of good teeth throughout life. And when unsound, it will arrest decay, and remove from the breath the taint which decomposition generates.

[Advertisement.]

CLOCK'S
Hair Restorer Restores Gray Hair.
CLOCK'S
Hair Restorer makes Hair grow on Bald Heads.
CLOCK'S
Hair Restorer Stops Hair from Falling Out.
CLOCK'S
Hair Restorer Prevents Headache.
CLOCK'S
Hair Restorer is elegantly Perfumed.
CLOCK'S
Hair Restorer is all that can be claimed as a dressing.
CLOCK'S
Hair Restorer possesses all the merit claimed for it.

A single trial convinces the most sceptical of its value. If, after a thorough trial of two bottles it does not give perfect satisfaction, the money will be refunded.

Sold everywhere at $1 per bottle.
Six bottles for $5.

DR. F. B. CLOCK,
Proprietor,
Manchester, N. H.

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
No. 594 Broadway,
General Agent New-York City.

[Advertisement.]

Old Eyes Made New.

Without spectacles, doctor or medicine. Pamphlet mailed free on receipt of ten cents. Address E. B. FOOTE, M. D., No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Ladies afflicted with discolorations on the face called Moth Patches, or with Freckles, should use Dr. Perry's celebrated Moth and Freckle Lotion. It is infallible. Sold by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

Thousands daily visit the fair to see the great Steam Brick Machine make EIGHTY BRICKS A MINUTE. For circulars, rights and machine apply to ABRAM REQUA, No. 27 Cortlandt-st., up-stairs.

[Advertisement.]

Buy Your Fall Hat—Neat, Stylish, becoming and comfortable—at KNOX'S. His new store is at No. 533 Broadway, under the Prescott House.

[Advertisement.]

Dr. Banning's Braces, No. 11 St. Mark's-place, New-York.—I have worn Dr. Banning's Brace fourteen months, and owe my life to it. Seven years of constipation, piles, nervousness, vocal and general debility are forgotten. God surely sent him to me in my extremity.

N. MEONAUGHY,
Pastor Presbyterian Church, Milledgeville, N. J.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Leo for Savannah.—E. Remington and wife, Miss Sheldon and two children, J. R. Sheldon, D. A. Swift and wife, A. Reschet, T. B. Thomas, Mrs. M. Righter, B. W. McKinnon, A. Stamm, T. Meres, R. Elliott, Mrs. A. H. Mulligan, Miss M. Rosseau, John Snyder, P. Taggart, N. Hess, J. L. Stewart, Mrs. Stewart, Miss Smyth, Thomas Pepper, Miss Mary Pepper, H. Johnson, F. Haermelle, W. H. Tison, E. P. Wilber, A. Levy and wife, Mrs. E. B. Chipman, Mr. Voorhees, lady and child, T. W. Collin and wife, W. H. Fessenden, Mr. Ellison and wife, Miss Wilson, D. Montgomery, Miss J. L. Grant, D. Cunningham, E. S. Remington, R. A. Crawford, A. R. Taylor, E. J. Charlton, P. Hirschfeld, B. Hirsch, Misses Willard and Holland, W. G. Smith, H. Hirschfeld, T. Kirby, Thos. White, J. R. Kendall, B. L. McIntosh, W. Guthrie, Mrs. H. P. Marston, F. Stone, J. Dempsey, J. Malloy, J. Murphy, J. W. Taylor, A. Birsie, Mr. Lambert, John and Bridget Gallagher, M. G. Reilley, Mrs. A. Gordon, H. P. Cartle, P. Happ, Mrs. M. Bulger, M. G. A. Jones.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Hatteras, from Norfolk—Mrs. Hayman, Miss J. Porter, Miss West, Mrs. Wilkinson, Mr. Coogan and lady, Henry Casteen, A. M. Tunison and lady, H. C. Van Ness, O. Kenny, Mrs. Landreth and 3 children, John Williams, Capt. J. Hamlin, J. D. Smith, W. F. Denvett, R. McC. Jones, S. Rust, S. J. Sawyer, Col. Whipple, W. B. Comstock, A. R. Holderley, S. A. McNair, R. C. Osborne, J. R. Patterson, Jas. H. Miller, Edward Combe, Miss J. Carroll, Miss Fannie Sawyer, H. Begle, C. P. Knapp, Mrs. Ann Owens, L. Wallace, H. Schultz, W. Patton.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 6 01 | Sun sets..... 5 36 | Moon rises.. 6 56
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 8 26 | Gov. Island. 9 15 | Hell Gate....10 37

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....THURSDAY, Oct. 5.

Cleared.

Steamships Moro Castle, Adams, Havana, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Alabama, Limeburner, New-Orleans, Coastwise Co.; Moneka, Marshman, Charleston, Livingston, Fox & Co.; Leo, (new,) Merrill, Savannah, L. L. Jones; Salvor, Morrison, Boston, Whitney & Hathaway; Fairbanks, Hunter, Wilmington, C. H. Pierson; Montgomery, Rydder, Mobile, E. D. Hurlbut; Fairfax, Winters, Washington, H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Milville, Branin, Philadelphia, Bentley, Smith & Co.

Barks Adelaide, Plummer, New-Orleans, C. H. Fosdick; Alma, (Br.,) McLeod, Cow Bay, T. S. Whitman; Pride of the Sea, (Br.,) Collins, Valparaiso; Volant, (Br.,) Snow, Turks Island, J. F. Whitney & Co.

Brigs Aurate, Davis, Baltimore; Frederick, (Pruss.,) Frees, Cork, for orders, Funch, Meincke & Wendt; Amazon, (Br.,) Branscombe, St. Johns, N. F., C. B. Swain; Java, (Br.,) Mundy, Ragged Island, N. S., Brett, Son & Co.; Rainbow, (Br.,) Cassidy, Sydney, C. B., C. H. Trumbull & Co.; Helen, (Br.,) Wickmore, Barbados, Brett, Son & Co.; J. Crowe, (Br.,) Foster, St. Johns, N. F., H. J. & C. A. De Wolf; Clara, (Br.,) White, Maitland, N. S., J. F. Whitney & Co.; Magna Charta, (Br.,) ——, Harbor Grace, D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Bounding Billow, (Br.,) Dexter, Halifax, N. S., D. R. De Wolf.

Schooners Helen, Perry, Baltimore, Bentley, Smith & Co.; New-Jersey, Brown, Newbern, C. B. Dibble; Carrie, Davis, Arroyo, P. R., J. H. Woodhouse; Mary E. Mangam, Brundge, Norfolk, T. B. Chase & Co.; Aid, (Br.,) McCormick, Havana, F. F. Phillips; Maryland, Cathcart, Perth Amboy; J. G. Stout, Marks, Apalachicola, Benner & Brewn; Albert Fields, Pitts, Richmond, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Ethan Allen, Merill, Sag Harbor, H. S. Rackett & Son; Maria Pierson, Chamberlain, Jacksonville, Van Brunt & Slaght.

Sloop Aurora, Carpenter, Norwich, H. S. Rackett & Son.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Limerick, Jones, Liverpool Sept. 22, and Queenstown 23d, with mdse. and 414 passengers to John G. Eale. Sept. 27, lat. 50 54, lon. 32, exchanged numbers with Bremen ship Fayel, bound W. 29th, lat. 49 27, lat. 41 58, exchanged numbers with Br. ship Empire Queen, bound W. Oct. 3, lat. 43 03, lon. 61 13, exchanged numbers with steamship, bound E.

Steamship Hatteras, Parrish, Norfolk 24 hours, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co.

Steamship Yazoo, Couch, Richmond and Norfolk 24 hours, with mdse. and passengers to G. Heineken & Palmore.

Steamship Kingfisher, Aldridge, Baltimore 38 hours, with mdse. to J. B. Smull.

Steamship Lucy, Wheeler, Newbern, N. C., 56 hours, with cotton, &c., to Murray & Nephew.

Ship Milton, (of London,) Smith, Manila May 28, Angier July 13, with hemp to Brown Bros. & Co. Passed Cape of Good Hope Aug. 13; crossed the equator Sept. 9, in lon. 37 48; since have had light winds. June 4, spoke ship Conquest, from Manila for Boston, 12 ds. out. Aug. 1, lat. 28 54 S., lon. 55 30 E., exchanged signals with Br. bark Royal Albert, from Columbo for London. Aug. 14, lat. 31 42 S., lon. 15 10 E., signaled Fr. ship "Prefeldemanque," from Bombay for Havre de Grace, 63 ds. out. Aug. 15, lat. 50 51 S., lon. 15 30 E., signalized Br. ship "La Rue Blanche," from Calcutta for London, 79 ds. out. Aug. 19, lat. 27 02 S., lon. 7 30 E., spoke Dutch brig "Ana Maria," from Batavia for Amsterdam, 55 ds. out.

Bark Lochiel, (of Pictou, N. S.,) Graham, Buenos Ayres Aug. 1, with hides and wool to master.

Brig Alpha, Banks, Windsor, N. S., 8 ds., with plaster to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Brig Udola, Whittemore, Cow Bay 11 ds., with coal to Thompson & Hunter.

Brig Eureka, (of Shelburne, N. S.,) Williams, Sydney, C. B., 13 ds., with coal to Brett, Son & Co.

Brig John G., (Br.,) Johnson, Nassau, N. P., 14 ds., with mdse. to Jos. Eneas.

Brig Elba, (Br.,) Davidson, Windsor, N. S., with plaster to master.

Brig A. L. Peck, Peck, Lingan, with coal to A. Smithers & Co.

Brig Venus, (Br.,) McFadden, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Brig Chesapeake, ——, Newburyport, for Newburgh.

Schr. Volant, Cousins, Calais 8 ds., with lumber to C. & E. J. Peters.

Schr. Otis, Carle, Rockland, with lime to Wm. S. Brown.

Schr. S. P. Adams, Talbot, Lingan, C. B., 13 ds., with coal to Brett, Son & Co.

Schr. John A. Dix, Stone, Harwich, with fish to J. Nickerson & Co.

Schr. Mystery, Kelly, Gloucester, with fish to James Crowell & Son.

Schr. Cinderella, Dean, Wellfleet, with fish to Crowell & Payne.

Schr. Roscius, Markson, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Laduski, Smith, Sullivan, Me., with stone to Smith & Payne.

Schr. Eclipse, (Br.,) Copp, Shulee 8 ds., with spars to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Emma Furbish, Jones, Rockland, with lime to W. S. Brown.

Schr. N. Doane, Megathlin, Lingan 14 ds., with coal to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. H. W. Morse, Crowell, Gloucester, mackerel.

Schr. Andrew Peters, Murch, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Sarah, Clay, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Minnie Cobb, Ingraham, Rockland.

Schr. Martha, ——, Providence, with barrels.

Schr. Marietta, Hall, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Convert, West, Boston, for Albany.

Schr. Harriet Ryan, Smith, New-Bedford.

Schr. Sarah Gordon, ——, Pawtucket.

Schr. E. Davidson, ——, Harwich.

Schr. Banner, Colby, Calais, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Louisa, Hammil, Boston, with stone.

Schr. Glide, Lewis, Boston, for Albany.

Schr. Elm City, Kelley, Gloucester, with fish.

Schr. Northern Light, Ryder, New-Haven.

Schr. G. A. Hayden, Smith, Essex.

Schr. Eliza Hamilton, Allen, Wickford, R. I.

Schr. J. C. Roker, ——, Saco, Me., with spars.

Schr. Treasure, Palmer, Fall River.

Schr. A. Lincoln, Bentley, Wareham.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 5—Arr. steamers Wm. Kennedy, from Baltimore; Neptune, from New-York; Mary Sanford, do.; ship Brenda, from Liverpool; brig Nathl. Stevens, from Belize.

Spoken, &c.

Bombay—ship, from Bombay for Pernambuco, 65 ds. out, Aug. 30, lat. 13 46 S., lon. 17 43 W.

Edwin Forrest—Br. ship, Aug. 21, lat. 23 46 S., lon. 3 20 E.

Tigris—Br. schr., standing S. E., Sept. 25, lat. 30 20, lon. 37 30.

HIGGINS, SIXTH-AVENUE.
MAMMOTH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.
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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—Extra Class No. 573, Oct. 5, 1865.
67, 42, 19, 62, 50, 18, 22, 12, 65, 52, 40, 2.
KENTUCKY—Class No. 574, Oct. 5, 1865.
37, 73, 9, 15, 14, 57, 16, 70, 19, 33, 78, 10, 6, 54, 55.
SHELBY—Extra Class No. 473, Oct. 5, 1865.
5, 51, 2, 20, 50, 17, 27, 6, 66, 46, 13, 12.
SHELBY—Class No. 474, Oct. 5, 1865.
61, 20, 51, 4, 73, 69, 13, 48, 26, 49, 35, 22, 72, 3, 53.
Circulars sent free by addressing
JOSEPH BATES, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York.
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HOTELS.

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BOILER EXPLOSIONS.

The cause and remedy for steam boiler explosions will be discussed at a free meeting in rooms of the Science and Art Association, Cooper Institute, second floor, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.